



CLIMATE CHANGE AWARDS 2019

February 6, 2020






Centre for Science and Environment




Research and Advocacy

- Air
- Green Building
- Food safety
- Water
- Waste



Knowledge dissemination

- Down to Earth
- Publications



**Building capacity/
knowledge/
monitoring**

- AAETI
- Lab
- **Environment Education**

Environment Education Unit

- **Green Schools Programme (GSP)**
- University Programme





GSP Audit 2019

Awareness – Action – Impact – Monitor



➤ Air



➤ Energy



➤ Food



➤ Land



➤ Water



➤ Waste

29

6000+

68,000

172

states and 5 UTs participated in the GSP Audit

schools are part of the GSP Network

students, teaching and non-teaching staff participated in 2018-19

schools were rated green in 2018-19

1. Jammu and Kashmir

2015: 10/5 2017: 36/27
2016: 25/15 2018: 52/30

2. Uttarakhand

2015: 32/11 2017: 63/40
2016: 49/17 2018: 70/44

3. Punjab

2015: 321/122 2017: 304/78
2016: 459/96 2018: 393/118

4. Chandigarh

2015: 10/3 2017: 10/6
2016: 14/4 2018: 10/7

5. Haryana

2015: 29/19 2017: 111/45
2016: 374/42 2018: 301/60

6. Himachal Pradesh

2015: 87/42 2017: 268/135
2016: 75/18 2018: 372/117

7. Delhi

2015: 94/54 2017: 114/48
2016: 120/62 2018: 179/68

8. Rajasthan

2015: 60/24 2017: 147/87
2016: 91/45 2018: 181/77

9. Gujarat

2015: 13/5 2017: 43/18
2016: 30/13 2018: 66/32

10. Dadra and Nagar Haveli

2015: 0/0 2017: 1/0
2016: 1/1 2018: 2/0

11. Madhya Pradesh

2015: 43/19 2017: 116/57
2016: 90/42 2018: 153/95

12. Daman and Diu

2018: 1/0

13. Maharashtra

2015: 36/16 2017: 99/53
2016: 80/44 2018: 126/73

14. Goa

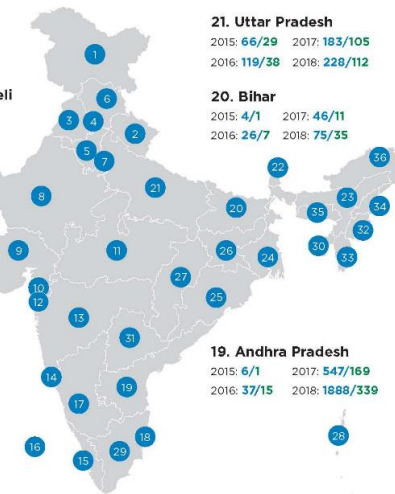
2015: 1/0 2017: 10/3
2016: 4/2 2018: 12/7

