

India's SFD Journey – Advocacy, Application, Opportunities and Challenges

Dhruv Pasricha



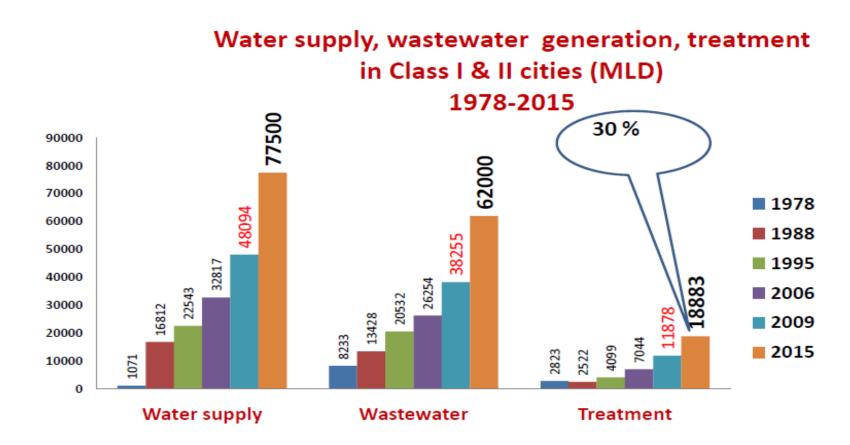
Structure of Presentation



- Urban excreta management in India Past and present
- Shit Flow Diagram (SFD) and excreta management
- SFD as tool of Advocacy
- SFD as tool for Sanitation Planning and Monitoring
- SFD as a tool to map sanitation inequity
- SFD in numbers

Mapping SFDs: India's journey...





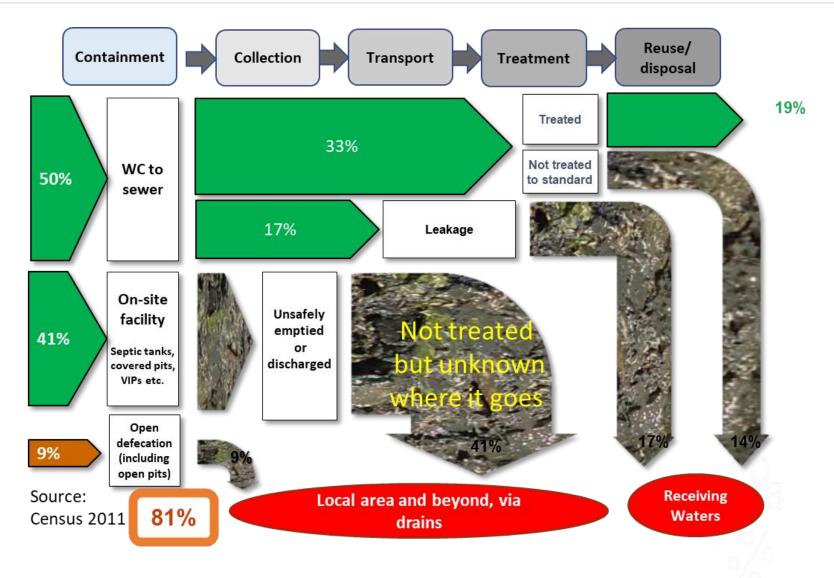
Mapping SFDs: India's journey...



- 30% of total sewage can be treated in 2015
 - 31 % of treatment capacity in Delhi & Mumbai in 2015
- As per a CPCB report of 2021, only 22% of sewage is treated in Urban India
- Significant population still dependent on on-site sanitation -Septic tanks with inadequate mechanisms across sanitation chain.
- With increasing urbanization as on date situation has not changed much, increased sewage treatment capacity is falling behind -
- We flush and forget

