EPCA Report No 104

Parking plans for Krishna Nagar, Kamla Nagar, technology for parking management and plans for last-mile connectivity in compliance with directions of the Hon'ble Court of September 2, 2019

September 30, 2019

The Hon'ble Supreme Court in its order dated September 2, 2019 had directed the following:

"The pilot project of EPCA started in Lajpat Nagar from April, 2018 and we expect EPCA to give us a detailed report of the working of the pilot project in Lajpat Nagar by 30.12.2019. We request EPCA to prepare pilot project(s) for Krishna Nagar and Kamla Nagar within two weeks, immediately where after such pilot projects will be started there. With regard to the working of such pilot projects let the report be submitted by 30.12.2019."

And

"The Govt. of NCT of Delhi, the municipal authorities and EPCA are directed to consider the viability and effectiveness of introducing RIFD tags, parking guidance and information systems and last mile connectivity from parking spaces to commercial areas, institutions etc. and submit a report in this behalf by 30.09.2019 and for this purpose let the matter be listed in Court 04.10.2019."

This report is being submitted in compliance with the above directions on the following issues:

- 1. Krishna Nagar pilot project plan
- 2. Kamla Nagar pilot project plan
- 3. Plan for use of RFID tags, parking guidance and information system
- 4. Last mile connectivity from parking spaces to commercial areas etc

EPCA has held meetings on 10.9.2019 and 19.9.2019 with representatives of the municipal bodies, traffic police and transport departments to finalise the plans so that these can be submitted to the Hon'ble Court (LIST).

1. Krishna Nagar and Kamla Nagar plan

The plans for Krishna Nagar and Kamla Nagar have been prepared by East (EDMC) and North Delhi Municipal Corporations (NDMC) respectively. The plan were discussed in detail at the meeting convened by EPCA and were finalised in consultations with other agencies, including traffic police.

The **Krishna Nagar plan** (see Annexure 2), includes pedestrianisation of its extremely congested market, Lal-Quarter and to provide shared parking in the commercial and residential area. The survey done by the EDMC of the area, in order to prepare the parking management plan, found that there is no space for emergency vehicles and fire tenders to enter as cars are parked on the roads and at all entry points into the colony.

However, the area is well served by metro and bus service, which could be optimally used to reduce the need for parking of private vehicles.

The survey found that there is a demand for parking of 441 cars; the plan has identified spaces where these vehicles can be parked. The principle is shared day-time and night-time parking between residential and commercial users and the optimal use of the multi-level car parking, which has been constructed by EDMC. All approvals for the project have been received. The plan has also been discussed with the Delhi traffic police and RWA.

The key challenge is to enforce the parking management plan in the pedestrianised market street and in residential areas. EDMC has requested for assistance from the Delhi Traffic Police to execute the plan on ground, which in the meeting with EPCA, was agreed upon.

The **Kamla Nagar Plan** (Annexure 3), also includes the upgradation of the market with the integrated planning for parking in its adjoining residential areas. This market, which dates back to 1960s is a favourite for students of Delhi University. The market has a mall (Spark mall), which was built in 2013 and has parking available for 828 vehicles, but its occupancy is roughly 40%. Instead cars are parked on the road and this adds to congestion and chaos.

The NDMC has prepared a detailed parking area management plan for Kamal Nagar, which includes pedestrianisation of street, regulated on-street parking and improved walkability. NDMC presented its plan to EPCA, which has the following elements:

- a. Survey of parking demand in the area: 1144 ECS during night-time and 1374 ECS during day time. Residential plots do not have garages or stilt parking and almost all cars are parked on street.
- b. The plan provides for improvement in walkability and space for emergency vehicles. Legal parking has been allowed on either only one side of the street or both, depending on width and space. Visitor parking has been provided at the Spark Mall.
- c. With this plan, included optimal use of the unutilised parking available at the Spark mall, the parking is provided for the entire demand 1598 ECS.
- d. Addition para-transit services have been provided to take care of visitor needs. The objective of this parking area management plan is to encourage better usage of public transport. In Kamla Nagar, there is good connectivity with metro, bus and other intermediate public transport facilities.

The plan was discussed at the meeting convened by EPCA and agreed upon by key stakeholders, including the Delhi Traffic Police. NDMC has also discussed the plan with RWA and market association as their cooperation will be critical for its success.

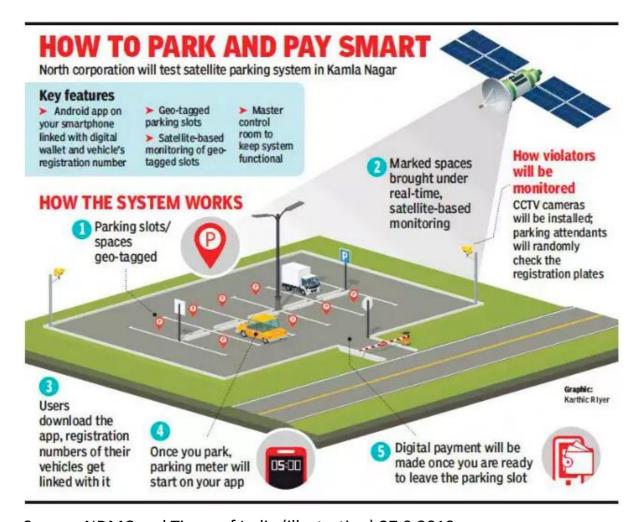
2. Use of smart technology like RFID for parking management/charging and penalising illegal use and parking guidance and information systems

EPCA discussed the various technology options for improvement of parking management. The key requirements for better parking management are as follows:

- 1. The need to know when and where parking slots are available so that drivers can find these without delay and inconvenience.
- 2. The need to make payment for parking with ease and without the use of cash.
- 3. The need to ensure that parking is regulated so that only legal parking is allowed and there is identification of illegal and unauthorised parking.
- 4. The need to charge penalties for unauthorised/unpaid parking.

The technologies available are either APP based or QR code based, which allow drivers to find slots for parking remotely – even book these slots – and allow for easy payment. This is combined with parking guidance and information systems, which inform users, either on their mobile devices or through LED public boards of the parking that is available in the neighbourhood. This makes it more convenient for people to find legal and authorised parking and to select it as an option.

In Kamla Nagar, NDMC is planning to implement the satellite based technology, which allows for the area to be mapped and all parking slots to be geo-tagged. This system (see illustration below) is already being used in Kolkata and allows users to download the app, make payment digitally and for information on parking slots to be available through a central portal.



Source: NDMC and Times of India (illustration) 27.9.2019

However, technology solutions for checking illegal parking are more challenging. The use of RFID is possible as it would allow vehicles to have tags,

which can be read through hand-held machines at the time of entry into parking areas and streets and payment could be made easily and without the use of cash. But this use of RFID is possible only where the spaces are closed (as in parking lots or multi-level parking areas). It is more challenging to use in open areas or streets as in residential areas.

To check on illegal parking and to enforce no-parking areas, cameras will need to be installed and then penalties sent to the vehicle owner based on the number plate or the information available on the RFID tag. The management of large numbers of cameras becomes another challenge.

However, this technology has definite potential as it can be scaled up to all vehicles across the city and even for parking in areas outside the city. The challenge is finalise which RFID tag will be used, as this would have to be then issued by one agency to all vehicles, in Delhi and outside.

Given the feasibility, scale-up and price issues, EPCA agreed that the pilot projects would include technology solutions for parking management, guidance and payment. EPCA would continue to discuss options on the use of technology, including RFID, for citywide roll-out and for enforcing deterrence against illegal parking.

Based on this examination and the roll out of technology options in pilot projects, EPCA will submit its recommendations for the consideration of the Hon'ble Court in its report due on 30.12.2019.

3. Last mile connectivity

This is a critical agenda for the city, as connectivity, particularly from metro and other multi-transport points will greatly reduce the need for private transport. While there is a need for increasing public transport vehicles, for easy access for commuters, it is also a fact that there are para-transit vehicles, taxis, auto-rickshaws and cycle-rickshaws available for this last mile connectivity. But the problem is about the lack of adequate and demarcated parking of these vehicles at the metro stations, which in turn is adding to congestion on the roads.

So, while there is a need to improve the pedestrian infrastructure and increase buses there can be better use of para-transit vehicles for last mile connectivity. But the fact is that today, multi-modal integration (MMI) is inadequate and so without parking spaces at the metro/inter-state bus stations, the para-transit

vehicles – taxis, 3-wheelers and cycle-rickshaws – greatly add to congestion and problems for commuters.

It is also clear that these para-transit vehicles need free parking spaces at the key public transport points, like metro stations. The design of the stations have to incorporate the need for parking of these vehicles, which is not done because of the fact that design and control of road space over and above the station infrastructure is not within the purview of Delhi Metro (DMRC).

EPCA has discussed this issue with DMRC and also with officials of Central and state governments. The following has emerged from these discussions.

- 1. DMRC has identified 38 stations of phase 1 and 2 (out of total of 126 stations) as most congested and with need for urgent design changes for multimodal integration (MMI). Out of these, plans for Chattarpur, Kashmiri Gate and Jahangirpuri stations are in various stages of implementation. But there is need to expedite this process and to ensure that all 38 stations are re-designed for MMI at the earliest.
- 2. DMRC has made plans for all its 78 stations in phase III for MMI. In these plans it is working to provide lanes for auto/bus/car parking and for drop-off (see Annexure 4 for sample of drawings/plans made). During the meeting it was discussed that these plans are also in various stages of design, approval and implementation. However, it was clear that there is a need to expedite this work, including the approvals for design and finance.

4. Recommendations for the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and intervention and directions sought from the Hon'ble Supreme Court

The following are the directions sought from the Hon'ble Supreme Court based on the deliberations and the agreed agenda and action plans.

	Compliance with order of		Directions sought from Hon'ble
	2.9.2019		Supreme Court
1.	Parking plan	EDMC has submitted the plan,	May direct EDMC
	for Krishna	which has been discussed and	to implement the
	Nagar	finalised. The plan will include	parking plan, as
		technology intervention for	finalised, as a pilot
			project to be

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		parking management and guidance and information system.	completed by December 30, 2019.
2.	Parking plan for Kamla Nagar	NDMC has submitted the plan, which has been discussed and finalised. The plan will include technology intervention for parking management and guidance and information system.	May direct NDMC to implement the parking plan, as finalised, as a pilot project to be completed by December 30, 2019.
3.	Last mile connectivity	38 stations in phase 1-2 of metro and 78 stations in phase 3 have been identified for improvement and execution of plans for multimodal integration. These plans include redesign of road and other public spaces outside metro stations so that there is parking and drop-off points for 3-wheelers; taxi, car and buses so that there is no congestion and as well as convenience for commuters. The implementation of these plans is critical for last-mile connectivity. The plans also include involvement of other road and land owning agencies and so coordination for execution on ground is important. Currently, these plans are in various stages of approval for design and finance. There is a need to expedite the process and to get a time-bound schedule for implementation.	May direct DMRC to submit time schedule for implementation of the MMI plans for 38 stations of phase 1-2 and 78 stations in phase 3.