15. Kerala

2015: 13/5 2017: 61/34
2016: 68/21 2018: 89/46

16. Lakshadweep

2015: 1/0 2017: 0/0
2016: 1/0 2018: 2/1



21. Uttar Pradesh

2015: 66/29 2017: 183/105
2016: 119/39 2018: 228/112

20. Bihar

2015: 4/1 2017: 46/11
2016: 26/7 2018: 75/35

19. Andhra Pradesh

2015: 6/1 2017: 547/169
2016: 37/15 2018: 1888/339

18. Puducherry

2015: 0/0 2017: 2/0
2016: 1/0 2018: 7/5

22. Sikkim

2015: 149/64 2017: 164/63
2016: 156/77 2018: 183/19

23. Assam

2015: 19/8 2017: 40/17
2016: 34/15 2018: 56/26

24. West Bengal

2015: 7/5 2017: 46/16
2016: 25/8 2018: 89/59

25. Odisha

2015: 310/65 2017: 144/18
2016: 366/35 2018: 169/35

26. Jharkhand

2015: 13/4 2017: 23/8
2016: 24/6 2018: 60/29

27. Chhattisgarh

2015: 6/4 2017: 27/15
2016: 28/13 2018: 36/23

28. Andaman and Nicobar

2017: 2/0 2018: 4/2

36. Arunachal Pradesh

2015: 2/0 2017: 8/1
2016: 4/2 2018: 14/5

35. Meghalaya

2015: 1/0 2017: 5/3
2016: 4/3 2018: 9/6

34. Nagaland

2015: 1/0 2017: 2/0
2016: 1/0 2018: 6/4

33. Mizoram

2015: 2/0 2017: 6/5
2016: 5/3 2018: 8/7

32. Manipur

2015: 4/3 2017: 8/3
2016: 7/3 2018: 10/6

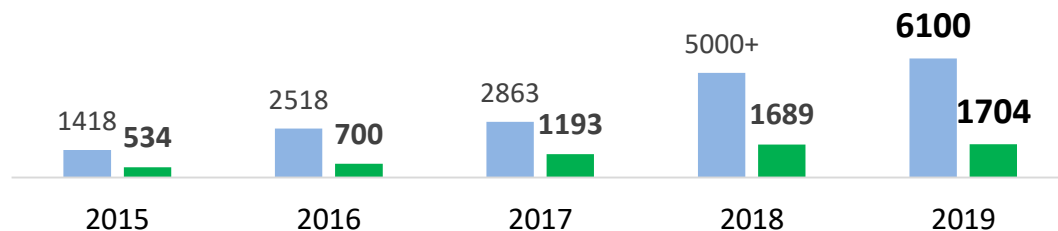
31. Telangana

2015: 12/6 2017: 56/33
2016: 38/18 2018: 129/40

Graphics: Ritika Bohra/ GT

■ Registrations

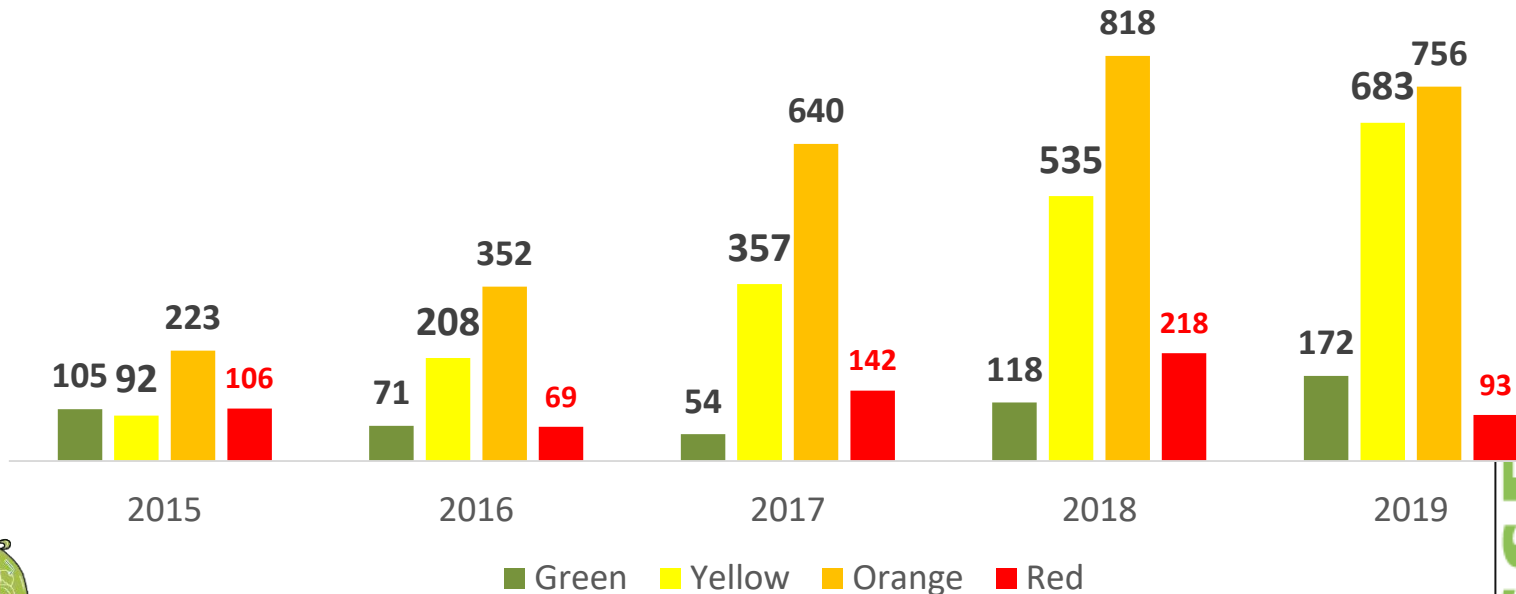
■ Submissions

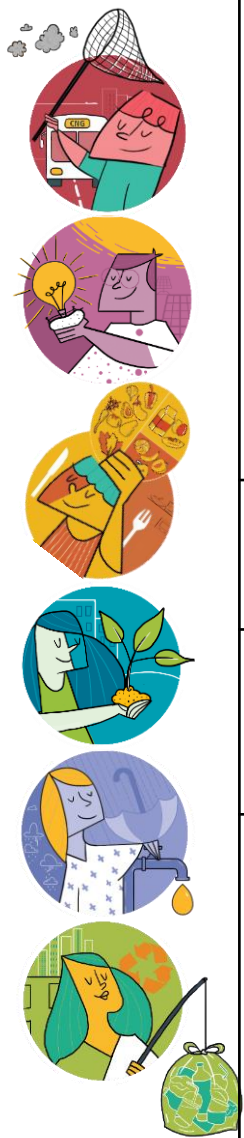




GSP Snapshot – Category wise

Category	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Green (70% and above)	105	71	54	118	172
Yellow (50%-69.9%)	92	208	357	535	683
Orange (35%-49.9%)	223	352	640	818	756
Red (below 34.9%)	106	69	142	218	93
Total submissions	526	700	1193	1689	1704





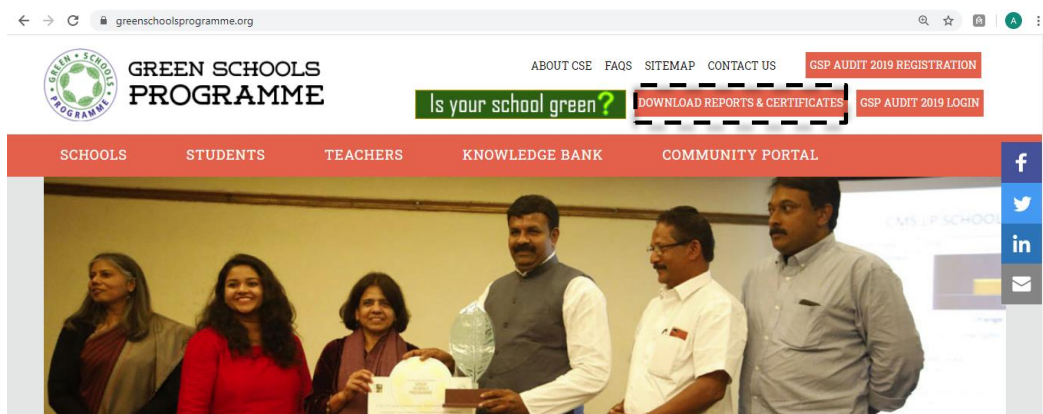
AUDIT SECTION: ENERGY

1.	Topic	Conventional Renewable Energy: Biomass
2.	Grade	10
3.	Learning Objectives	<p>Students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Classify conventional sources of renewable energy - Describe the functioning of a conventional source – biogas - Explain how conventional energy sources can help in waste management - Assess the impacts of using renewable energy on the environment
4.	Classroom Teaching	Chapter 14: Sources of Energy Grade 10, NCERT Science Textbook
5.	Teaching-Learning Resources	Video: Sources on Energy (Conventional and Non-Conventional) PowerPoint Presentation
6.	Corresponding GSP Audit Exercise	<p>Does your school use any non-solar source of renewable energy?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Different types of biomass used by the school - Purpose for which biogas is used - Amount of waste utilized by the biogas plant





For schools in GSP network



**DOWNLOAD
REPORTS AND
CERTIFICATES**



- Digital Certificate
- Response Report

- School Dashboard
- Performance Report





Green Schools Programme 2019-20

- GSP Air Pollution sensitisation initiative
- GSP Renewable Energy sensitisation initiative
- Resource Material and content for schools
- Teacher professional development
- GSP Audit 2019





Air Pollution Sensitisation Initiative

Let's Clear the Air on Air



Residential seminar: Air Pollution and Health Impact on Children

- Included classroom sessions and activities
- Field excursion to CPCB, Delhi
- Survey on status of awareness





