



**Forum of Cities that Segregate
(12-13 December, 2017)
New Delhi**

**IMPHAL MUNICIPAL CORPORATION,
IMPHAL, MANIPUR**

Existing Status of Waste Management

- **Population:** 2,68,243 (2011 Census)
- **Generation:** 80-120TPD
- **Segregation in percentage (%):** Nil
- ✓ *Segregation launched on June 5th, 2017*
- ✓ *Number of wards where segregation is happening: segregation initiated, currently on core areas of Imphal city*
- **Door to door (DTD) collection:** All 27 wards under IMC
- **Collection efficiency:** 60%
- **Processing (recycling & treatment of wet/dry waste):** Waste to Compost plant (Processed 60 TPD)
- **Disposal:** Sanitary landfill and Waste to Energy Plant

Existing Legislations on Waste Management

- **Does the city have by laws as per the SWM Rules, 2016?:** *Imphal Municipal Council (Cleanliness and Sanitation) Bye-Laws 2011 is in force.*
- **Status of compliance and monitoring:** *Special enforcement team in place to ensure compliance and monitoring*
- **Any penalty provision for littering?:** *Fine imposed under 'Imphal Municipal Council (Cleanliness and Sanitation) Bye-Laws 2011'.*
- **Any state policy to ban plastic?:** *Use of plastic bags of less than 50 microns in thickness is banned.*
- **Any other important initiative/practices adopted by city to push for segregation:** *Placement of Twin litter bins (blue and green colour) along the roadside of core areas of Imphal initiated.*

Has the ULB adopted
Decentralised Waste Management?

No. Centralised waste management still economically viable as the city size is small

Major gaps and challenges of source segregation

- For existing waste to energy plant (under construction), mixed waste is preferred
- Lack of awareness among the citizens
- Inadequate infrastructure



Lamdeng Waste to Compost Plant



Sanitary Landfill at Lamdeng

▪ **Imphal Municipal Council (Cleanliness and Sanitation) Bye-Laws 2011**

http://imc.mn.gov.in/sanitation_bye_law.pdf