Annexure 1

Attendance 11:30 AM, 10.09.2019

- 1. Dr. Bhure Lal, Chairman, EPCA
- 2. Ms. Sunita Narain, DG, CSE and Member EPCA
- 3. Prof. Umesh Kulshrestha, Professor, Jawaharlal Nehru University and Member EPCA
- 4. Sh. M.P. George, Sr. Scientist, DPCC
- 5. Sh. Randhir Sahay, Additional Commissioner, SDMC
- 6. Sh. Ravinder Suri, Additional Commissioner of Police, Traffic, Delhi
- 7. Sh. Rajesh Kumar, Additional Commissioner, RP cell, SDMC
- 8. Sh. R.K. Singh, Assistant Commissioner, SDMC
- 9. Sh. D.S. Jha, Deputy Commissioner, SDMC
- 10. Sh. Abhishek Arora, Transport Consultant, SDMC
- 11. Sh. Manish Jain, Assistant Engineer (Project), SDMC
- 12. Sh. Aman Rajput, Additional Commissioner, EDMC
- 13. Sh. Anil Kumar Roy, Additional Commissioner, EDMC
- 14. Sh. Sunil Tripathi, Assistant Commissioner, EDMC
- 15. Sh. S.K. Sharma, SO, RP cell, North DMC
- 16. Sh. Rajender Kumar, Executive Engineer, Delhi Development Authority
- 17. Sh. Rakesh Paworiya, Deputy Commissioner of Police (Traffic)
- 18. Sh. Parwaz Ahmed, Additional Commissioner of Police, Traffic (ER)
- 19. Sh. A.K. Singh, Additional Commissioner of Police, Traffic (SR)
- 20. Ms. Meenu Chowdhary, IT Commissioner of Police, Traffic
- 21. Sh. A. K. Sharma, Transport Department, GNCTD
- 22. Sh. Sh. Vikas Jain, PCO, Transport Department, GNCTD
- 23. Sh. Sushil Kr. Gupta, Manager
- 24. Sh. R.K. Kasana, Jt. General Manager.
- 25. Sh. Vipin Kumar, Delhi Cantonment Board
- 26. Sh. Anand Kumar, Deputy Director (Plg.), Unified Traffic And Transportation Infrastructure (Planning & Engineering) Centre

Attendance 3:45 PM, 19.09.2019

- 1. Dr. Bhure Lal, Chairman, EPCA
- 2. Ms. Sunita Narain, DG, CSE and Member EPCA
- 3. Sh. Ravinder Soni, ACP, Delhi Traffic Police
- 4. Sh. V.K.Saraswat, PCO, Delhi Transport Department
- 5. Sh. C. Uppili, Director, Ministry of Housing and Urban Authority
- 6. Sh. Anuj Malhotra, KP, Ministry of Housing and Urban Authority
- 7. Sh. Ravinder Singh Parmar, Deputy Secretary, Urban Development Department
- 8. Sh. Biswanath Sahe, Under Secretary, Ministry of Housing and Urban Authority
- 9. Sh. Arun Kumar for Commissioner EDMC, Nodal Officer
- 10. Sh. Niyat Kashyap, ACP Transport Department, North Delhi
- 11. Ms. Ira Singhal, DC/KP2, North MCD
- 12. Sh. Subhash Chander, TI, SDMC
- 13. Sh. Abhishek Arora, Transport Department, SDMC
- 14. Sh. P.S. Jha, DC, SDMC
- 15. Ms. Papiya Sarkar, CA Delhi Metro Railway Corporation
- 16. Sh. Saleem Ahemad, GM, DMRC
- 17. Sh. Gambhir Singh, DD-II, UTTIPEC
- 18. Sh. Sushil Kumar Gupta, MGR, OPS (HO)
- 19. Sh. A. M. Sharma, AE, Delhi Jal Board
- 20. Ms. Sujata, Oasis Design



East Delhi Municipal Corporation (EDMC)

Project: Pedestrianisation of Krishna Nagar and its Parking management plan

Parking area plan for residential colony and Commercial market of Krishna Nagar

EDMC has coordinated with the local resident welfare association and shop-keepers association, while formulating subject plan.

Background

There is a market namely Lal Quarter, near Chachi Building in Krishna Nagar colony, near main road namely road no. 57(Swami Dayanand Road), on North side and Patparganj road, on its southern side. This market is very popular and customers from across East Delhi, visit this market.

The length of this stretch is 1.25 km, and width is 9 ft.

<u>Major Challenge</u>: Lal-Quarter being major a market hub, in the region, the place is common site for choked & congested roads, road-rages, and accidents. The subject market is surrounded with equally congested residential colonies.

Project Objective:

(a) <u>Development of Walking Street</u>: The project plan pedistrialisation of Lal Quarter commercial market area. The subject street shall be development as Non-vechicular road. This road shall be used only by the Pedestrians.

<u>Pedistrinisation Stretch</u>: The internal road, viz. From Chachi Building (from Block S/D) to Ghondly Chowk Area(till Block C)

Benefits: The initiate plans to facilitate the pedestrians for free and safe movement, and decongest the busy market area.

(b) Parking Management Plan: The objectives is to cater to the Parking demand of the area, and provide public convince.

Based on the guidance framework, by EPCA, EDMC has taken the following steps to prepare the subject area plan:

Delineation of the area: The parking area management plan has been identified and the boundary delineated. The delineated area includes the Central market at the core (Lal Quarter Market Area) and the residential areas in its the surrounding zone.

Commercial Block: Central Market area viz. Lal Quarter Market is the prime commercial area in

The Mandir Marg and its surrounding area are residential cum commercial blocks. It is submitted that Commercial area has been demarked in the Ground floor of these areas, while Housing is plotted and built mostly to maximum floor area ratio available from the First Floor residential area with some small shops. Currently, most of the parking of cars is organized in space for emergency vehicles (like ambulance and fire tenders etc) to enter. As cars are also parked very closed to the intersections, the turning radius at the intersections become very area.

This area is well served by metro and bus services. Also due to close proximity to the central market there is ample availability of para transit including autos and aggregator sevices.

Assessment of Parking demand in the area: EDMC along with the local resident welfare association, and Trader Welfare Associations have carried out survey of the area to estimate the demand for parking in terms of actual number of cars that are currently parked in the area. The survey has included counting number of housing plots, floors and total cars in the area.

• The total of 441 cars are parked on streets. Very few plotted houses have garage inside the building. Most plots do not have garage or stilt parking. Average size of the plots is 100 sqm. Nearly all cars are parked on street. Overall there are total number 191 housing plots in and around identified zones viz. 1-3, and approx 240 plots around Lal Quarter area, and Mandir Marg road.

Table: Block-wise housing plots, floors and cars in Krishna Nagar

Block	Total Plots	Total Cars
Lal		131
Quarter		
Mandir	1	119
Marg		
Zone 1	122	122
Zone 2	28	28
Zone 3	41	41
14	Total Demand	441

Approach to parking management plan in this area

While preparing the parking plan following criteria have been adopted.

space for emergency vehicle for planning on street parking: As per the Parking Area Guideline, it is important to work out the plan for emergency vehicles and also demarcate the legal parking zones. In the new plan, parking on the streets has been organized after leaving enough space for emergency vehicles to move and access houses.

Legal parking area through proper tendering shall be allowed in either one side of the street or both sides depending on the width of the road and space available. Mostly parallel parking has been allowed for demarcation as that takes comparatively less space. Perpendicular parking is allowed in areas where there is more space. This is being planned in accordance with considering provision of visitors parking in the area.

(a) Point A (At Chachi Building): 90

(b) Point B(Around Park): 95

(c) Point C: 50

Mulit-Level Car Parking (ECS: 200): EDMC has constructed an multi-level car parking in the area. The same shall cater to the parking issues of the area, and enable smooth execution of the proposed parking management plan.

Pedestrianisation of Lal-Quarter Market (Development of Walking Street): The proposed plan, not only provides parking solution in the Krishna Nagar, but also enable

Based on these provisions the site map has been prepared, and the same indicates the areas where parking is allowed and where it is not allowed (Annexure 1: Site map of parking plan)

Management of cars in the new plan:

The total demand for cars is 441.

Henceforth, we must provide parking facility for 441 cars.

The plan has identified alternative places where these cars can be accommodated (see table). For this the principle of shared public parking has been adopted, creating parking facilities and its sharing between users to optimize and unlock potential of the assets for maximum utilization.

The entire gap have been accommodated but clearly, without future restraints, this will not be

Table: Management of parking demand within the colony of Lajpat Nagar III and

Total Damand Co. D. 1:	
Total Demand for Parking	441 cars
Total supply available	Nil
Total Gap in the supply	
To accommodate the core there	441 cars
capacities.	MLCP shall be utilized, with the following
1. Point A	90
2. Point B	
3. Point C	95
	50
4. Multi-level car Parking	200-250
Total:	485 Cars

Project Developments

EDMC Works: Item Description	EDMC Department	Status
Procurement of Benches	Engg. Depart.	Ready for installation
Road Marking		
Procurement of Dustbins	Floatrical Donard	Ready for installation
Procurement of Ornamental	Electrical Depart.	Ready for installation
Lights Plantation	Horticulture	Ready for installation

NoC from UTTIPEC has been received.

Project Challenges

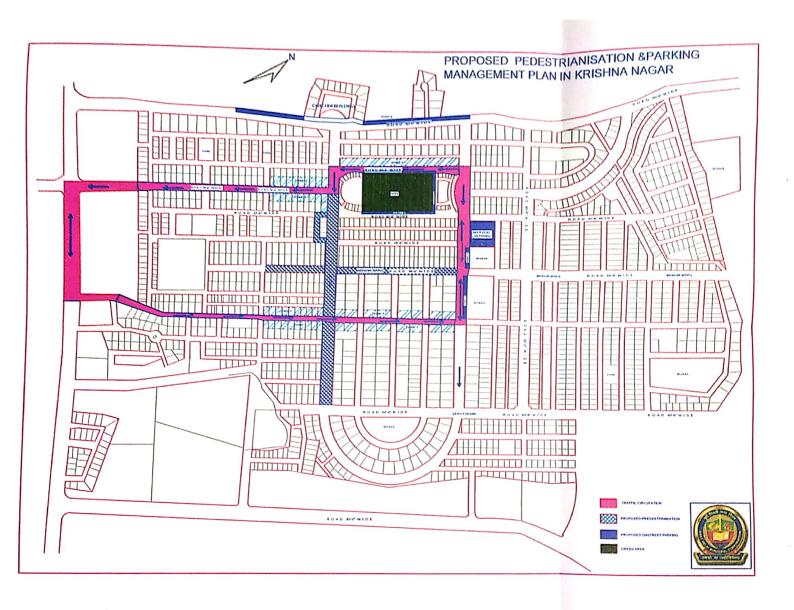
- 1. NoC required from Delhi Police, Delhi Traffic Police and Delhi Fire Services.
- 2. Consent from RWA and MWA on the final proposed project.
- 3. Strategy for Man-ing Barricades.
- 4. Support and startegy for implementation of traffic circulation plan.

Project Requirements

Item Description	Agency
1.Provide Signages	Delhi Traffic Police
Ground support for managing traffic	
circulation plan.	
1.Provide Barricades	Delhi Police
Support for implementation of plan.	4

Project Timelines

S. No.	S. No. Time Frame Description of Work	
1. September NoC from all concerned Department		NoC from all concerned Department
2.	October	Trial Run
3.	November	Final work on project modalities, and Final Trial
		Run. Issue of Public Notices
4.	15 Nov 19	Implementation of Project



KAMLA NAGAR MARKET UPGRADATION

North Delhi's Kamla Nagar Market, which dates back to 1960 and is a favourite hangout place for students of Delhi University's North campus will get a facelift. The Kamla Nagar market Upgradation's focal point is Bada Gol Chakkar (roundabout) at the centre of the market, on which stands Spark Mall underneath which the north corporation's fully automated under-ground parking is available.

The mall was built in 2013 and has seven levels and 828 slots for 4-wheeler parking. But it sees barely 40-45% occupancy on a daily basis. "the idea is to prevent traders and shoppers from parking their cars haphazardly in the surrounding area and instead getting them to use the parking lot and paid on-street parking spaces. This will ensure smooth traffic movement in the market and fetch us enough space to create alleys for utilities, greenery and pedestrian pathways".

One of the radial roads from the Bada Gol Chakkar – Kohlapur road will be made pedestrian only. On the ther three major radial roads – Maharaja Agrasen Marg, Mandelia road and Gali No. 7 – the current two-way traffic system will be retained, but the carriageway for vehicles will be reduced to six-metres only. These three roads are 18m wide each.

Two Multy-Utility Zones – fitting in trees, benches, garden, lamps, food stalls and water kiosks – of 2m each will be developed on either side of the carriageway; and pedestrian paths of 4m each will be created on the roadsides.

To make the area more youth-oriented, 3D art works will be commissioned on the roads, set up open cafes on the road sides and seasonal shops on the Multi-Utility Zones on occasions like Holi, Diwali and Rakhi. "A majority of the shopping crowd visiting Kamla Nagar Market are students, especially young women. So it will be developed as a fun and safe space".

The Parking Area Management Plan for Kamla Nagar is a comprehensive street and market upgradation plan that includes parking management as well as improved walkability, pedestrianization of one street, paid onstreet parking, optimizing use of parking lot, no parking areas, public amenities for sitting, waiting, tree shade, dustbins, signage and other such elements, so much so that it overall experience and environment of the area upgrades.

EPCA Report

Report on Draft Parking Policy in Kamla Nagar in compliance with directions of the Hon'ble Court on

September 19, 2019

In the context of the ongoing deliberation on Draft Parking Rules and Guidelines framed by the Delhi Government, the Hon'ble Supreme Court in its order dated has directed Environment Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority (EPCA) to "submit opinion/proposal/report within two weeks. A copy of the opinion/proposal/report be furnished to the counsel for the respective corporations, DDA, Government of Delhi, Delhi Cantonment Board and Delhi Traffic Police. Let objections, if any, with respect to the opinion/proposal/report be submitted."

