

The International Water Security Network

A five year (2013-2018) programme funded by Lloyd's Register Foundation

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Udall Center for Studies in Public Policy Overall aims of this project are threefold:

- To continue the long-term process of building a world class science base for issues related particularly to urban and regional water security including transboundary water governance, public participation, water sensitive urban design, water quality management, socio-legal innovations, public and popular education, etc.
- To foster stronger links between and among consortium members, who are already recognised as regional centres of excellence in various aspects of water management, as well as second order links to allied consortia (a "network of networks")
- To train up a cadre of 40+ new postgraduates (MSc & PhD) with specialisms in key areas of water security



An interdisciplinary team:

- Geographers (physical & human)
- Civil engineers
- Atmospheric scientists
- Legal scholars
- Hydrologists

- Urban design and planning
- Ecologists
- Modellers
- Bio & microsensing for urban water management

A team that reaches beyond the academy:

- Strong links to worlds of industrial and regulatory practice
- A "network of networks"



The partner institutions

The University of the West of England (UWE), Bristol, UK

United Context Public Dates

- Monash University South Africa (MSA), Johannesburg
- The University of Arizona (UA)

IWSN activities and principals

Project Management (UWE)

- Chad Staddon, IWSN Project Director
- Enda Hayes, Project Manager

Towards Urban Water Security (UWE)

- Chad Staddon, Principal Investigator
- Enda Hayes, Co-Principal Investigator

Strengthening Transboundary Water Security (UA)

- Robert G. Varady, Principal Investigator
- Christopher A. Scott, Co-Principal Investigator

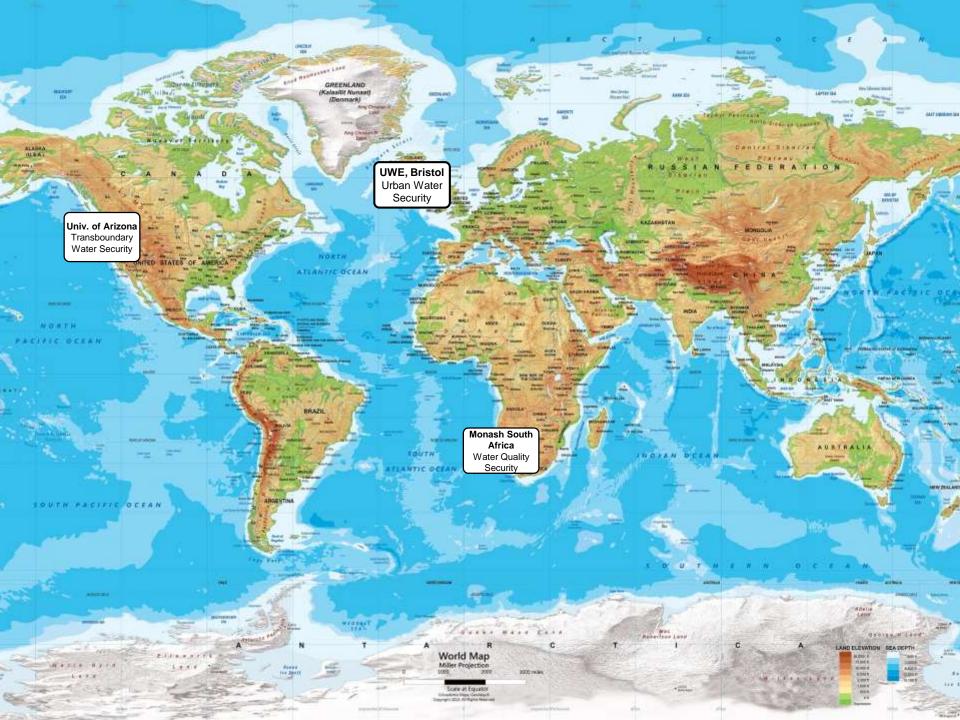
Improving Water Quality Security (MSA)