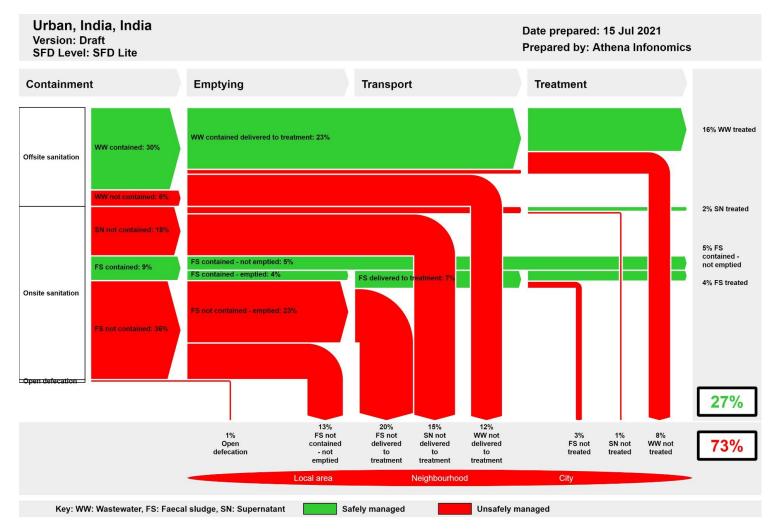
Urban India – Excreta Management, 2011





Urban India – Excreta Management, 2021





Source: Luthra, B. et al. (2021) 'How swachh (clean) is urban India today?' Water Science Policy, doi: https://dx.doi.org/10.53014/LXFY9636

Excreta Matters: 2011 - now





CSE prepared the India 1st
Policy Paper on Septage
Management in India as key
reform agenda for improved
urban sanitation for the
Ministry of Urban Development
(now called Housing & Urban
Affairs), Government of India