As directed EPCA has convened meeting with the concerned stakeholders including corporations, DDA, Government of Delhi, Delhi Cantonment Board and Delhi Traffic Police to examine the way forward on how to implement a pilot project on parking area management plan in a Commercial area. The primary interest of this exercise is to understand how parking area management plan as included in the draft rules will be implemented in commercial and residential colonies.

Based on the deliberations it was decided that Kamla Nagar will demonstrate how parking area management plan in mixed use and residential colonies will be operationalized. EPCA was informed by North Delhi Municipal Corporation (NDMC) that it will initiate a pilot project in Kamla Nagar that encompasses mixed use as well as both commercial and residential area of the Market.

Steps to create and implement the parking area plan

It is important to note that for preparation of parking area management plans, detailed guidance framework and guidelines have been prepared along with the draft Parking Rules (See Annexure 1). This is a step by step guide that informs the implementing agencies of the process and the method to follow to prepare such plans.

Steps for finalizing parking management plan

Step 1: Delineation of the management area to identify the zone with different land-use, which is compact and contiguous. It is important that the management area includes both residential and commercial spaces so that spillover is handled.

Step 2: Carry out an assessment of the total demand for parking. This is calculated on ECS basis¹.

¹Equivalent Car Space – 2.5x5m as 1 car unit

Step 3: Create parking space inventory in terms of currently available onstreet and off-street parking, multi-level or stack parking, parking within buildings and areas where parking can be provided like in under-utilized plots/building premises/vacant spots.

Step 4: Plot on map all the essential services and green areas and parks. This is to ensure space for all public services and to ensure that no green area or park is used for parking as stipulated in the Parking Management Guidelines.

Step 5: Identify the shared public parking area -- areas where parking is required during daytime but may be available for residential parking during night-time like commercial shopping areas etc.

Step 6: Map the vehicular and pedestrian circulation so as to ensure proper traffic dispersal including circulation for emergency vehicles. The guidelines require that under any circumstances, no vehicle should block the access route of emergency vehicles (ambulance, fire trucks, police vans etc) to any building in any area where road access exists.

Step 7: Put signage on areas which are no parking zones – these are those areas that has not been identified and notified and physically demarcated as a parking site/spot shall automatically be considered a 'no-parking zone' and relevant penalties shall be applicable.

Based on above, demarcate legal parking areas and estimate gap between demand and supply. It is also clear that no amount of additional parking can ever be enough as the number of cars will increase to fill the space. However, for effective implementation of the parking plan, it is essential to earmark areas and create additional parking so that there are alternatives available to people within easy access.

These steps have been followed to make the first draft plan in Kamla Nagar Market.

1. Parking area plan for Kamla Nagar

NDMC has shared with EPCA the concept plan for Kamla Nagar area. EPCA has been informed that for the preparation of the plans NDMC has coordinated with the local resident welfare association and shop-keepers association.

Based on the guidance framework NDMC has taken the following steps to prepare the parking plan for the area:

Delineation of the area: the parking area management plan has been identified and the boundary delineated. The delineated area includes North Delhi's market at the core around the Spark Mall and the mixed-use areas in the surrounding zone.

This is dominant commercial area with mixed use. Currently, most of the parking of cars is organized in perpendicular to the road on both sides to

accommodate maximum cars possible. There is no space for walking even for the visitors who specially come to visit this area for the purpose of shopping as most of the streets are equipped with vehicular movement and a lot of chaos along the roads. Other infrastructure such as street furniture, water points, and footpaths are completely missing due to unorganized vending and hap hazard parking in the Kamla Nagar market.

This haphazard nature of the parking also restricts the emergency vehicles (like ambulance and fire tenders etc.) to enter. As cars are also parked very close to the intersections, the turning radius at the intersections become very narrow that makes taking turns very difficult.

This area is well served by bus services. Also due to close proximity to the market there is ample availability of para transit or intermediate public transport (E-rickshaws, autos, Graminseva) services.

Parking demand in the area: NDMC carried out survey of the Kamla Nagar market area to estimate the demand for parking in terms of actual number of cars that are currently being parked in the area. The survey included manual counting of parked cars on street for seven days. The survey was carried out during day timings, at evening timings and as well as at night. The required equivalent data was gathered from the office of the NDMC regarding the details of the Kamla Nagar area. All the roads have been considered for calculating the parking demand in the area and major roads which are identified are as follows Kamla Nehru road, Mharaja Agrasen Marg, Mandelia road and the Kohlapur road (see Table 1: Road wise cars in Kamla Nagar (including parking in Spark Mall).

The existing ECS calculation was carried out in the following way:

1. Quick surveying technique

- This involved surveying the entire Kamla Nagar Market area at different times during the day. Special focus was given on the night surveys because that provided true data in terms of existing on-street car parking in the entire area.
- The entire study area was divided into 3 parts for the ease of carrying out the survey (Refer Map1).
- The number of on-street parked cars was counted for the roads of ROW 18m, 12m, 9m, and 4.5m in the Kamla Nagar Market.
- It was also estimated that 70% of the total cars that are parked on-street in the market area on wider roads (18m and 12m) during the day-time were of visitors, while that number reduced to 20% on 9m and 4.5m roads.
- The Spark Mall parking is under-utilized. On an average datime occupancy is 45% rising to 55% on weekends. And in

night-time it is 55% on an average through the week.



MAP 1

 Overall in Kamla Nagar there are total of 1144 ECS (560 2-wheelers and 864 cars) during night-time and 1376 ECS (876 2-wheelers and 938 cars) during day-time that are parked on-street on the basis of quick surveying technique. All plots do not have garages or stilt parking. Nearly all cars are parked on street.

Table 1: Existing Parking scenario in Kamla Nagar

S.No	RoW (Metres)	Length (km)	Existing ECS
1	18	2.2	324
2	12	2.4	190
3	9	3.8	280
4	4.5	2	350
		Sub-Total	1144
5	Spark Mall parking lot	828 (existing)	450 (utilized)
	TOTAL	10.4	1594

2. Approach to parking management plan in Kamla Nagar Market area

While preparing the parking plan following criteria have been adopted.

- **1. Improving walkability** was the main criteria/ aspect of the parking area management plan. The plan ensures that when the parking is managed, walking space is appropriately provided so that the experience of the area improves.
- **2. Improving public amenities along with providing parking accommodation** is anextremely important aspect of Kamla Nagar parking Plan. With greater walkability, improved parking access, charged parking, the entire area demands to have a higher level of pedestrian comfort and therefore, adding public amenities like benches, trees for shade, dustbins, public art, cycle parking, public toilets, etc. are also provided in the plan to be executed along with parking management.
- **3.Space for emergency vehicles** was the other priority for parking area management plan. In the new plan, parking on the streets has been organized after leaving enough space for emergency vehicles to move and access houses. Legal parking area has been allowed on either one side of the street or both sides depending on the width of the road and space available. Only parallel parking has been allowed for demarcation as that takes comparatively less space. Provision of visitors parking has been made at the Spark Mall.

3. Management of excess cars in the new plan:

The total demand for cars is **1594**.

After accounting for emergency vehicle movement, green spaces and need of proper circulation of vehicles and persons, demarcated legal parking and off-street lot can accommodate 1598 cars (Refer Table 2). This is along with making Kolhapur street fully pedestrianized and Mandelia road as a No-Parking zone. Kolhapur road, Agrasen road and Mandelia road are vibrant commercial streets which require more pedestrian footfall. Therefore, these streets are kept free of parking.

The parking accommodation is mainly possible due to under-utilized Spark Mall Multi-level automated parking lot. It is important to mention that Spark Mall, at the time of conceptualization, was decided to have the adjoining streets as No-Parking zone, but was never implemented such. With rampant on-street un-managed parking, Spark Mall parking could not be utilized. The new Parking Management Plan for Kamla Market proposes to revert to the original idea, thereby increasing the parking supply. The un-utilized parking spaces -up to 350 ECS, shall account for the lost spaces on-street due to No-Parking, Pedestrianization and organizing parking on all the streets of Kamla Nagar. For this very reason, the Kamla Nagar Parking plan is a "comprehensive plan" and caters to the needs to public by easing walking and managing parking through parking fees. Apart from the current accommodation, there are plans to redevelop certain plots to have basement parking to cater to any future demand.

TABLE 2

	Kamla Nagar Parking					
S.No	RoW (Metres) Length (kg		Existing ECS	Proposed ECS		
1	18	2.2	324	201		
2	12	2.4	190	51		
3	9	3.8	280	168		
4	4.5	2	350	350		
5	Spark Mall parking lot (total 828 parking slots)		450	828		
	TOTAL	10.4	1594	1598		

The parking is optimally provided and can be catered for in the entire area. Any excess parking demand, if comes suddenly as a one-off event shall be catered by increasing parking charges and/ or providing paratransit services. Not just that, two main roads are "no-parking" and one shopping road shall be "pedestrianized" along with parking management.

4. Implementation of the plan

Parking has been seen as a *component* of overall street design and therefore resolution of the entire street design was given equal priority along with the Parking Area Management Plan. Therefore, the following components has been estimated for a complete implementation of the Parking Area Management Plan.

The components are as follows:

- 1. Footpath
- 2. On-street parking
- 3. Carriageway
- 4. Lighting
- 5. Street furniture
- 6. Dustbin
- 7. Bollards
- 8. Trees
- 9. Ramps
- 10. Tactile paving

The following table describes the estimate of the above-mentioned components in detail (refer Table 3).

	ABSTRACT OF COST	
S. No.	Description of item	Amount (In Lakh)
1	Construction of road by providing RMC on:	
A	4.50 Mtr Road	250.00
В	9.00 Mtr Road	343.20
С	12.00 mtr Road	275.63
D	18.00 mtr Roads	317.02
	Total	1,185.85
2	Construction of Footpath	
A	9.00 Mtr Road	411.43
В	12.00 mtr Road	698.88
С	18.00 mtr Roads	642.08
D	Pedestrian Plaza on Kolhapur Road	49.27
	Total	1,801.66
3	Construction of Multi Utility Zone	
A	12.00 mtr Road	54.71
В	18.00 mtr Roads	706.23
	Total	760.94
	Total: 1+2+3	3,748.45
4	Road sign boards (LS)	100.00
5	Street lighting (LS)	100.00
6	Horticulture (LS)	200.00
7	Road Furniture including	300.00
	Bollards,Benches,Fountains etc.	
	Grand Total	4,448.45
	Say Rs.	44.48 Crore

The total estimated cost of the Parking Area Management plan is 44.48 Crore

5. EPCA's observation for the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court

This pilot shows how the Parking Management Area Plan will need to be developed and then implemented in different zones/colonies of the city.

What is clear from the above exercise is the following:

- 1. Currently, the colonies are over-saturated with cars and badly organized for parking of commercial and residential vehicles. There is no easy access for emergency services of ambulance, fire tenders and police vans during night.
- 2. There is a huge gap between the parking demand and supply,

- which will grow without restraints and regulations on legal and illegal parking.
- 3. However, it is also clear that if careful planning is done, then spaces for car parking can be identified and provided for. This will require shared parking so that night-daytime parking is shared between commercial and residential areas. It will also require creation of additional parking areas but within limits.
- 4. With this plan, the resident welfare association can self- organize to decide allocation of legal parking slots to each plot as needed and plan which cars need to go to alternative sites to decongest the area in most cases, this will be based on the number of cars that a household owns.
- 5. In addition, parking permits can be issued to the resident based on a monthly lump sum to be decided in consultation with the resident welfare association. These stickers will help to distinguish resident's cars from the cars coming to commercial market. The permits can also be used to restrict the numbers of vehicles by charging more or by not allowing residents to park addition cars in front of their houses but instead in the alternative sites.
- 6. The objective of this parking area management plan is also to encourage better usage of public transport. For instance, in Kamla Nagar, there is good connectivity with metro, bus and other intermediate public transport facilities. The vehicle restraints/management through the plan would incentivize the use of public transport in the long run and also discourage the owners from purchasing vehicles where there is no space for parking.
- 7. However, the plan can only be enforced if there is a legal framework which provides for deterrence against illegal parking and penalties for not adhering to the plan.



Annex ure 4



Attention: Ms. Sunita Narayan (Part 1 of 3)

1 message

HIMANI SHARMA <dmrc.himani@gmail.com>

To: keshar@cseindia.org

Cc: "papiya.sarkar" <papiya.sarkar@yahoo.com>

Tue, Sep 24, 2019 at 5:25 PM

Dear Ma'am.