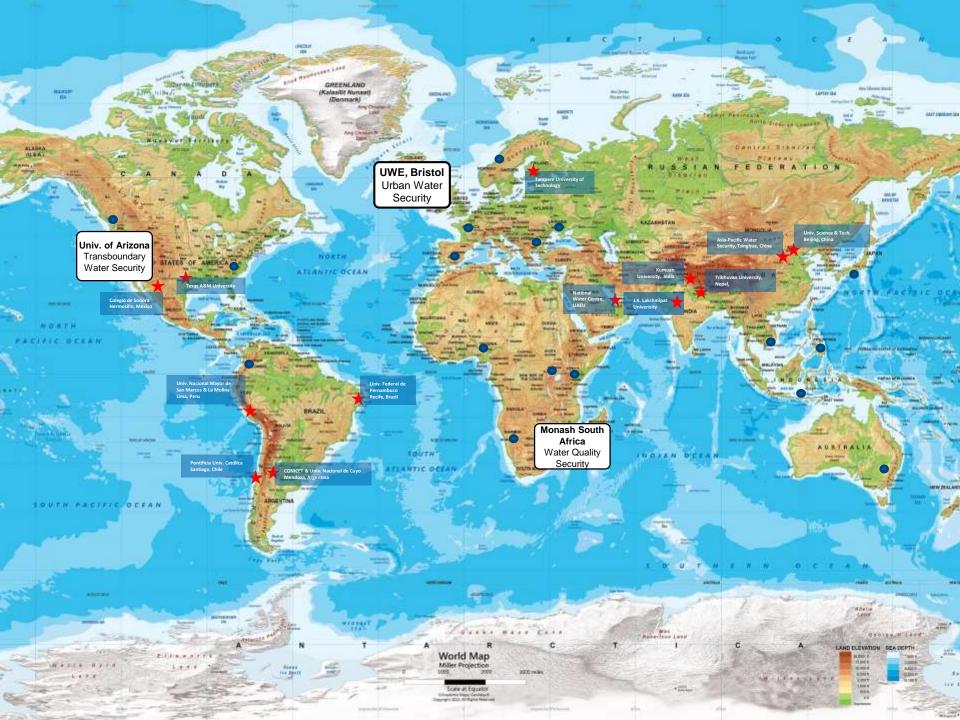
Bimo Nkhata, Principal Investigator











International Water Security Network

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International Water Security Network

Water security is defined by the UN as "the capacity of a population to safeguard sustainable access to adequate quantities of and acceptable quality water for sustaining livelihoods, human well-being, and socio-economic development, for ensuring protection against water-borne pollution and water-related disasters, and for preserving ecosystems in a climate of peace and political stability."

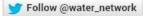
Water security is an ever more important global issue, of relevance and importance to individuals, businesses, governments and organisations.

Latest news

application of research.

The Rugyeyo water tap IWSN visits Reno to discuss mountain water towers The marvel of drinking water IWSN on the move in South America Introducing Rossi Taboada

This project is funded by **Lloyd's Register** Foundation, a charitable foundation helping to protect life and property by supporting engineeringrelated education, public engagement and the





WP 2: Urban Water Security

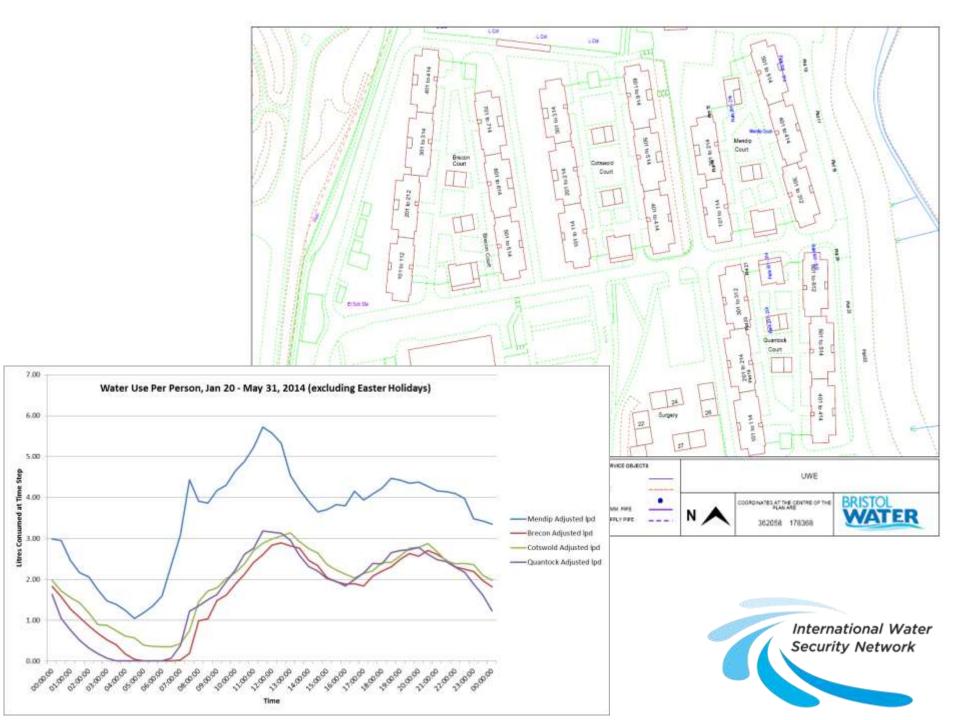
Work Strand 2.1 – Urban Water Services

Work Strand 2.2 – Inshore and Intertidal Marine Environments

Work Strand 2.3 – The Water-Energy-Carbon Nexus

Work Strand 2.4 – UWE Global Water Security Programme





International Water Security Network

Partnerships for the Coast

By: Natasha Bradshaw on 8th Dec 2015

In many countries, there tends to be a higher concentration of people living at or near the coast. The UK coastline is extensive, around 18,000km bordering two regional seas: the Greater North Sea (approx. 4,000km) and the Celtic Seas (approx. 14,000km) of the NE Atlantic basin. In the UK, nobody lives more than 115km from a coast. Britain is a maritime nation with a deep history of connections to the sea for trade, transport and tourism.