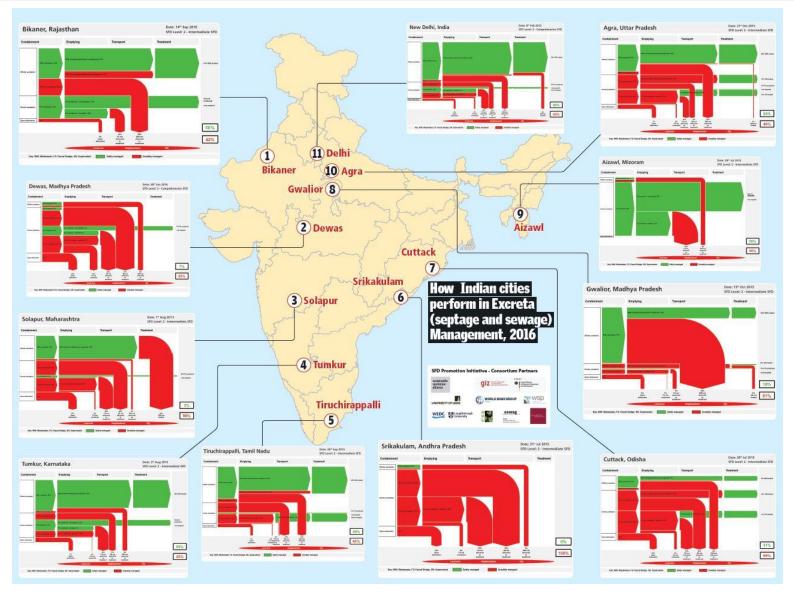


Gain support for more sustainable: Urban Sanitation solution...SFDs



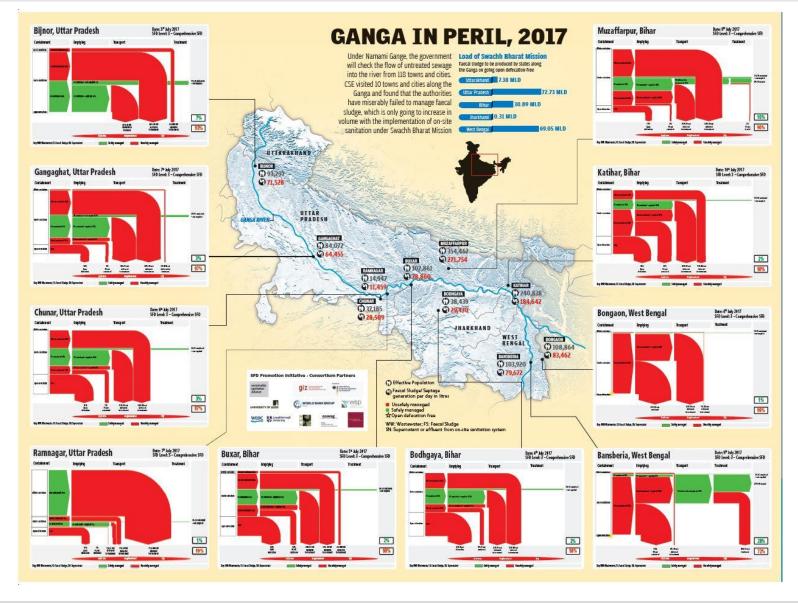
SFDs for Advocacy – Phase 1 and 2





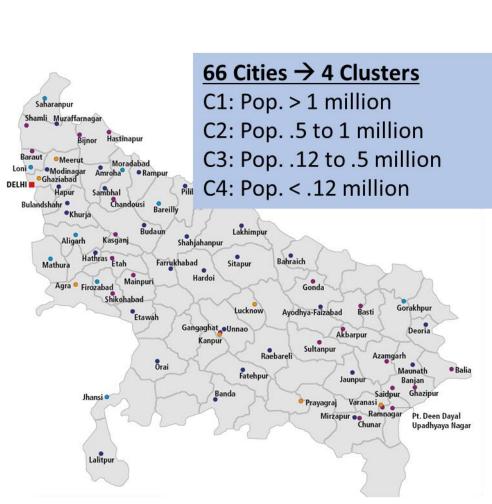
SFDs for Advocacy – Phase 1 and 2

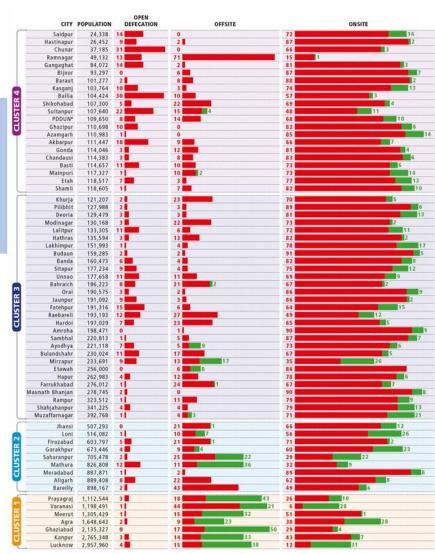




Assessment of FSSM in Uttar Pradesh

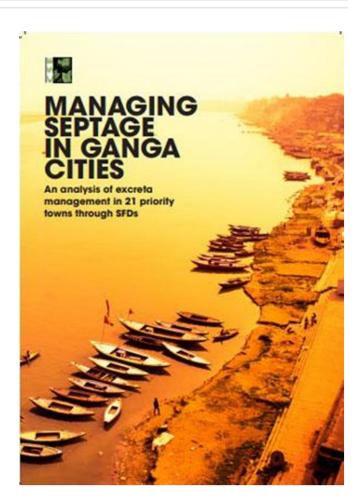


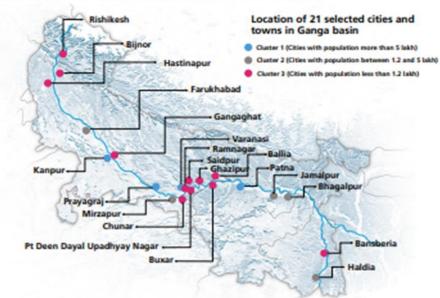




Assessment of Pollution in Ganga Basin



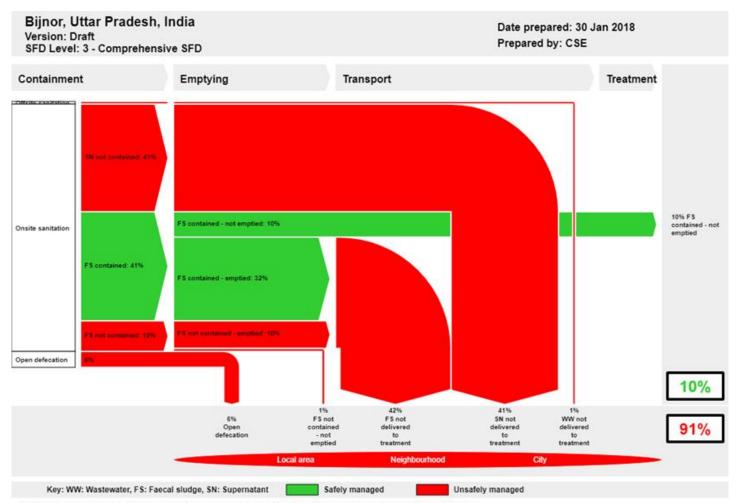




		0% 37%			17%		26%		19%	
Prayagraj	13,78,295	1% 36%			22%	_	12%		23%	
Kampur	30,11,693	1% 21%		_	44%		28%			61
Varanasi	11,98,491	25 65	19%	85	62%					
Patna	16,80,000	5% 17%		13%	26%		35%			
Mirzoper	2,33,691	25.05.35.71	E655							
Jamalpur	1,30,530	1% 1% 24%		7% 67%						
Farukkhabad	2,79,012	1% 9% 10% 0								