Attention: As suggested during the recent meeting held on 19.09.2019 with Ms. Papiya Sarkar mam, please find attached the MMI drawings of 61 stations as approved by UTTIPEC out of 78 stations of Phase-III.

The work executed by DMRC has been demarcated with red outline on the drawings. The other work within the radius of 300m needs to be executed by other departments, for which additional funds are required. An estimated cost of Rs. 390 crores for 78 stations is also attached for implementation of remaining work by the stake holders.

You would receive three consecutive mails with the drawings attached

Thanks and Regards
Himani Sharma
Architect Assistant
Delhi Metro Rail Corporation

2 attachments

Restoration of MMI estimate Annexure 1 & 2.pdf 2570K

DDC-01.zip

CIN: U74899DL1995GOI068150 दूरभाष Tel. : 23417910/12 फैक्स Fax : 23417921 देल्ली मेट्रो रेल कॉपोरेशन DELHI METRO RAIL GORPORATION LTD. (भारत सरकार एवं दिल्ली सरकार का संयुक्त उपक्रम) (A JOINT VENTURE OF GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AND GOVT. OF DELHI) No.DMRC/20/III-213/2014 12.02:2016 Vice Chairman Delhi Development Authority Vikas Minar Delhi -- 110002 Sub:- Restoration of Phase - III stations and Multi Modal Integration (MMI) There are 78 Metro Stations to be constructed under MRTS Phase III with implementation of Multimodal integration (MMI). The MMI schemes are to be framed in consultation with UTTIPEC and approved by Governing body under Hon'ble L.G. The proposal for 39 Stations (out of 78 Phase-III stations) have been approved by Hon'ble L.G. in 48th and 49th Governing Body Meetings (GBM) dated 19:12:2014 and 20.02.2015 respectively. Balance are in process of approval. The implementing agencies for these have been decided as per details provided in Annexure 1. During the 51st GBM held on 17-06-2015 (copy enclosed), as per Point No.7 (Review of MMI proposals), it was decided that DMRC will approach MoUD for funds requirement for implementation of MMI Stations through DDA. The approximate cost of implementation of MMI at all 78 metro stations under MRTS III works out Rs. 390 crores. The estimate is enclosed as Annexure 2. In view of above, DDA is requested to process sanction of MoUD for provision of Rs. 390 crores against MMI. The fund to be received by DMRC will be accordingly provided to the implementing agencies. Thanking you Yours faithfully Chief Engineer/Planning DA: As above Copy: Additional Secretary/MoUD, Government of India, Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi for information please

(मेट्रो भवन, फायर निग्नेड लेन, बाराखम्बा रोड्, नई विल्ली-110001) क्षावानत Bhawan, File Rijiahe Lane Barakhamba Rhad New Delbi-1100

ANNEXURE-

Details of MMI Stations Implementing Agency

S.NO.	Approved MMI Metro Stations	1	GBM approval dat
1.	Rohini Sector-18	Agency	
2.	Badli Mor	DMRC	19.12.2014
3.	KalkajiMandir	DMRC .	19.12.2014
4.	Ishwar Nagar	DMRC	19.12.2014
5.	JasolaVihar	DMRC	19.12.2014
6.	Okhlá Phase-III	DMRC	19.12.2014
7.	Netaji Subhash Place	DMRC	19.12.2014
8.	Krishna Nagar	DMRC	19.12.2014
9.	East Azad Nagar	DMRC	19.12.2014
10.	Okhla Vihar	DMRC	19.12.2014
11.		DMRC	19.12.2014
12.	Sarojini Nagar Gokulpuri	DMRC	20.02.2015
13.	Delhi Cantt.	DMRC	19.12.2014
14.	Parcheballa	DMRC	19.12.2014
15.	Panchsheel Park	DMRC '	20.02.2015
16.	Dabri Mor	DMRC, PWD	
	G. K. Enclave	DMRC, PWD	19.12.2014
8.	Rajouri Garden	DMRC, PWD	19.12.2014
9.	Mayur Vihar Pkt-l	DMRC, PWD	19.12.2014
	Mayapuri	DMRC, PWD	19.12.2014
	Palam .	DMRC, PWD	19.12.2014
1.	I.P. Extension	DMRC, PWD	20.02.2015
2. ,	Jamia Nagar	DMRC, PWD	19.12.2014
3.	Janakpuri West	DMRC, DDA, PWD	19.12.2014
4. r	Vehru Place	DMRC, DDA, PWD	
5.	Bhikaji Cama Place	DMRC DWD DDA	19.12.2014
		DMRC, PWD, DDA, CPWD	20.02.2015
). K	Karkardooma Court	PWD	
· M	(arkardooma		19.12.2014
. 1	Vinod Nagar West	PWD, DDA	19.12.2014
. 1	inod Nagar East	PWD	19.12.2014
. 1	Mokpuri	DDA	19.12.2014
· 1	Mayur Vihar Phase I	DDA	19.12.2014
181	ion Bagh	PWD	19.12.2014
D	haula Kuan .	PWD	19.12.2014
. N	arainaVihar	PWD	19.12.2014
	SI Hospital	DDA	19.12.2014
S	hakurpur	PWD	19.12.2014
MI	unirka	PWD :	19.12.2014
R.	K. Puram	PWD, DDA	19.12.2014
III	ic rurani	PWD	20.02.2015
-1 -8 #	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PWD	20.02.2015

Annexure 2

ine 8 m	etro station :	ac a famor mate.		
S No.	Station Name		Approx. cost (INR	in crore)
1	Janakpuri West	1	10.92	
. 2	Dabri Mor		9.72	
3	Dasrathpuri		4.9	
4	Palam		5.52	1
5 -	Sadar Bazar cantonment		2.4	
6	Terminal-1 IGI Airport		6.2	- A
7	Shankar Vihar		2.2	
. 8	Vasant Vihar		5.52	
9	Munirka		5.15	
10	R K puram ,		5.7	
11	III		5.33	
12	Hauzkhas		6.04	
13	Panchsheel Park		4.85	
14	Chirag Delhi		5.42	
15	Greater kailash (G K Enclave)		4.42	
16	Nehru Enclave (Nehru Place)		6.38	a Para II
17	kalkaji Mandir		11.28	
18	Okhla NSIC (Okhla Phase I(I)		3.36	rai territoria
19	Sukhdev Vihar (Ishwar Nagar)		6.45	
20	Jamia Islamia (Jamia Nagar)		5.93	
21	Okhla Vihar		7.46	an Total
22	Jasola Vihar Shaheen Bagh		7.72	
23	Kalindi Kunj		6.3	
	TOTAL .		144.17	
ie-7 Me	tro Station	A		
1	Majlis Park (Mukundpur)		3.5	
2	Azadpur.		3.5	
3	Shalimar Bagh		3	
4	Netaji Subhash Place		9.78	
5	Shakurpur		3.1	
6	Punjabi Bagh west		5.1	
7	ESI hospital		2.97	
8	Rajouri garden	200		
	Mayapuri		6.4	

10	Naraina Vihar	5.78
11	Delhi Cantt	3.4
12	Durgabai Deshmukh South Campus	2.82
13	Sir Vishweshwalarah Moti Bagh	2.65
14	Bhikaji Cama Place !	:7.8
15	Sarojini Nagar 💮 💮 💮 💮	3.05
16,	INA	5.1
17	South Extension .	2.38
18	Lajpat nagar	-2.46
19	Vinobapuri	2.33
20	Ashram	4.8
21	Hazrat Nizamuddin	6
22	Mayur Vihar Phase I	8.5
23	Mayur Vihar Pocket I	2.03
24	Trilok Puri	2.75
25	Vinod nagar East	2.6
26	Vinod nagar	3.1
27	I P Extension	4.8
28	Anand Vihar	:5.2
29	Karkardooma	4.2
30	Karkardooma Court	2.7
31	Krishna nagar :	2.3
32	East Azad nagar	2.88
33	Welcome	3.6
34	Jaffrabad	2.67
35	Maujpur	2.4
36	Gokulpuri	4.1-1
37	Johri Enclave	2.6
38	Shiv Vihar	2.75
	TOTAL	152.8

Line-6 N	ietro Stations	
1	Janpath	1.2
2	Mandi House ;	1.8
3	ITO	4.3
Ą	Delhi Gate	9.2
5	Jama Masjid.	1.12
6	Lal Quila	8.7
7	Kashmere gate	11.76

TES.	TOTAL .		38.08	
ino E a	Metro Stations			
1	M.I.A		6.38	
2	Ghevra		.4.45	
3.	Tikri Kalan		• 4.3	
4	Tikri Border	1	. 4.8	
	TOTAL		19.93	
ino 2'N/	letro Stations			
1				
2	Dwarka .		4.2	•
3	Nangli		2.7	
3	Najafgarh		2.38	
	TOTAL :		9.28	
ne-7 M	etro Stations			
1	Haiderpur Badli Mor	Un - S		
2	Rohini Sector 18, 19		3.48	
3	Samaypur Badli		3.22	
	TOTAL		4.2	
	TOTAL		1.0.9	in the second
	GRAND FOTAL (78 CTATIONS)			
	GRAND TOTAL (78 STATIONS)		375.16	
	Consultancy charges for above @ 49	/		
	:	0	15.00	
	TOTAL		200.46	
	I VIEW	10 - 10	390.16 approx. 390 cro	

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4	PUNIABI BAGH	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	РКОУЮЕО	MA	3	PROVIDED	PARKING AVAILABLE
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on	SHAKURPUR	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	ā	PROVIDED	MMI BAYS PROVIDED IN STATION FOOTPRINT AREA
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=	NETAJI SUBHASH PLACE	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	
2	VASANT VIHAR	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MMI LANE & IPT CREATED, ALONG WITH UNPAID SUBWAY
п	JANAKPURI WEST	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MMILANE
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21	DELHICANT	NOT PROVIDED	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	UNPAID CORRIDOR CONNECTION OVER RING ROAD
97	NARAINA VIHAR	PROVIDED	MA	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	¥	озамова	ş		PROVIDED	
1	MAYAPURI	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	2	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	5	PROVIDED	UNPAID CORRIDOR CONNECTION OVER THE ROAD
	RAJOURI GARDEN	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	2	PROVIDED	
19	ROHINI SECTOR -18	N.	PROVIDED	4	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	V	ş	PARKING AVAILABLE
8	PALAM	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MMI LANE & IPT CREATED, ALONG WITH

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~	BHIKAJI CAMA PLACE	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	dadword	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE
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	SOUTH EXTENSION	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED			PROVIDED	UNPAID CONNECTION TO EXISTING PWD SUBWAY AVAILABLE
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	KALKAJI MANDIR	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MAMILIANE & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE						
	OKHLA PHASE-III (OKHLA NSIC)	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	UNPAID FOB & DROP OFF						
ន	NEHRU PLACE (NEHRU ENCLAVE)	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	PROVIDED	NOT PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	рвомирер	MINI LANE & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE
E .	GREATER KAILASH	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MMI LANE & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE						
	L	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROWIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MMI LANE, IPT BAY & UNPAID SUBWAY
3	MUNIRKA	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	ROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MANILANE & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE
	RK PURAM	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	TROWD:	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	MMI LANE & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE
13	HAUZKHAS	PROWDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROWDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	agovore:	Ballon Market	PROVIDED	MMI LANE, IPT BAY & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE
16	CHIRAGOELHI	PROVIDED	8 0 0 0 0	PROWDED	MMI LANE & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE						
	OKHLA VIHAR	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED		10	PROVIDED	UNPAID FOR & DROP OFF
21	PANCHSHEEL PARK	PROVIDED	GGWONG	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROWDED	Phovingen	03000	MMI LANE & UNPAID SUBWAY AVAILABLE
2	IGI AIRPORT	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	8	азамона		AMAI LANE & IPT CREATED, ALONG WITH UNPAID SUBWAY(subway Under Construction)
9	JASOLA VIHAR	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	UNPAID FOB & DROP OFF						
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un .	I P EXTENSION	PROVIDED	W.	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	NA	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	3	PROVIDED	
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60	JAMIA NAGAR	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	UNPAID FOR & DROP OFF
6	Кавканроома	MA	NA	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	NA	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	2	PROVIDED	
9	KARKARDOOMA COURT	DROVIDED	ž	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	рколивер	PROVIDED	¥	PROVIDED	
H	KRISHNA NAGAR	\$	2	ž	PROVIDED	ž	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	Ā	PROVIDED	
7	EAST AZAD NAGAR	1		N.	PROVIDED	2	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	ž	PROVIDED	
B	GOKULPURI		Ā	NA	PROVIDED	*	PROVIDED	Gadwon	¥.	030,00 M	
4	SHIV VIHAR		IA	N.	PROVIDED		9	MOVIDED	ź	ggginou	
2	JOHRI ENCLAVE	\$	¥	ł	PROVIDED	Ź	Gaggio	PROVIDED	2	PROVIDED	
16	MAUJPUR	<u> </u>	NA		PROVIDED	ź	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	5	PROVIDED	
	JAFFRABAD	PROVIDED	NA.	¥	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	2	OBOIND84	
81	WELCOME	Ä	NA.	4	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	4	PROVIDED	
9	DELMI GATE	PROVIDED	Ą		PROVIDED		PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	PROVIDED	
20	KASHMIRI GATE	PROVIDED	8.8								The execution at site has been done with

Phon land 2

Sub: MMI work at designated metro stations.