Coastal communities enjoy the coast and sea for the landscape, health and amenity benefits this brings. Coastal habitats are dynamic and often host rare species which exist in the interface zone between the freshwater and marine



Somerset Coast, Severn Estuary/Bristol Channel

environments. These areas are fragile, but can be resilient if natural coastal processes are allowed the necessary flexibility, and human communities are similarly adaptable and resilient.

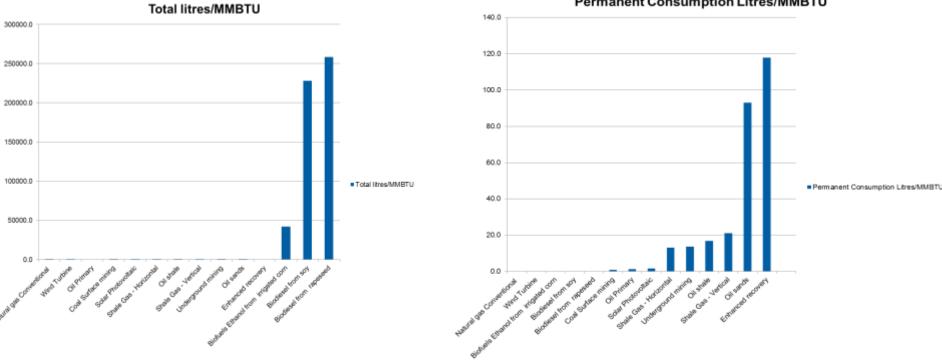
Search for: Search	Search	
Latest		
Transformations and pressures on the valle	ey of	
binational basin Catamayo-Chira		
IWSN Director to give public lecture at Univ Namibia	ersity of	
IWSN aligns with CLAiR-City – the largest c	th CLAiR-City – the largest citizen-led air	
pollution project in Europe		
IWSN researchers contribute to new book on restoration	on ecological	
The drought – crisis or opportunity?		
IWSN Africa co-hosts Southern African drou	ught seminar	
Resilience in the face of India's recurring dr	oughts	
New video on ecosystem services and biod	iversity	
IWSN funds four more MPhil students in So	uth Africa	
After the race to the bottom: water supply c	hallenges in	
the Ica Valley, Peru		

Archives









Permanent Consumption Litres/MMBTU



New video shows how UWE helps African communities access safe water supplies

on 24th Jun 2015

(This news story was originally issued by the University of the West of England on 19 June 2015)

Academics and students from the University of the West of England (UWE Bristol) have been contributing to a research programme that helps to provide African communities with access to safer water supplies as part of the UWE-Africa Water Security Programme now in its third year and operating in a number of African countries.

The team has recently participated in the creation of a video that gives insight into the work of the programme and how the students who go to Africa on placement are enriched as they see how their work is making a real difference.

Professor Chad Staddon said, "Geography and Environmental Management staff and students have worked on this programme in Uganda since 2011. We are able to provide students with the opportunity to get involved in a live project that enhances their learning and in many cases forms an integral part of their own honours research projects.

"There is plenty of aroundwater in many parts of Africa



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Latest news

IWSN researchers to discuss water and marine security at Bristol Bright Night
Report on the 2015 National Youth Water Summit in South Africa
Water security workshop in Hermosillo, Mexico
Nexus dialogues on global change in the Peru-Ecuador transboundary region of Piura
Meeting the Deputy Minister of Water and Sanitation 'inspiring' for IWSN students
IWSN students host an academic debate with first year social science students
IWSN students participate in the 2015 Insaka Research Symposium
United Nations recognises South Africa's water education practices

Archives

September 2015 August 2015 July 2015 June 2015 May 2015 April 2015

> International Water Security Network



Profiles of students funded by the International Water Security Network







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Phase 2: January 2019 to December 2021

- £1.2 million over three years
- UWE-based secretariat
- Enabling structures:
 - PGRs
 - Postdocs
 - Visiting scholars
 - Events around the world
- Key themes:
 - demand management science and engineering
 - UWE Global Water Security Programme



www.watersecuritynetwork.org www.twitter.com/water_network

The project is funded by Lloyd's Register Foundation, a charitable foundation helping to protect life and property by supporting engineering-related education, public engagement and the application of research. For more information, see: <u>www.lrfoundation.org.uk</u>

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and

AQUASEC, the IAI Center of Excellence for Water Security in the Arid Americas

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