Renewable Energy Sensitisation Initiative – Solar on Schools

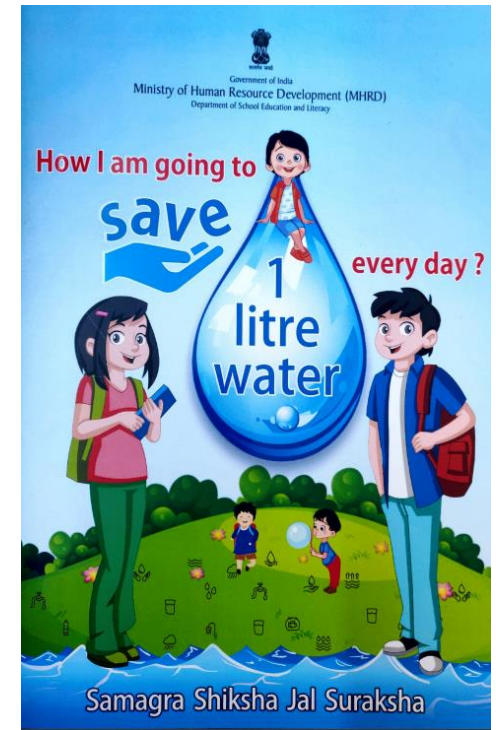
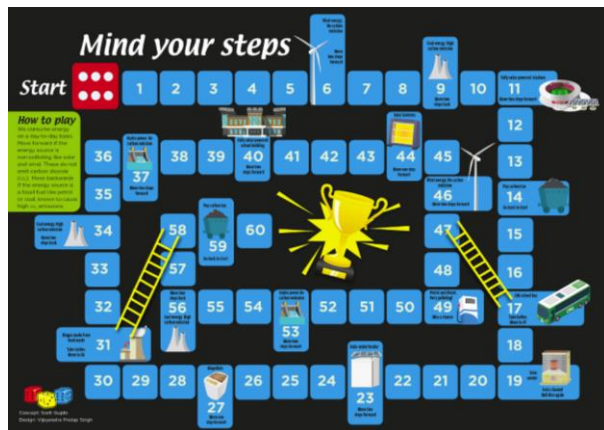
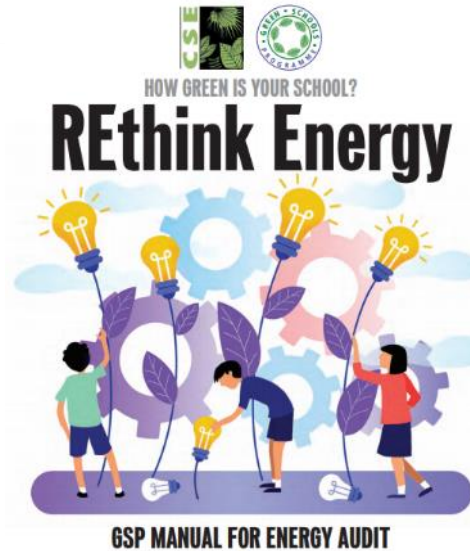


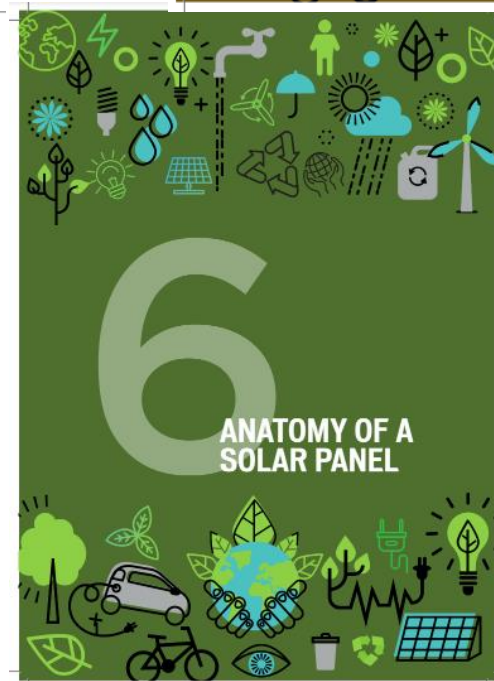
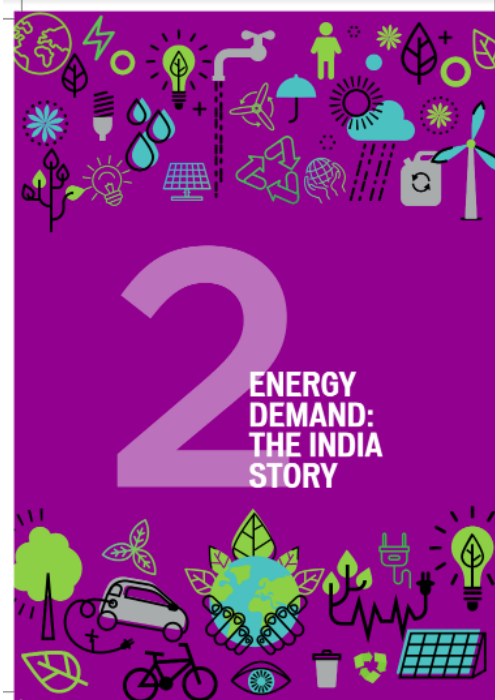
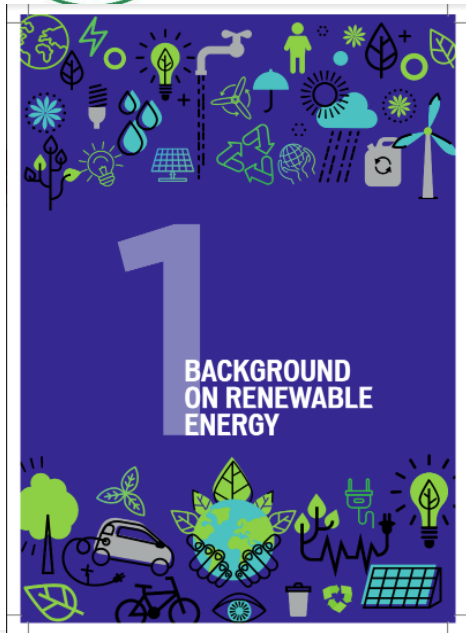
- Partnered with Himachal Pradesh Council for Science, Technology and Environment (HIMCOSTE)
- [Workshop and excursion for teachers](#) (Shimla)
- [Science Fair for children](#) (Bilaspur)