The estimate, as desired, for MMI work at following metro stations is enclosed herewith and a brief description is

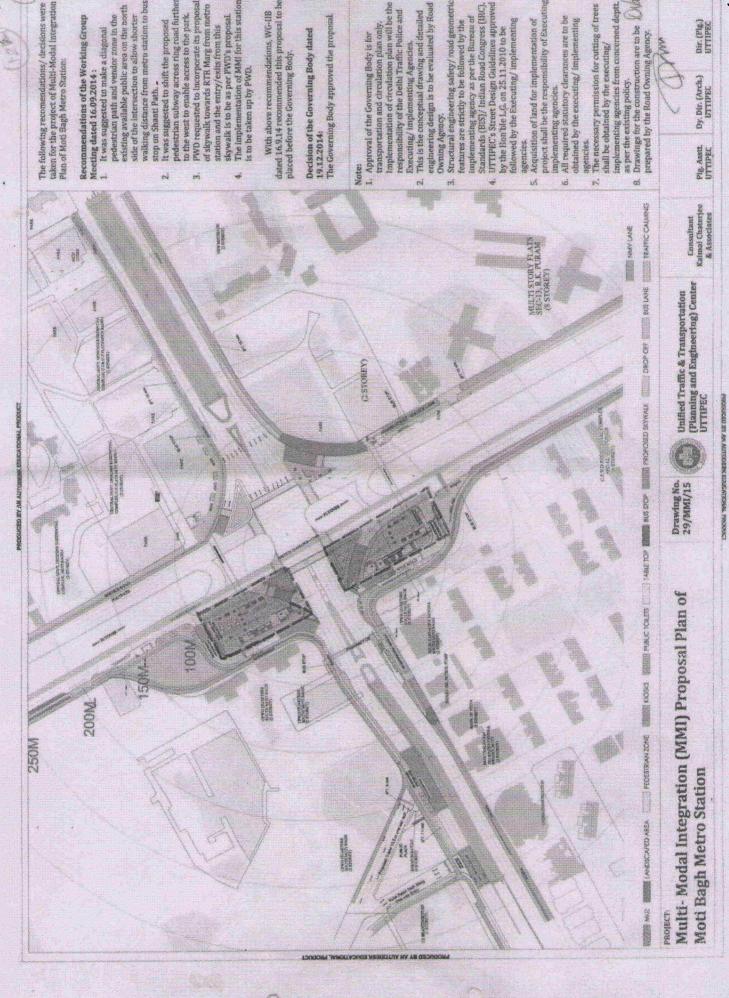
		S.No.	Name of IV Station		Estimate (Rs. In Lakhs)		Consultancy of Concept development (Rs. In Lakhs		Status	of lar	d Remarks		
	- 2	1-	Jahangirpu	rpuri 608			5.00	DMRC 8		& PWD		ovision for Bus Lane, Auto Lane and Non-motorised chicles, Extension of DMRC concourse area. Dust ppression sprinkler system, Dew catcher, Water nnections etc.	
	-	2	Dilshad Gard	len	136		5.00	F	PWD &	DMRC	utilities and road restoration.		
)	-	3	Shahadara		148		5.00		DMI	RC	Provision for cycle stand cycle track, Halt & Go for TSR, re-alignment of foot path & parking, shifting utilities and road restoration.		
	2	4.	Moolchand		108		5.00	MCD & DMF		OMRC	Prov TSR,	vision for cycle stand cycle track, Halt & Go for RESTORATION OF DRAINAGE, UTILITIES AND D WORK.	
			Neharu Place	101, 45,82		2.6	5.00	D	DA & D		O NECOLE	ening of feeder bus area, cycle stand, cycle track, & Go for TSR, restoration of utilities, fout path	
	7	K	Kashmere Gate Chatarpur				5.00	معارد	DMRC		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	ne of the Phase-III Interchange Station. MMI will be completed before ROD (Revenue	
			Chatarpur		950		15.00		DMRC	.	IMI	drawing have been finalizes by M/s Oasis (one of TIPEC approved consultants)	
	8		New Delhi		460		5.00		DMRC		Part modification done by DMRC. Addition modification plan prepared. Submitted to railway for approval and allotment of land. Dust suppression sprinkler system, Dew catcher, Water connections etc.		
-	9		AllMS		370		5.00	С	OMRC	MRC Du		Go, FOB, Public Toilets and RR Cycle stand. ppression sprinkler system, Dew catcher, connections etc.	
2	10	DV	warka Mod		580		5.00	D	MRC	На	Halt & Go, Bus bay, Cycle Track etc. Dust suppressi sprinkler system, Dew catcher, Water connections		
-	11	Uttar	Jttam Nagar East		650		5.00		DMRC		Halt & Go, Bus way, Cycle Track, Sky walk etc. Dust suppression sprinkler system, Dew catcher, Water connections etc.		
.13		Jhan	ol Bagh/ dewalan	.10	007	5	5.00	DM	RC	Mor stati (long child jhand by ar the ro Hence conve	e cor on is FOE ren a dewa ea. T Dad d e sky nince or oth	ngestion is at station Jhandewalan Hence, this taken up for MMI. Provision for Sky walk) to facilitate movement of various School and other commuters across the road. At lan station, There are alot of schools in near the children of those schools have to cross ue to absence of Foot Over Bridge (FOB). walk proposed at stations will facilitate a for school children, metro commuters as the road users. Dust suppression sprinkler we catcher, Water connections etc.	
14	+		ri Nagar	550	0	, 5.0	00 00	MR	C	-	-		
74	1	Rohin	i West	580		5.0	20	MR				Bus Bay, Cycle Track etc. Bus Bay, Cycle Track & Stand.	

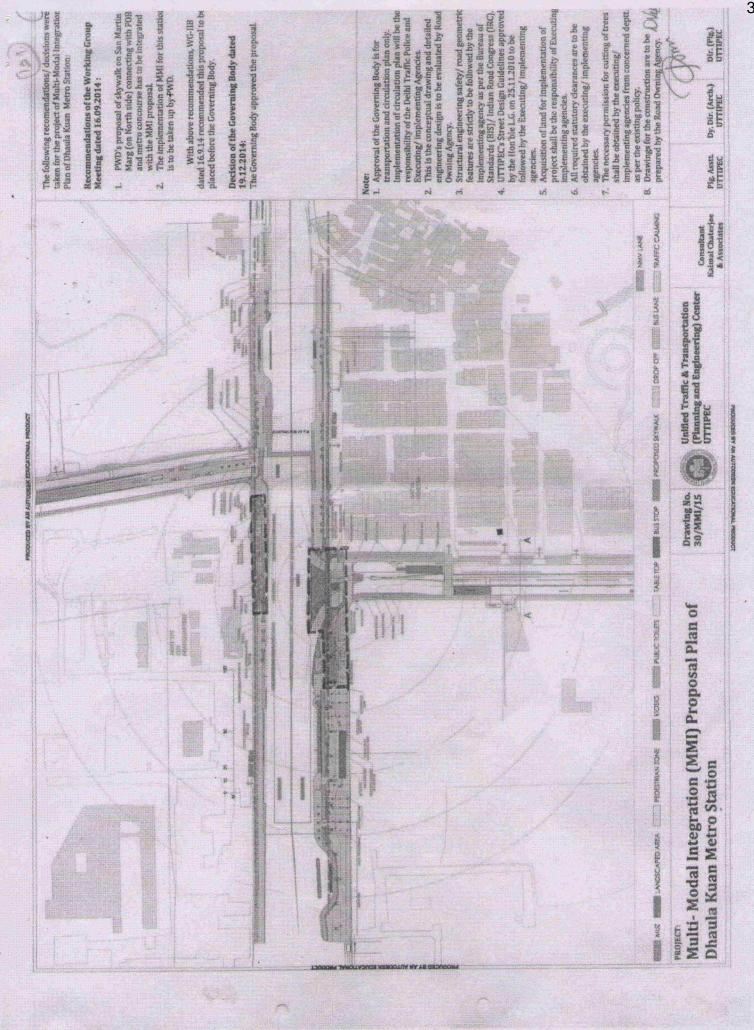
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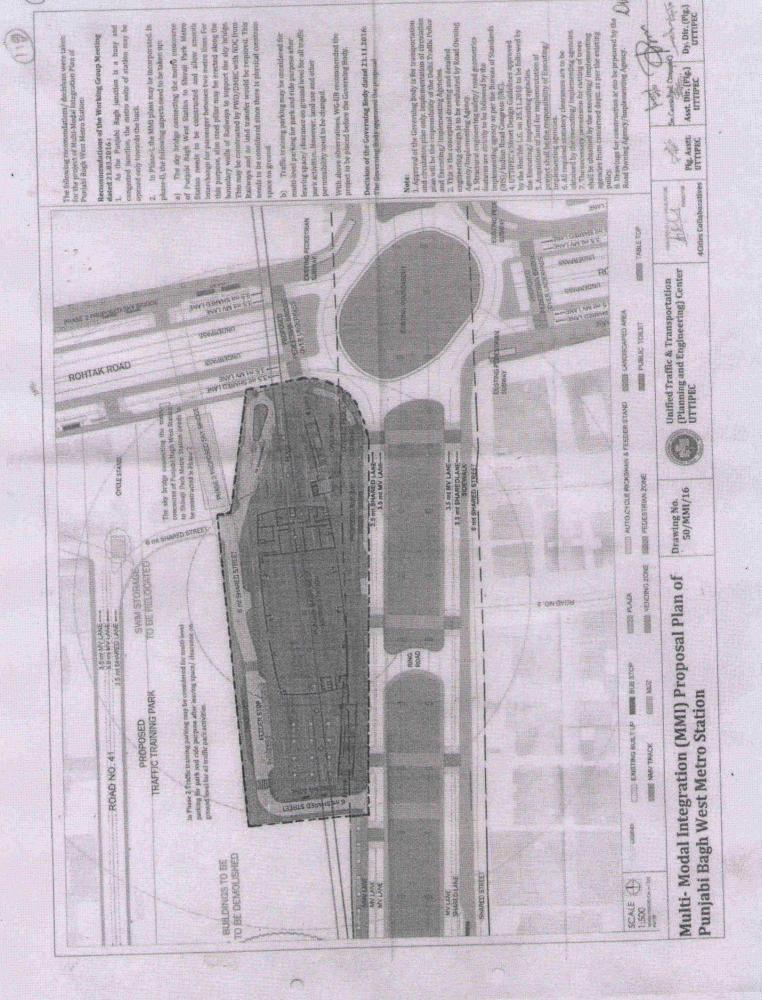
pe see the delaits of 11/2 and tenfative cost estimate, AGM (6)