Bhagalpur	4,70,335		N 22%	71%						
Haldia	2,48,578	10000		-						
	49,132	13% 6% 7							15, 156	
	84,072	14% 0% 7	_							
Hastinapur	26,452	95, 95,25,25								
Chunar	40,205	\$55,855,855,110								
Saidpur	24,438	14% 0% 0% 1		72%						
Rishikesh	1,18,664	24%		77%		25%		25%		
Bijner	93,297		E555			1765				
Mughalsarai	1,09,650	8% 8% 16%	10	63%						
talia	1,04,424	30% 0%		10%	35,57%					
Chazipur	1,10,587	10% 0% 0% 1	5 82%							
Buxar	1,02,861	30% 0%		45,05	66%					
BULLET	1,02,051	0% 4%2% 0%	0.6%							

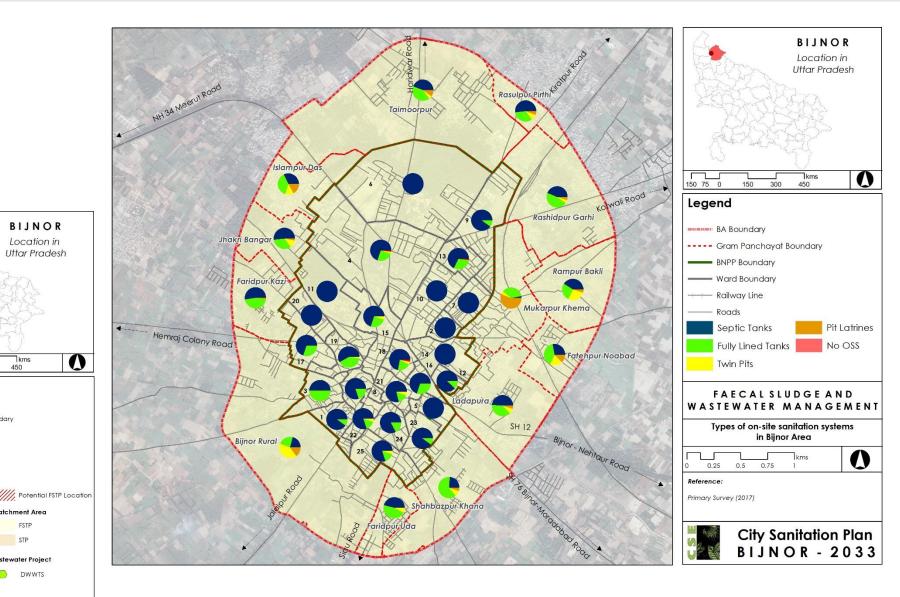
COPEN DEFECATION Surfe Desafe Safe Unsafe





The SFD Promotion Initiative recommends preparation of a report on the city context, the analysis carried out and data sources used to produce this graphic. Full details on how to create an SFD Report are available at: sfd.susana.org