Material and content for schools







GSP Audit 2019 Report card - 1

Of the total 1704 schools who submitted the GSP Audit 2019

- 61 per cent rural schools
- 69 per cent government schools
- 96 per cent schools are co-education category
- 89 per cent day scholar schools





GSP Audit 2019 Report card - 2

- 1349 schools do not use or own vehicles
- 24 per cent (403) schools use only SMV and NPT
- Energy: 11 per cent (193) schools have alternative source of energy; 8 per cent schools have their 75 per cent energy needs met by solar and biogas
- 66 per cent (1132) schools have reported use of energy efficient lighting
- 315 schools sell packaged foods; 32 per cent schools STILL distribute packaged foods as refreshments
- 65 per cent schools have more than 30 per cent green cover; pesticide usage is minimal
- Only six per cent schools per capita per day consumption of water within range
- 79 per cent schools use ground water, while only 29 per cent of these recharge
- Overall, 48 per cent (818) schools have RWH systems, though only 60 schools have filter units
- 82 per cent schools segregate waste; 56 per cent schools compost wet waste
- 37 per cent schools burn waste, half of these burn inside the school





Changemakers





YELLOW TO GREEN

Montfort Valley Sr. Sec. School, Murickumthotty, Idukki, Kerala

	2017	2018	2019
Air: Vehicle ownership	School Owned	Combination of school owned and operator owned	Shifted to operator-owned vehicles
Air: Mobility	1 per cent	5 per cent	Increased to 7 per cent as 12 more students now walk to school, rest all use SMV
Energy:	Incandescent bulbs in use	3902 MJ	1735 MJ; energy saving measures such as using only smart class as against all 19 classes; 20 old monitors replaced by efficient LED monitors; 25 old bulbs replaced by LEDs





YELLOW TO GREEN

Montfort Valley Sr. Sec. School,
Murickumthotty, Idukki, Kerala



	2017	2018	2019
Energy: Use of Renewable Energy source	No RE	No RE	Started using Solar water heater, biogas for tea and cooking for management
Food	No distribution of packaged foods	No distribution of packaged foods	Started a vegetable garden No distribution of packaged foods
Land: Green area	11 per cent	27 per cent	50 per cent New 3 acre land added to the school area for plantation purpose
Land: other measures		No chemical pesticide used	Distribution of seeds; Slurry from biogas plant and compost used for improving soil fertility



YELLOW TO GREEN

Montfort Valley Sr. Sec. School, Murickumthotty, Idukki, Kerala



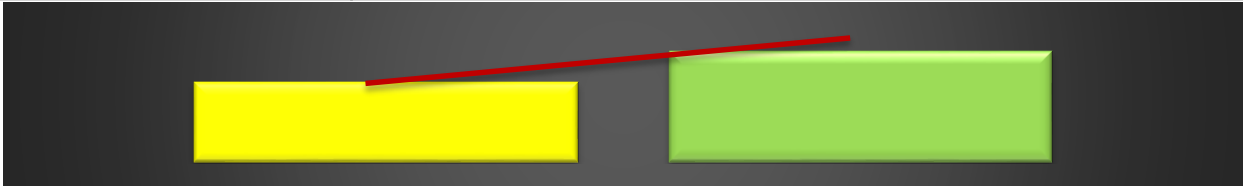
	2017	2018	2019
Land: Number of plant species	100	550	775 (With new area added)
Water	Absent	Absent	Started rain water harvesting
Waste	Burns waste	Stopped burning waste	Stopped burning waste
Waste: Segregation of waste at source	Absent	Started waste segregation at source	Segregation at source improved, separate food bins
Waste: Other initiatives started this year	Absent	Absent	Started segregating pens separately, for reuse – 3 kg; E-waste given to the authorised dealer; Plastic waste sold to Panchayat



PRIMARY SCHOOL: YELLOW TO GREEN

Satya Bharti School Bari Khas, Shahjahanpur, Uttar Pradesh

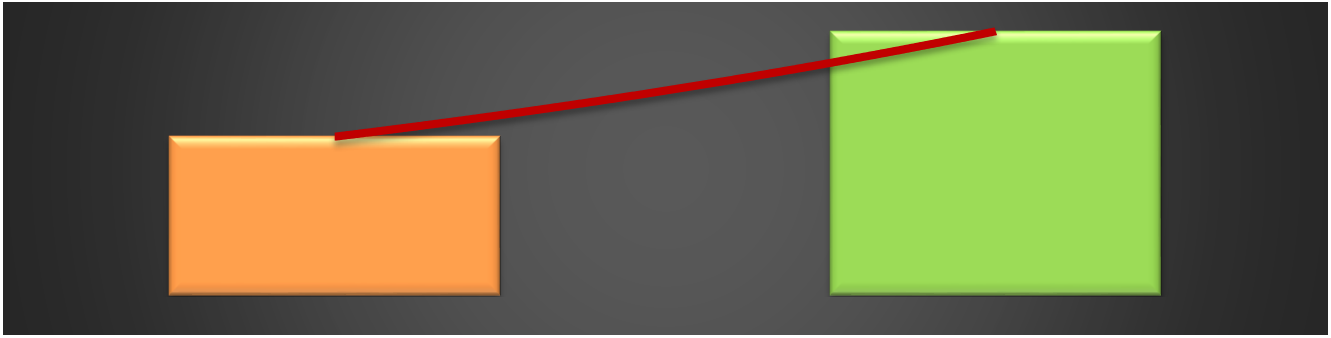


GSP Audit	2018	2019
		
Air	All students use NPT	All students use NPT
Energy	Started using energy efficient lighting	Complete shift to energy efficient LED bulbs, eight in total in school
Food	UPPF in school	Stopped giving packaged food to the students; midday meal served
Land	147 plants	Number of plants increased to 478
Water		Rain water harvesting started in unpaved area
Waste		Waste collection points increased from 16 to 31; two bins from 3 to 15; one bin decreased from 11 to 5; stopped burning of