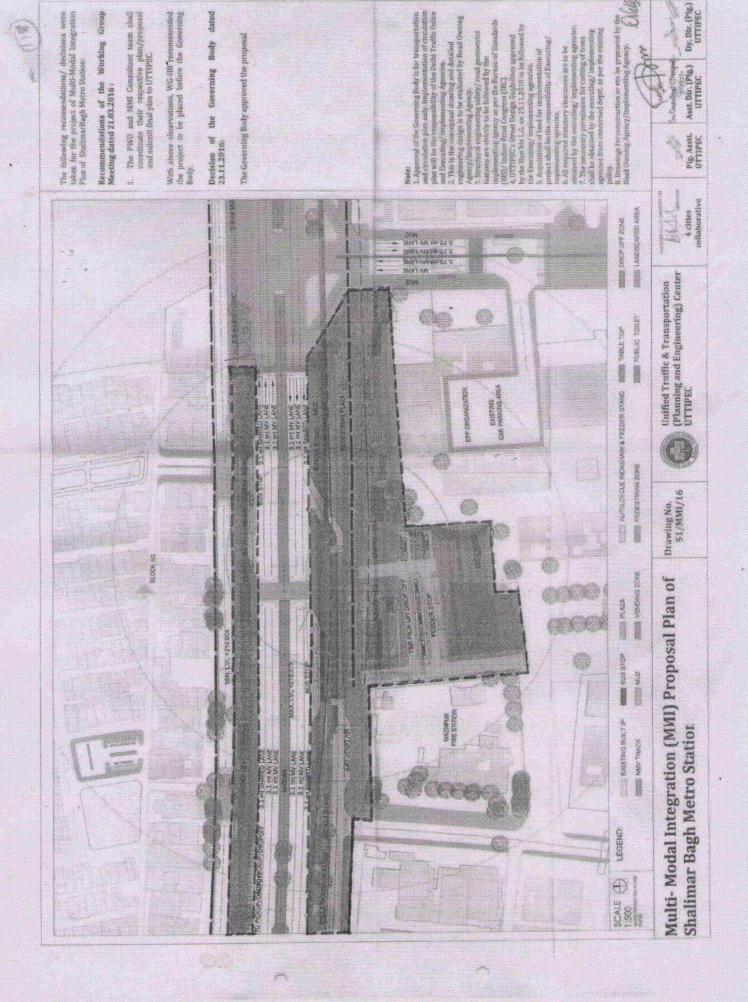
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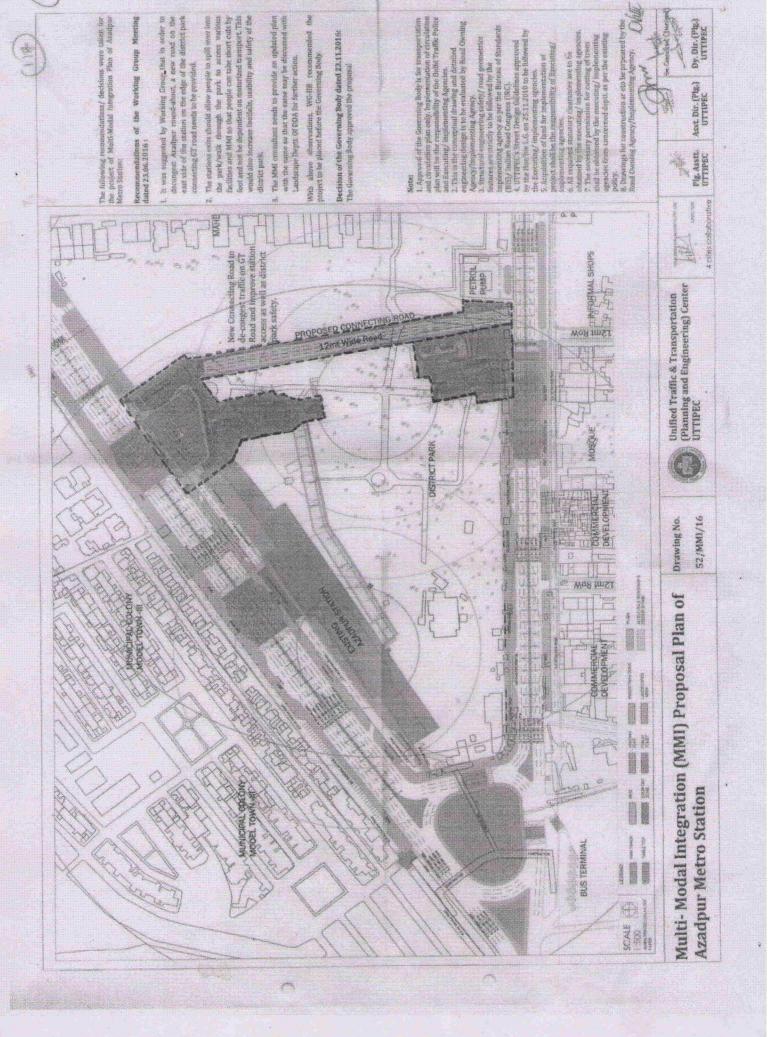


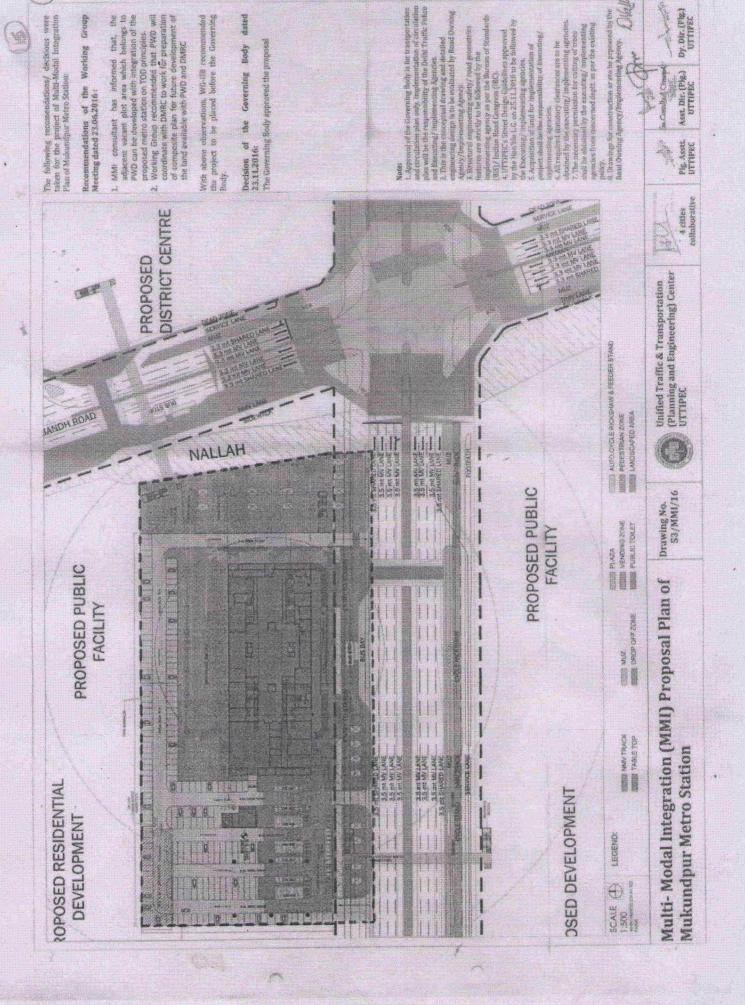


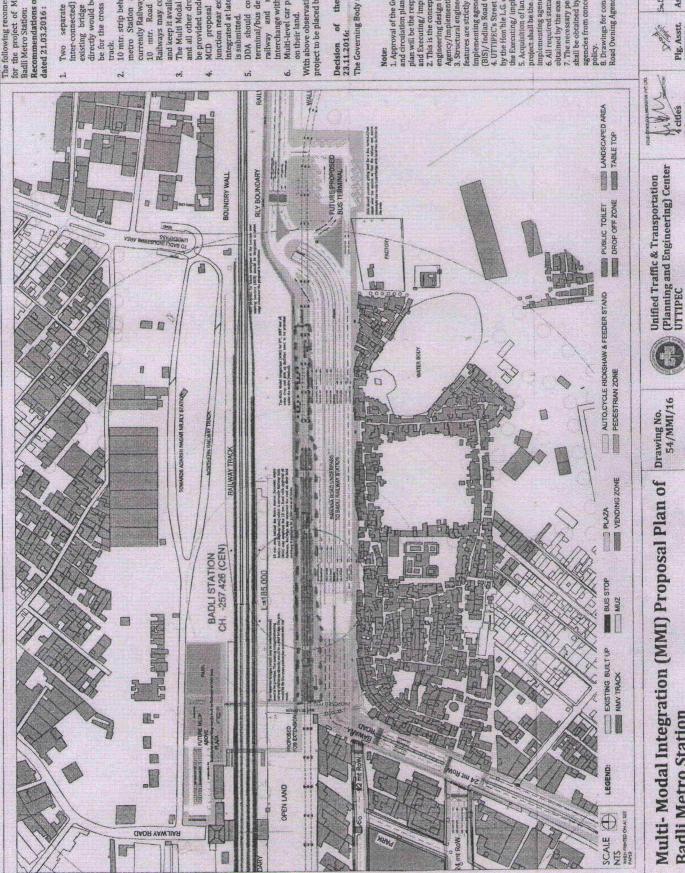
36











The following recomendations/ decisions were taken for the project of Multi-Modal Integration Plan of Badli Metro Station:
Recommendations of the Working Group Meeting

inter-counected) need to be provided. The existing bridge connecting railway platforms directly would be a paid bridge, the arm would be for the cross pedestrian movement over the track.

10 mtr. strip behind the Metro station (between metro Station and Railway land) which is currently Railway land. DMRC may construct the 10 mtr. Road with approval of Railways. and all other drop and pick up facilities need to be provided under the metro (viaduct). MCD proposal for future underpass at the junction near existing junction (RUB) should be The Multi Modal Integration (MMI) for IPT, NMT Railways may construct the road on their land and keep it available for public use at all times.

DDA should consider giving land for a bus terminal/bus depot near the station so that the integrated at latest stage whenever the proposal

car parking may be built by Rallways erchange with local bus facilities in the area.

With above observations, WG-IIB recommended the project to be placed before the Governing Body.

dated Decision of the Governing Body 23.11.2016: The Governing Body approved the proposal

plan will be the responsibility of the Delhi Traffic Police and Executing/ implementing Agencies. Approval of the Governing Body is for transportation and circulation plan only, implementation of circulation 2. This is the conceptual drawing and detailed engineering design is to be evaluated by Road Owning

Implementing agency as per the Bureau of Standards (BIS)/ Indian Road Congress (IRC). 4. UTTIPEC's Street Design Guidelines approved by the Hon'ble L.G. on 25.11.2010 to be followed by the Executing/ implementing agencies. Agency/Implementing Agency.

3. Structural engineering safety/ road geometrics features are strictly to be followed by the

obtained by the executing/ implementing agencie agencies from concerned deptt, as per the existir 7. The necessary permission for cutting of trees project shall be the responsibility of Executing statutory dearances are to be ained by the executing/ Im on of land for imp

B. Drawings for construction at eto be presared by the Road Owning Agency/Implementing Agency.

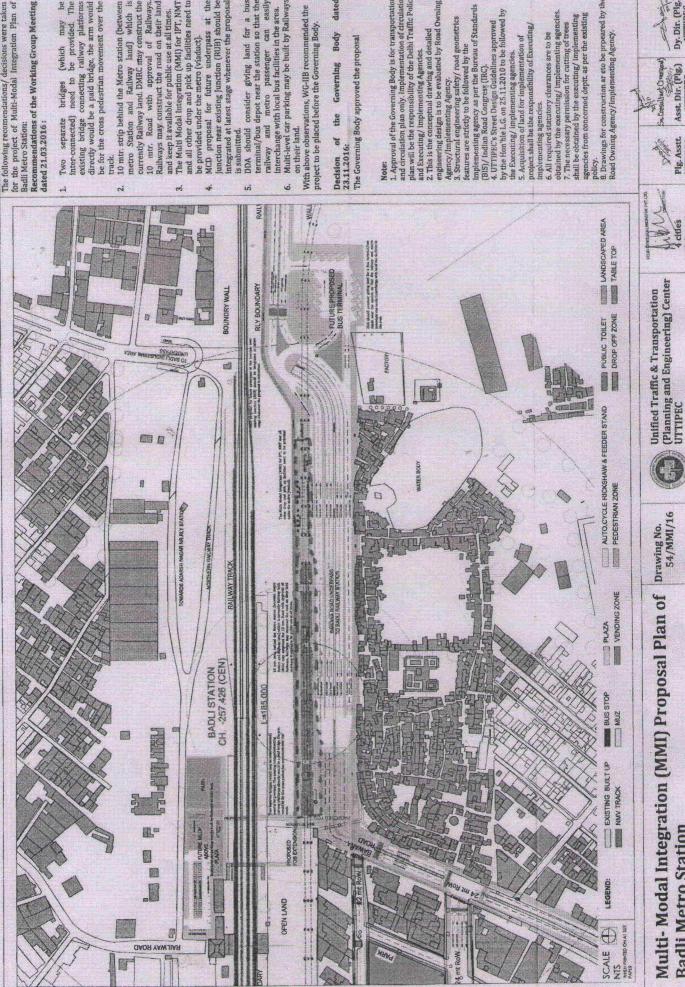


Collaborative

Badli Metro Station

Asst Dir. (P.E.)