ORANGE TO GREEN

Government Senior Secondary School Chail, Solan, Himachal Pradesh

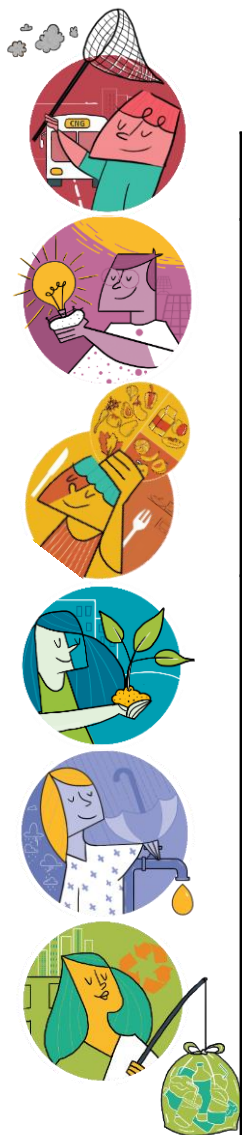
GSP Audit	2018	2019
		
Energy	850 kWh	163 kWh; 80 per cent reduction in energy consumption - 40 LED lights installed; solar also installed – 40 kWh monthly average consumption; off-grid; Maintenance - wet cleaning
Land: green area	30 per cent	15 per cent increase; sapling drive initiated by students both in campus and neighbouring village; plants brought through schemes such as Mukhyamantri Harit Vidyalaya scheme; native species also planted by students





ORANGE TO GREEN

Government Senior Secondary School Chail, Solan, Himachal Pradesh



GSP Audit	2018	2019
Water	Load on ablution taps: 245	Load decreased on ablution taps to 28: taps constructed by school near stage; six RO in MDM kitchen - waste water of which is being collected in a tank and used for gardening, mopping of floors, etc.
Waste	Housekeeping segregated Waste; did not compost wet waste; horticulture waste burnt	Students segregate now; Mixed bins have been eliminated; Separate bins installed: two-bin increased (8 to 38); three-bins increased (0 to 5); collection points increased from 39 to 43; Composting started for horticulture waste that was previously burnt - 20 kg compost generated from 55 kg biodegradable waste using natural composting method without added microbes



ORANGE TO YELLOW

Shivalik Valley Public School, Solan, Himachal Pradesh

GSP Audit	2018	2019
Air: Mobility	SMV: 73 per cent NPT: 23 per cent	NPT per cent increased from 21 per cent to 31 per cent
Air: Diesel Consumption	64960 Litres	Decreased to 47219 Litres by cutting down additional school trips, strict monitoring by teachers, rerouting and phasing out old bus
Energy	No RE	Solar panels of 20 KW installed in the school. School is getting ZERO electricity bill now





ORANGE TO YELLOW

Shivalik Valley Public School, Solan, Himachal Pradesh



GSP Audit	2018	2019
Food	Packaged Food - Yes	Only traditional foods like steamed rice balls, Vada served; stopped packaged food and junk food distribution in the functions
Land: Green Area	64 per cent	Creation of plantation on wasteland, with 117 plants in a small area of 1440 feet. The area has become dense in a short span of time and is now a home to a large number of birds and animals Green area increased to 79 per cent
Water	RWH Absent	Started rainwater harvesting, also started recycling white wastewater this year by filter and used for gardening
Waste	One bin	Started with two and three bin system in the school; every class now has two-bin system in the school



BEST NEW ENTRANT GREEN

Adhyapana School, Madurai, Tamil Nadu



- **Air:** Well-ventilated classrooms – WFR 40 per cent
- **Food:** No packaged food consumption in school Jigarthanda – Madurai's famous traditional beverage- made hygienically and served fresh



- **Land:** Green cover is 45 per cent, vertical gardening, 472 trees, 884 plants and 72 creepers planted



- **Water:** Wastewater is recycled; used for gardening and other domestic purposes; STP



- **Waste:** 150 kg of wet waste recycled using composting machine. Organic manure produced per month. 80 per cent of dry waste also recycled in the last year.





BEST NEW ENTRANT GREEN

Govt Sr. Sec. School Kujji, Sirmaur, Himachal Pradesh



- **Air:** Low carbon footprint—over 90 per cent use non-polluting mode of transport



- **Energy:** Energy efficient lighting – 8 LEDs and 10



- **Food:** Nutritious mid-day meal served to students; no packaged and processed foods allowed in school



- **Land:** Green cover more than 80 per cent; rich in biodiversity
- **Water:** Rainwater harvesting upto 20 percent; The RWH structure has filters and soak pits that are cleaned regularly



- **Waste:** 2-bin system an 3 bin system for segregation at source; 10 kg compost generated per month; paper waste given to local *kabadiwala*, Awareness drives organised in campus





Category Awards

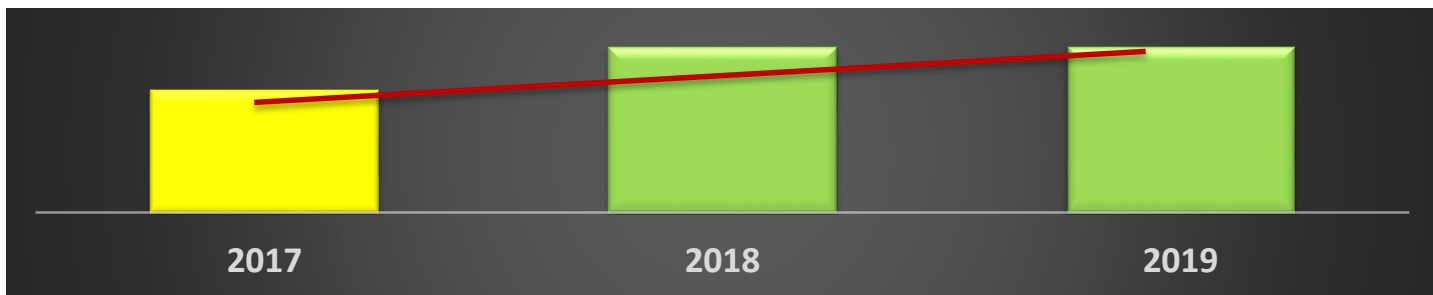




AIR

ZPHS Gopalakrishnapuram, Chittoor, Andhra Pradesh

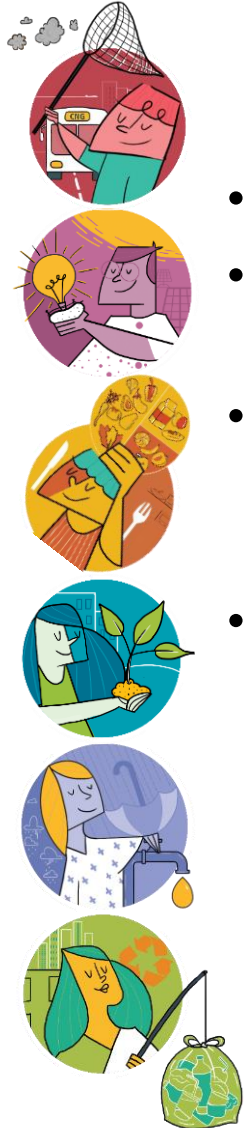
- WFR 27.29 per cent; School does not own vehicles; Use of NPT increased from 54 per cent to 81 per cent
- Number of students who cycle or walk within 2 kms distance has increased from 54 to 81
- For cooking, usage of LPG has improved with wood used only when LPG not supplied
- Green area – increased from 21 per cent to 88 per cent through plantation drive by Andhra Pradesh Forest Department under Van Mahotsav this year