Dy. Dir. (Plg.) urrimec



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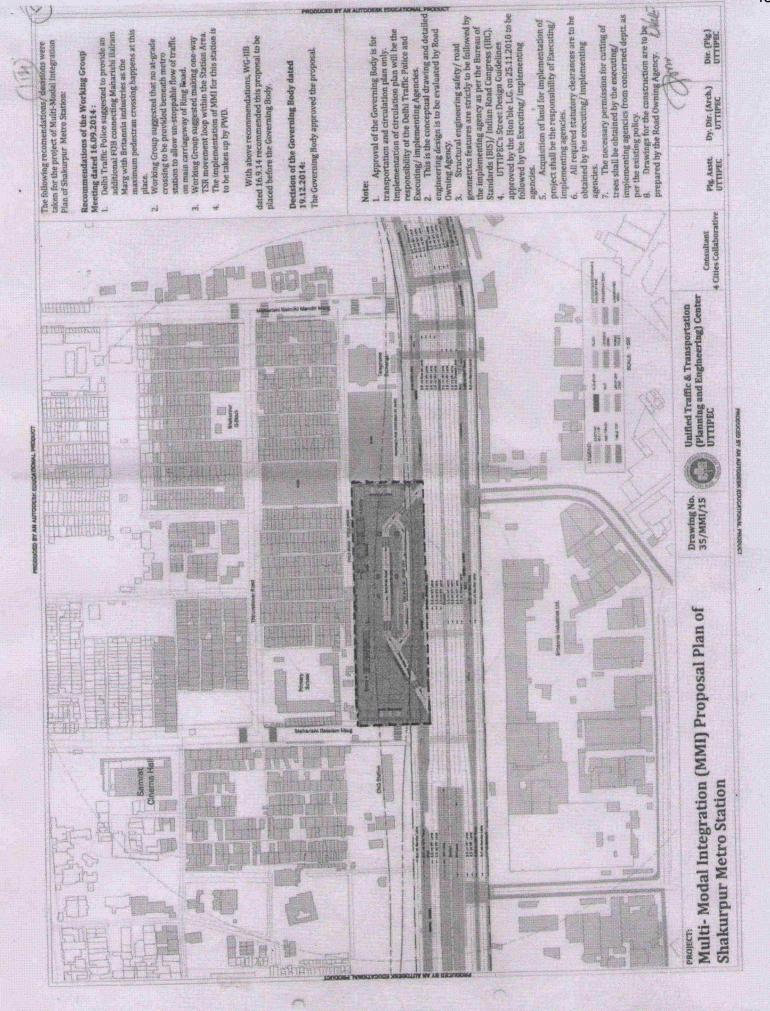
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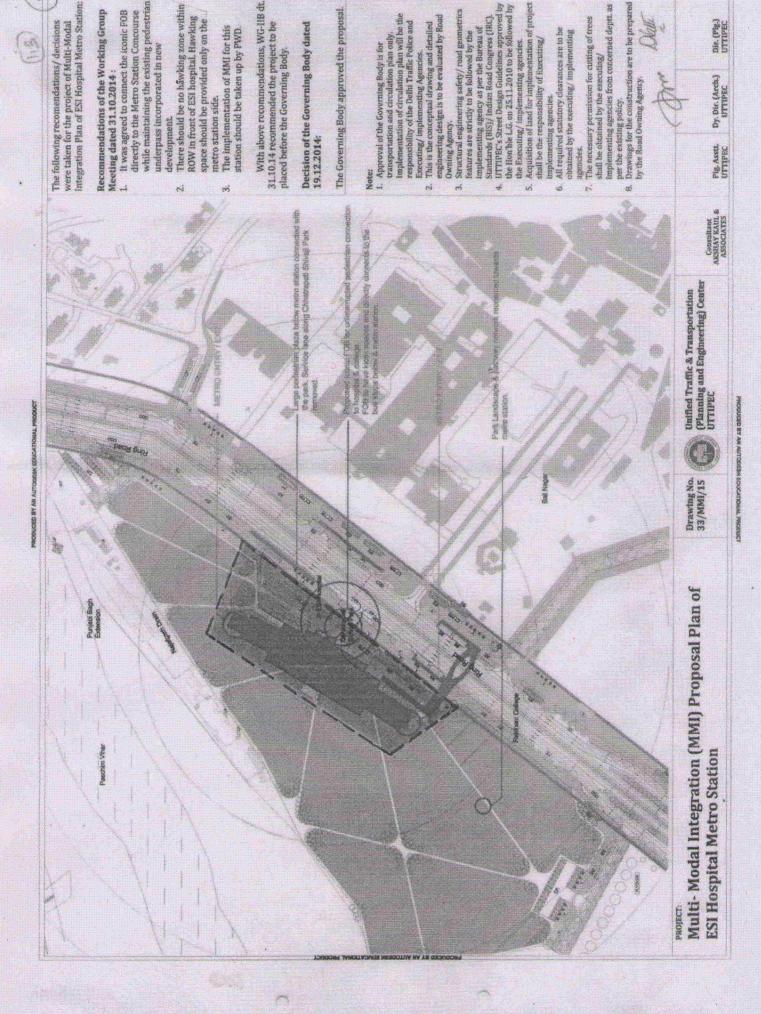
Collaborative

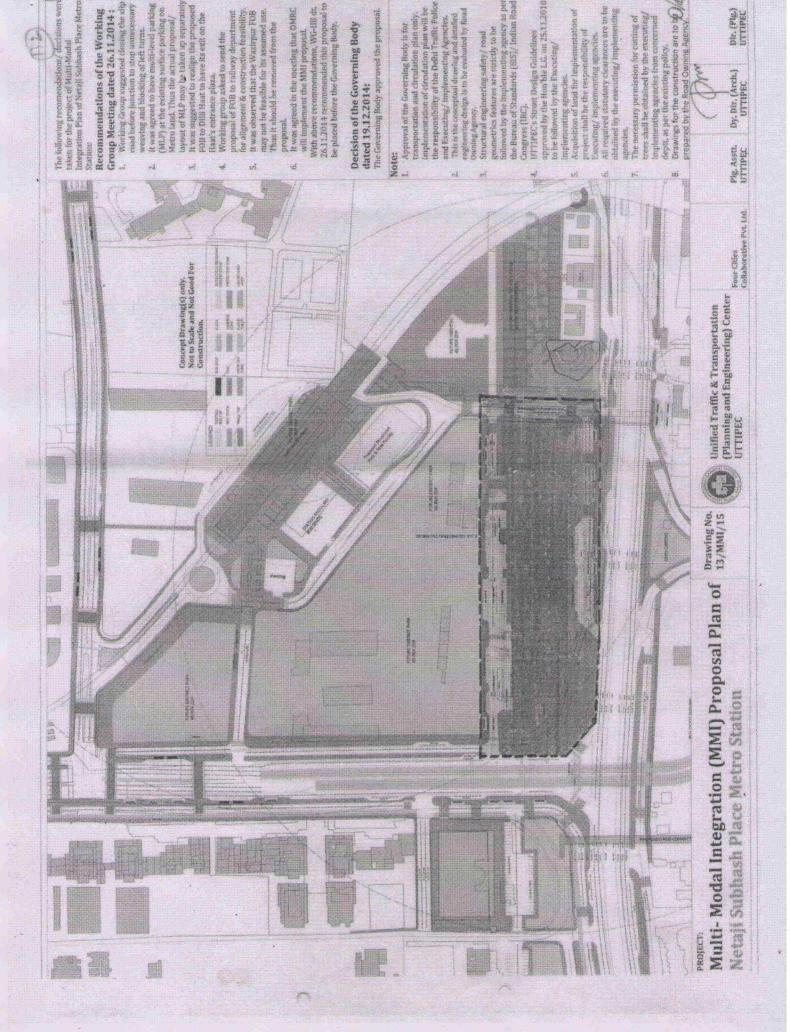
Badli Metro Station

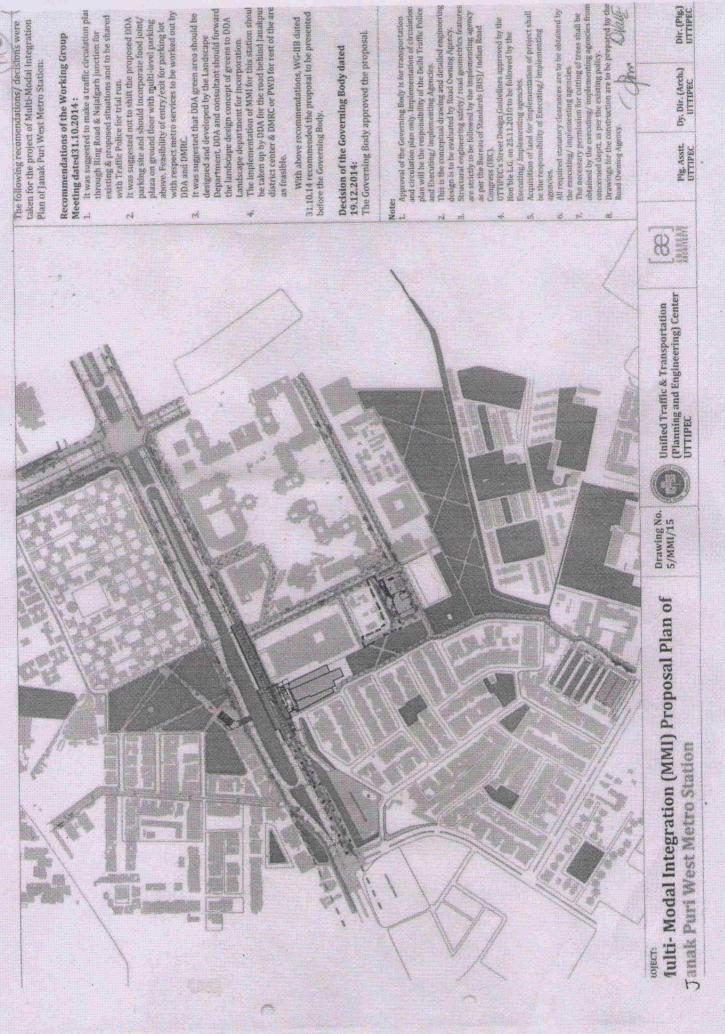
Asst Dir. (P.E.)

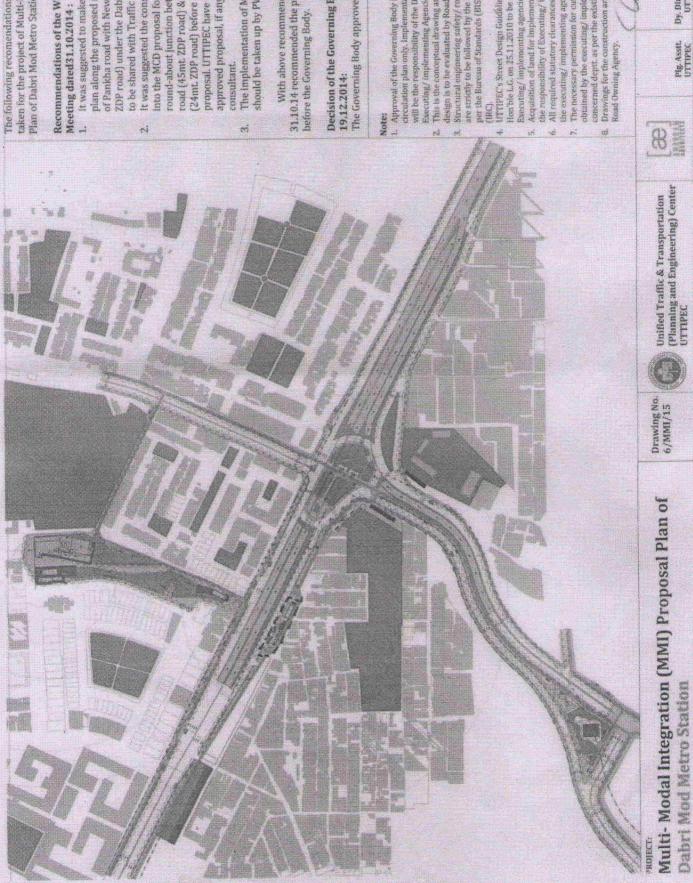
Dy. Dir. (Plg.) urrupec











The following recomendations/ decisions were taken for the project of Multi-Modal Integration Plan of Dahrt Mod Metro Station

Recommendations of the Working Group

- plan along the proposed round-about function of Pankha road with New Dwarka road (45mt it was suggested to make a traffic circulation ZDP road) under the Dabri Mod flyover, and to be shared with Traffic Police for trial run.
 - into the MCD proposal for under construction round-about lunction between New Dwarks approved proposal, if any for this area to the It was suggested the consultant should look road (45mt, 2DP road) & Palam-Dabn mang proposal, UTTIPEC have to provide MCD (24mt, 2DP road) before finalizing the
 - The implementation of MMI for this station should be taken up by PWD & DMRC.