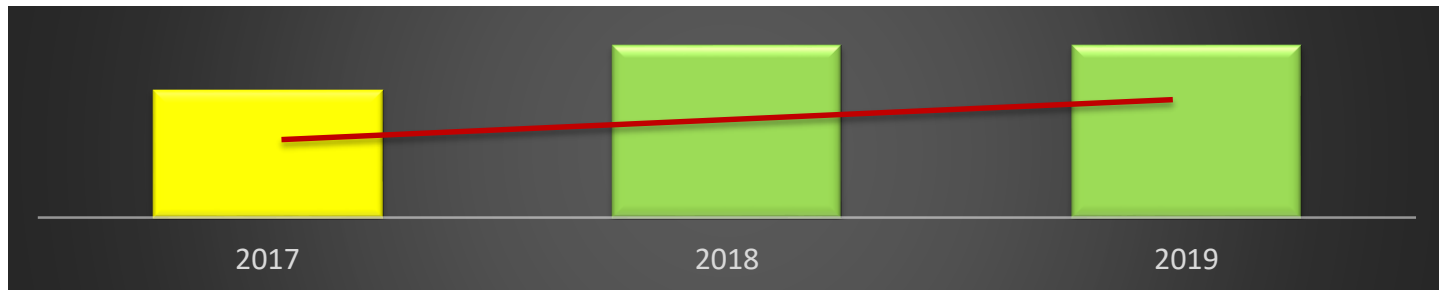


ENERGY

Kendriya Vidyalaya, Fatehgarh Sahib RU, Punjab



- Solar installed (10KWp), on grid (gross metering)
- In spite of increase in number of classrooms, electricity bill decreased by 3 per cent due to solar energy usage
- Energy efficient lighting increased from 35 to 69 per cent with increase in CFL from 5 to 15, LEDs from 50 to 100 and reduction in conventional tubelights by half
- Sensor-based lighting installed in all classrooms



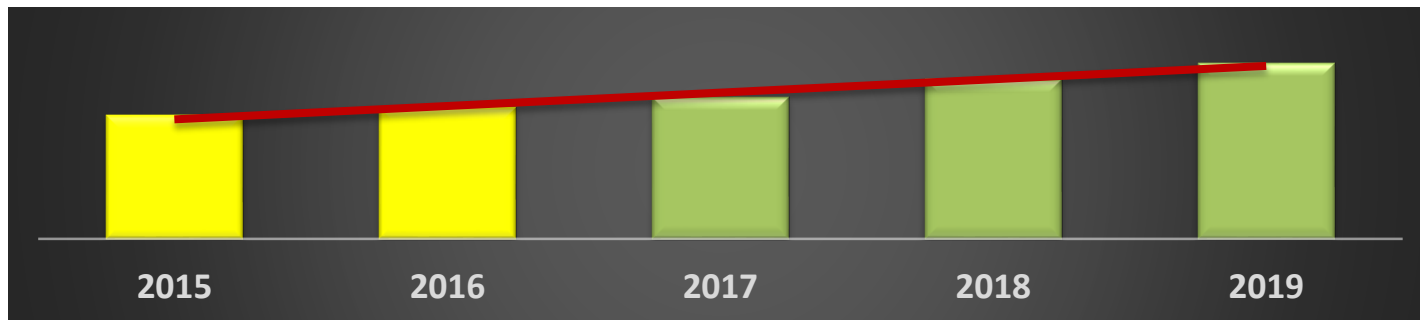


FOOD

Sachdeva Global School, Delhi



- Completely stopped distribution of packaged food in school campus.
- Mid day meal is provided to students. Only whole grain cereals like wheat etc, are encouraged and use of maida is discouraged
- Completely eliminated plastic from the canteen. The students are served mid day meal in steel plates
- School's food policy categorises food as per government norms. Strictly follow the traffic light chart of Green, Amber and Red colour choices of food items
- Support and follow special themes like Heart week, Fruit week and Veg week by producing relevant healthy food options

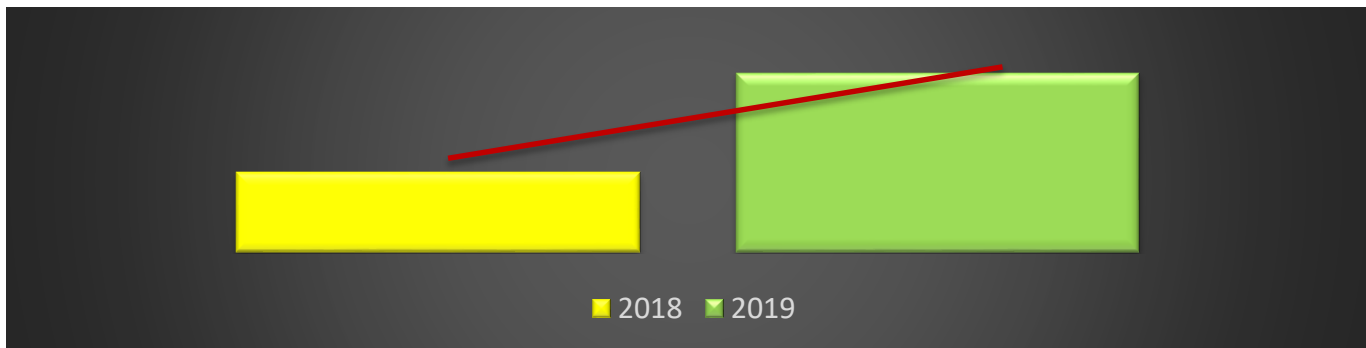




LAND

GHS Dugha, Hamirpur, Himachal Pradesh

- Total green area increased to 65 per cent in the last year; plantation carried out in school
- Number of plants increased from 400 to 1100 and animals 6 to 25
- Plants are watered using surface water, rainwater as a source of water
- Compost generated (4 kg per month) from school used for gardening purpose

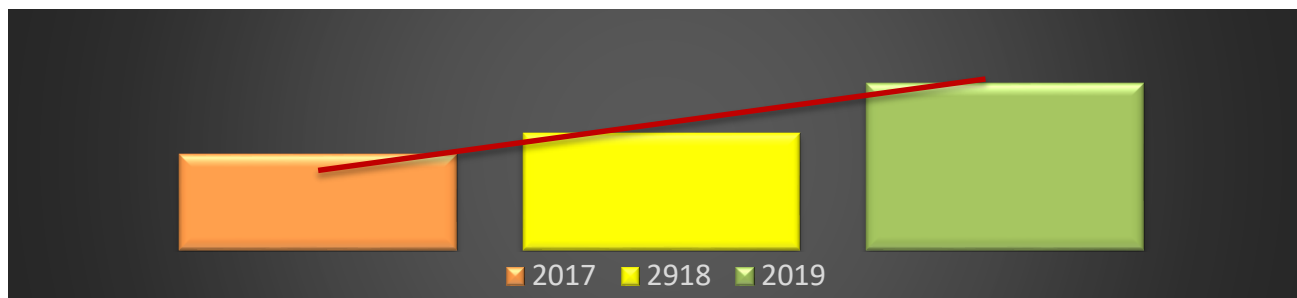




WASTE







Kendriya Vidyalaya Baikunthpur, Koriya, Chattisgarh

- School came up with a waste policy
- Waste segregation at source started after 2018. Yellow and Pink dustbins introduced for paper and plastic waste segregation
- Number of of two bins increased from 9 to 12, and three bins from 0 to 17 in class rooms and corridors
- Waste recycling increased as now all the wet waste (20 kg) dry waste (paper and plastic waste weighing 260 kg) is recycled
- Started composting this year with 5 kg compost produced per month
- Textbook recycling: 287 students gifted 1134 books as a part of Pustakoupchar initiative of Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan





Best Partner: State and District



	Total number of Registration	Total number of submission	Total number of green schools
State:			
Andhra Pradesh	2124	341	22
District:			
Chittoor	478	189	16



CLIMATE CHANGE AWARDS 2019



Green in a Row





Bal Bharati Public School, Gurgaon, Haryana



- Air: WFR 27 per cent; School owned vehicles to operator owned vehicles; 98 per cent school population takes SMV and NPT
- Energy: Energy efficient lighting increased from 144 to 298 LED bulbs, has solar energy
- Food: Students bring own lunch, no packaged food distribution; 'Gift a plant' initiative on birthdays
- Land: Green cover increased from 21 to 41 per cent; 600 trees planted by community and students
- Water: Rainwater harvesting in school, water conservation measures like spill proof taps, drip irrigation, etc, **students bring drinking water from home**
- Waste: 97 per cent waste recycled; adopted a village on cleanliness campaign under the best from waste initiative; plants in waste plastic bottles





Bal Bharati Public School, Noida



- Air: SMV 82 per cent and NPT 14 per cent, school owned and operator owned vehicles, out of 7 buses 6 are running on CNG. 44 per cent WFR
- Energy: Conventional lights replaced by CFL or LED; Solar energy used



- Food: No provision to sell packaged food in the school
- Water: Water out of sink reused for gardening, cleaning /mopping floors and wiping black boards. Waste water from R.O. system is used for flushing



- Waste: Waste segregation at source (61 two bins, four three bins)



- complete ban of plastics particularly single use plastics
- 73 per cent of total waste recycled last year (total waste 146 Kg, recycled 107 Kg)





East Point School, Delhi



- Energy: Number of LEDs increased from 13 to 102; conventional tubelights phased out; 46 kW SRT installed in school using subsidy



- Food: Mid day meal for juniors; others bring home-made food or buy traditional food items from canteen (*Pav Bhaji, Kadi Chawal, Sewai*)



- Water: Per capita water consumption within range since 2018, new taps installed in junior block – saved 100 L per month by stopping leakage; RWH that recharges; Think Green period and water footprint diary continues



- Waste: 20 kg compost produced out of 150 kg biodegradable waste; paper waste – 20 out of 25 kg recycled in paper recycling machine at school; E-waste – given to authorised dealer (10 kg)





Gyanodaya Vidya Mandir, Damoh, Madhya Pradesh



- Air: WFR increased from 13 to 16, with construction of four new class rooms; Have air quality monitoring system in school



- Energy: Energy efficient appliances are used in school; Have distributed solar energy in the rural area



- Food: No packaged food distribution in school, students bring home cooked food



- Land: Maintained 70 per cent green cover
- Water: Introduced recharge filter unit in 2017 and have 100 per cent school area under RWH and recycles all the waste water



- Waste: Segregation of waste at source, wet waste is composted with 400 kg of compost generation per month; E-waste (1320 kg) given to the authorised dealer





Motilal School of Sports, Rai, Sonipat, Haryana



- Energy: 150 Solar panels installed in 2018, electricity consumption from board decreased from 44440 units to 11635 kWh; 250 conventional tubelights replaced by LEDs – tubelights decreased from 272 to 50; Energy policy introduced in school



- Water: Five RWH systems since 2017 with sand gravel filter; float valves installed; wastewater recycled in STP since eight years and used in irrigation



- Waste: Two bins increased from 11 to 36, notebooks reused, has two compost pits, 100 kg compost generated per month; kitchen waste goes to piggeries; paper waste other than being reused, sold to dealers for making envelopes





Mount Litera Zee School, Jamshedpur, Jharkhand



- Energy: Introduced Solar as an alternate source of energy in the last year; 81 per cent (435) lights LED



- Food: Stopped packaged food distribution since 2016



- Land: Increased plant from 111 to 900 in last 4 years with 27 per cent area



- Water: Using rainwater as a source since 2016, 60 per cent area is harvested; Load on DWT (50), ablution taps (24) and water closet (19) is within range; White wastewater is used for gardening, etc; wastewater from R.O. system is used for flushing



- Waste: 94 per cent of total waste recycled last year (total waste 69 Kg, recycled 64 Kg); waste segregation at source with two and three bin system in the classes (two bin – 59, three bin – 15)