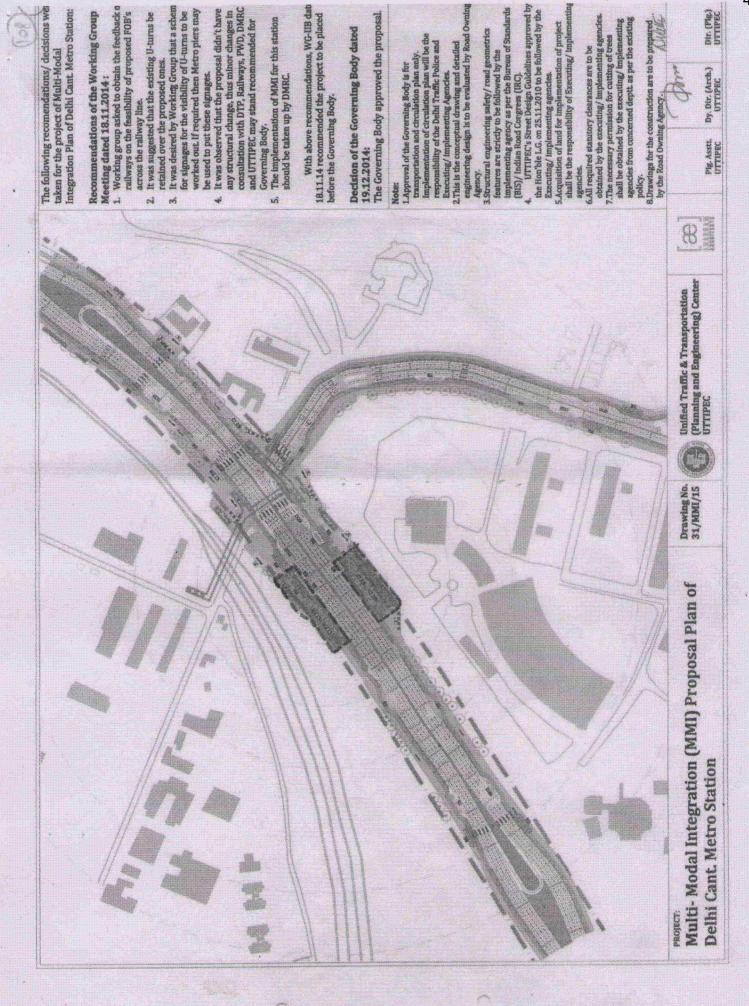
With above recommendations, WG-IIB dt. 31.10.14 recommended the project to be placed Defore the Covernment Body

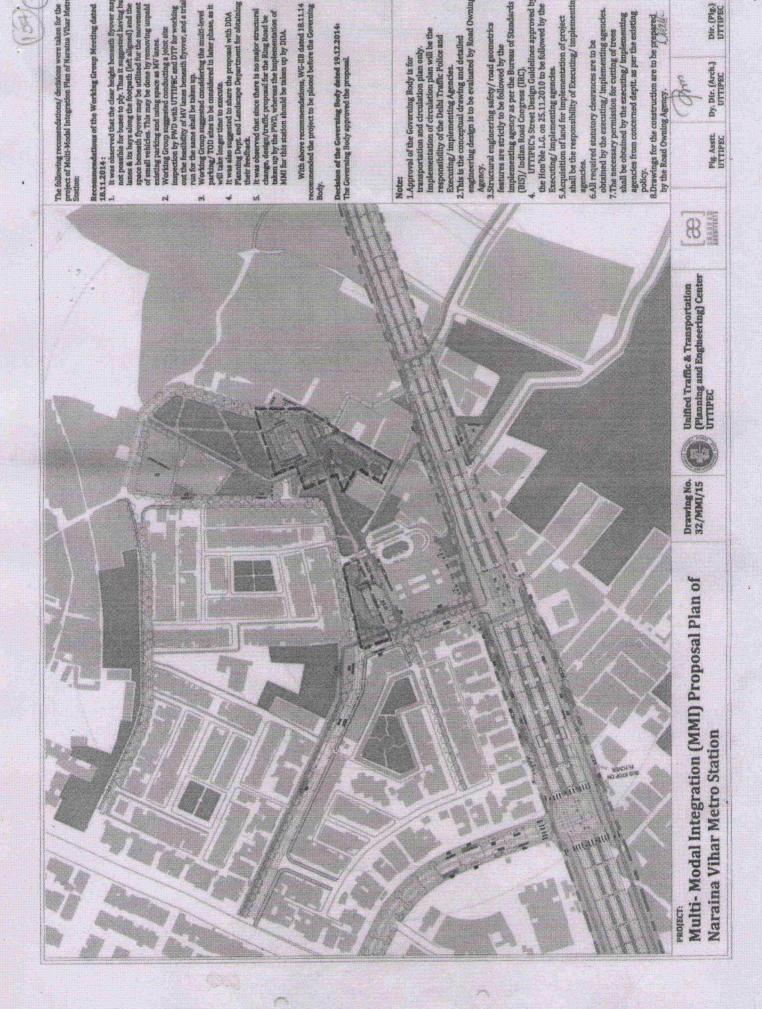
Decision of the Governing Body dated

The Governing Body approved the proposal.

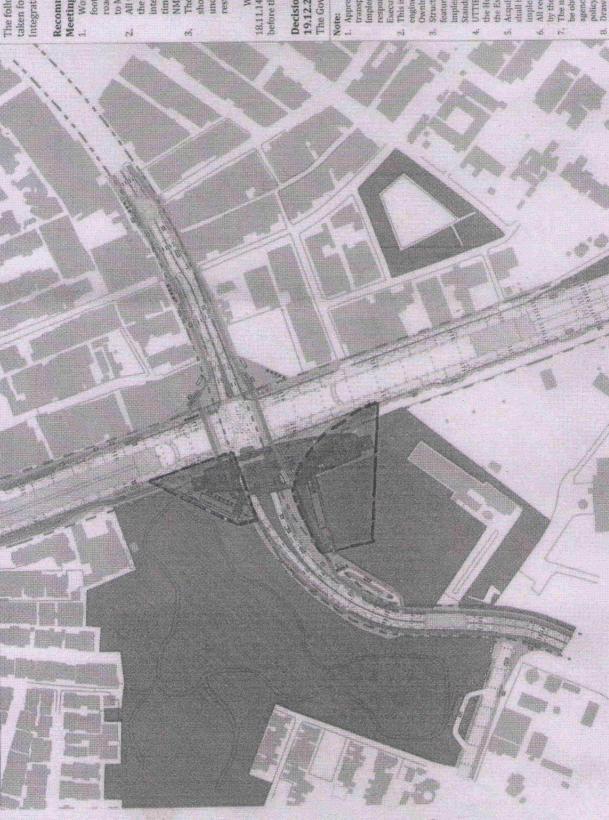
- Approval of the Coverning Body is for transportation and circulation plan only, implementation of circulation plan will be the responsibility of the Delhi Traffic Police and
- This is the conceptual drawing and detailed engineering descen is to be evaluated by Road Owning Agency.
- are strictly to be followed by the implementing agency as per the Bureau of Standards (RIS) / Indian Road Congress Structural engineering safety/ road geometrics features
- UTTIPEC's Street Design Guidelines approved by the Horrisis L.G. on 25.11.2010 to be followed by the
- Acquisition of land for implementation of project shall be the resemblishing of Executing / Implementing agencies All required statutory clearances are to be obtained by
 - The necessary permission for cutting of trees shall be obtained by the executing/implementing agencies from concerned dept. as per the existing polity. STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IN C
 - Drawings for the constitution and to be majorited by the











The following recomendations/ decisions w Integration Plan of Mayapuri Metro Station: taken for the project of Multi-Modal

Recommendations of the Working Group Meeting dated 18.11.2014:

- Working Group suggested adding FOBs at th road safely. The FOB shall preferably connefoot of flyovers to facilitate propile to cross
- to Metro Station with a skywalk also.
 All the at-grade solutions stand approved by
 the stakeholders, including the signalized timings by DTP for the ease of pedestrians, mersection with shart alteration of signs NMT crossing
- should be taken up by PWD, whereas the an The implementation of MMI for this station restored as per proposed MMI plan only under DMRC for Metro construction be

With above recommendations, WC-HE day 18,11,14 recommended the project to be placed With the Constitute Book

Decision of the Governing Body dated 19,12,2014:

The Governing Body approved the proposal

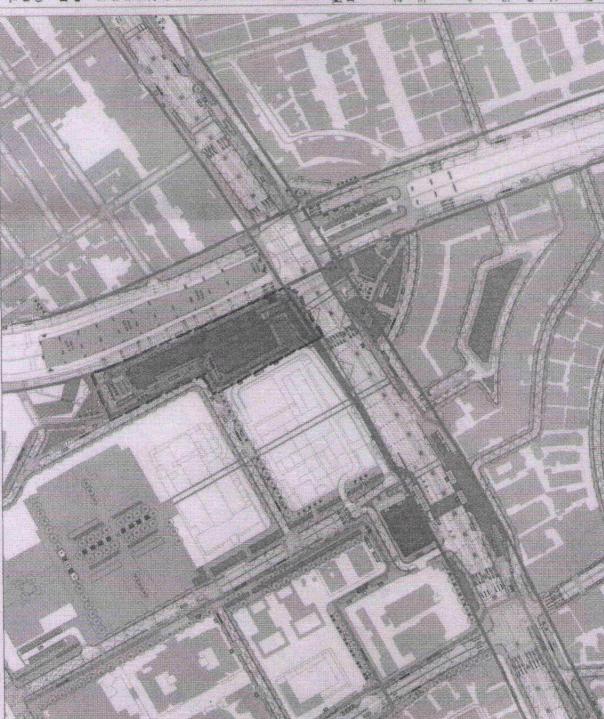
- molementation of circulation plan will be the responsibility of the Delhi Traffic Folice and transportation and directation plan only 1. Approval of the Coverning Body is for September 1991 Control of the Property of the
 - This is the conceptual drawing and detailed
 - engineering design is to be evaluated by Road
- Structural engineering salety/ road geometric mplementing agency as per the Bureau of cotures are strictly to be followed by the
- A PARTICULAR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF TH the Homble L.G. on 25.11.2010 to be followed by Scandards (BIS)/ Inchian Road Congress (TKO
- than be the responsibility of Execution
- by the encenting/implementing as major 8 00000
- The second secon
 - Drawings for the construction are to by the Road Owning Agency.

Unified Traffic & Transportation (Planning and Engineering) Center

Multi- Modal Integration (MMI) Proposal Plan of

CTTPEC





The following recomendations / decisions were taken the project of Multi-Modal integration Plan of Rajouri

Recommendations of the Working Group Meeting 41.57.70

- stakeholders, including the signalized intersection with All the at-grade solutions stand approved by the slight afteration to signal timings for the ease of
 - PWD proposed to have FOB along Ring Road to b any sort of drop-off/ pick-up to be designated on flyove at the level of flyover so that it may be used in future if itself, example having bus stops on flyover. pedestrians/ NMT crossing.

 2. PWD proposed to 1.
- Working Group desired for modified 3D views fo 3. Working Groun

With above recommendations, WG-IIB dt. 4.12.2014 recommended this proposal to be placed before the Decision of the Governing Body dated 19,12,2014; The Governing Body approved the proposal.

Note

- will be the responsibility of the Delhi Traffic Police and Approval of the Governing Body is for transportation a circulation plan only. Implementation of circulation pla Executing/implementing Agendes
- This is the conceptual drawing and detailed engineerin design is to be evaluated by Road Owning Agency.
 - Structural engineering safety/ road geometrics feature are strictly to be followed by the implementing agency per the Bureau of Standards (BIS)/ Indian Road Congr GRO
- UTTIPEC's Street Design Guidelines approved by the Hon bie L.G. on 25,11,2610 to be followed by the Executing/implementing agencies
- Acquisition of land for implementation of project shall the responsibility of Executing/ implementing agencie All required statutory dearances are to be obtained by
- obtained by the executing/ implementing agencies from the executing/implementing agencies.
 The necessary permission for cutting of trees shall be concerned deptt, as per the existing policy.
- Drawings for the construction are to be prepared by th

Rajouri Garden Metro Station