Salwan Public School, Signature City, Ghaziabad



- Air: 21 per cent WFR; seven school-run buses on CNG
- Energy: 75 per cent energy efficient lighting - 425 LEDs
- Land: Small herbal garden and nursery started, bio pesticide used (mixture of Neem leaves and fruit, water and lassi)
- Water: RWH strengthened after GSP team visit last year - three tanks installed for recharge with sand gravel and charcoal filter and charcoal filter; RO wastewater reused - 150 Litres in cleaning utensils, 25 Litres paper recycling unit, rest 25 litres (collected in a separate bucket) in a simple underground recharge of water
- Waste: Composting water hyacinth – 500 kg compost out of 8125 kg biodegradable waste (including horticulture); E-waste and paper waste recycled; cloth bag initiative



St. George's School, South Delhi, Delhi

- Air: WFR – 30.56 per cent; three school owned buses and 5 hired buses (all run on CNG)
- Water: RWH system installed, 61 to 70 per cent rain water harvested; three groundwater recharge structures, with filter unit placed before recharge system
- Composting continues: 10 Kg compost generated per month from biodegradable waste (no cooked food waste since students bring home-made lunch)





St. Edmund's School, Jaipur, Rajasthan



- Air: 26 per cent WFR; does not use or own vehicles since 2017. SMV: 59 per cent and NPT 39 per cent



- Energy: Using solar energy since 2016; Energy efficient light
- Land: Increased plants from 42 to 235 in last 4 years with 39 per cent green area



- Water: Rainwater as a source since 2017, 70 per cent area harvested; load on DWT (23), ablution tap (40) and water closet (23) is within range



- Waste: 94 per cent of total waste recycled last year (total waste 69 Kg, recycled 64 Kg)



- Only two and three bin system in the school (two bin – 144, three bin – 02)





The Pinnacle School, Delhi

- Air: WFR – 16 per cent
- Energy: Energy efficient lighting increased - CFL – 19 to 20, LED – 5 to 7 to 20 over the years, while tubelights decreased from 75 to 70; solar installed in 2017 – 10 kW
- Food: Discontinued packaged food items since July
- Water: RWH system maintained – for recharging groundwater, cleaned pre-monsoon (during summer breaks)





Delhi

- G.D.GOENKA PUBLIC SCHOOL,DWARKA
- GURU NANAK PUBLIC SCHOOL
- GYAN MANDIR PUBLIC SCHOOL
- Katha Lab School
- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA KESHAVPURAM SHIFT 1
- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA KESHAVPURAM SHIFT -II
- MANAVA BHARATI INDIA INTERNATIONAL
- MOTHER'S GLOBAL SCHOOL
- SALWAN PUBLIC SCHOOL
- SARDAR PATEL VIDYALAYA

Next in Line: Goa and
Haryana



Goa and Haryana

- ST. JOSEPH'S HIGH SCHOOL, GOA
- ASHOK MEMORIAL PUBLIC SCHOOL
- D.A.V. CENTENARY PUBLIC SCHOOL, TOHANA
- DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL SECTOR 14
- GD GOENKA WORLD SCHOOL
- JAWAHAR NAVODAYA VIDYALAYA BAI
- KV3 AMBALA CANTT.
- SHIV NADAR SCHOOL
- SWARNPRASTHA PUBLIC SCHOOL

Next in Line: Himachal Pradesh,
Karnataka and Kerala





Himachal Pradesh, Karnataka and Kerala

- GHS DANGHEEL
- GHS DHARON KI DHAR
- MRADAV PUBLIC SCHOOL SOLAN
- PINEGROVE SCHOOL
- ST.LUKE'S SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL.
- EXCEL PUBLIC SCHOOL
- SRI SIDDHIVINAYAKA RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL
- CMS LP SCHOOL,ENNOORAMVAYAL

Next in Line: Madhya Pradesh





Madhya Pradesh

- CHOITHRAM INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL
- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA , 1 STC, SADAR CANTT, JABALPUR
- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA CHHATARPUR
- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA V.F.JABALPUR
- KV NO 2 GCF JABALPUR
- KV NOWROZABAD
- NEW DIGAMBER PUBLIC SCHOOL
- SHRI RAM CENTENNIAL SCHOOL

Next in Line: Maharashtra, Punjab
and Rajasthan





Maharashtra, Punjab and Rajasthan

- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA BSF CHAKUR
- SACRED HEART SCHOOL
- DAV INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL, AMRITSAR
- DELHI PUBLIC SCHOOL
- SATYA BHARTI SCHOOL MITHEWAL
- SEABA INTERNATIONAL PUBLIC SCHOOL
- THE MILLENNIUM SCHOOL
- SUBODH PUBLIC SCHOOL, NEAR AIRPORT
- THE FABINDIA SCHOOL

Next in Line: Tamil Nadu and
Telangana





Tamil Nadu and Telangana

- JAIN PUBLIC SCHOOL
- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NAGERCOIL
- MAHINDRA WORLD SCHOOL
- O.C.P.M. GIRLS' HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL
- R.M.K RESIDENTIAL SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL, KAVARAIPETTAI
- T I MATRICULATION HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOL
- VKM VIDHAYALA SENIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL
- DRS INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL
- NALLA MALLA REDDY FOUNDATION SCHOOL

Next in Line Uttar Pradesh





Uttar Pradesh

- AMITY INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL SECTOR 6 VASUNDHARA
- BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, BRIJ VIHAR, GHAZIABAD
- DPS RN EXTENSION
- FR. AGNEL SCHOOL
- INDIRAPURAM PUBLIC SCHOOL, CROSSINGS REPUBLIK
- INDIRAPURAM PUBLIC SCHOOL, PRATAP VIHAR
- KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO.2 JHANSI CANTT
- MONTFORT INTER COLLEGE
- PRAGYAN SCHOOL
- RAGHAV GLOBAL SCHOOL
- SHIV NADAR SCHOOL, NOIDA
- THE SHRIRAM MILLENNIUM SCHOOL, NOIDA

Next in Line: Andhra Pradesh



Andhra Pradesh

- BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVANS RESIDENTIAL PUBLIC SCHOOL
- KGBV KVB PURAM
- KVCR ZPHS ROYALAPETA
- Z P HIGH SCHOOL TAMIL PUTTUR
- Z. P. HIGH SCHOOL ANJUR
- Z.P.HIGH SCHOOL ,BASINIKONDA
- Z.P.HIGH SCHOOL, PATHI KONDA
- ZPH.SCHOOL KANIPAKAM
- ZPHS MADANAPALEM
- ZPHS VEMPADU
- ZPHS, B.N.KANDRIGA



CLIMATE CHANGE AWARDS 2019

Thank you!