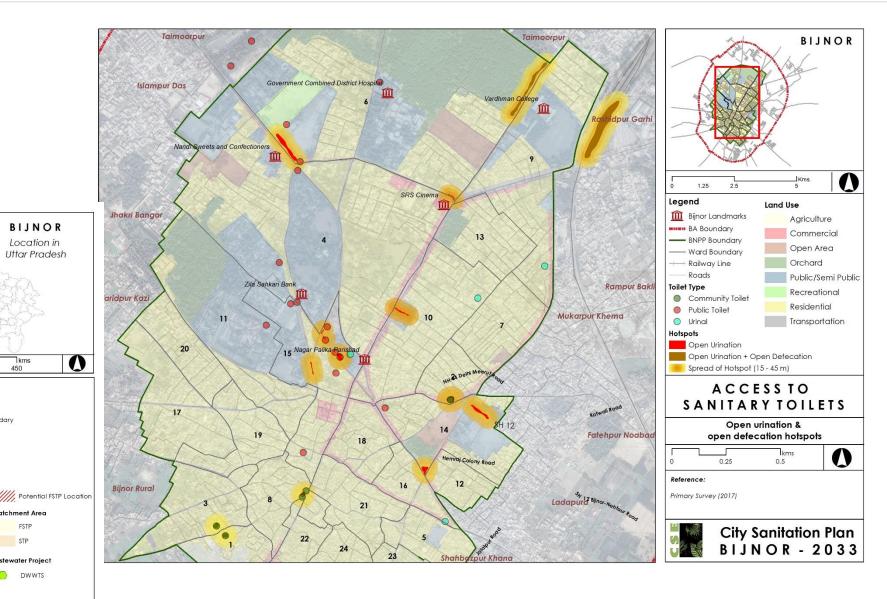
BIJNOR Location in Uttar Pradesh

atchment Area

stewater Project DWWTS

ACTION

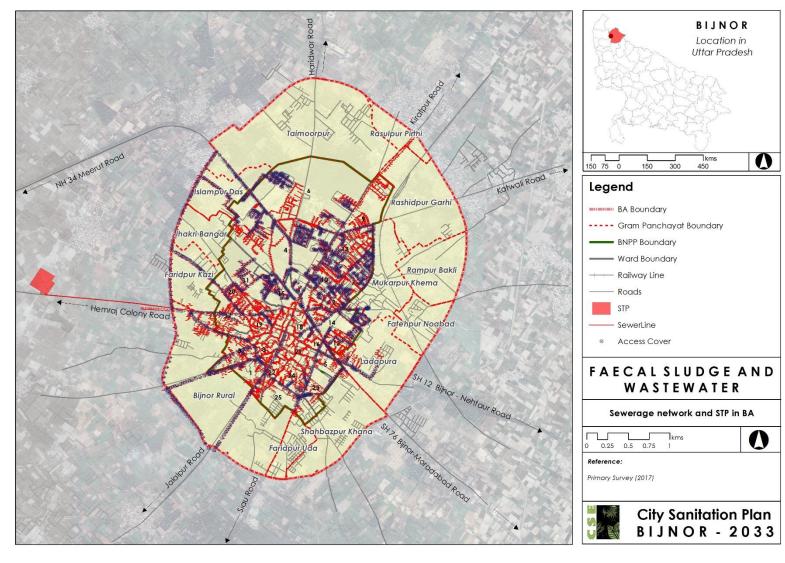




ACTION

atchment Area



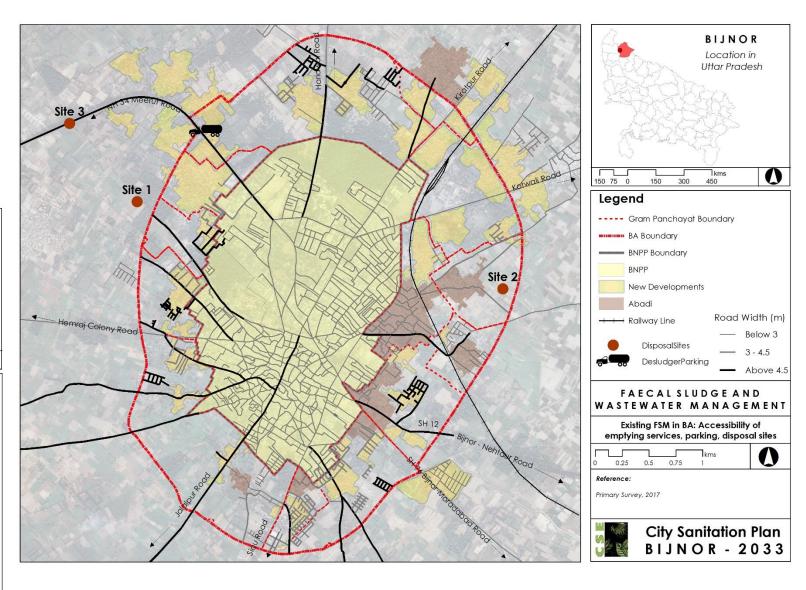


BIJNOR
Location in
Uttar Pradesh

Potential FSTP Location

ACTION





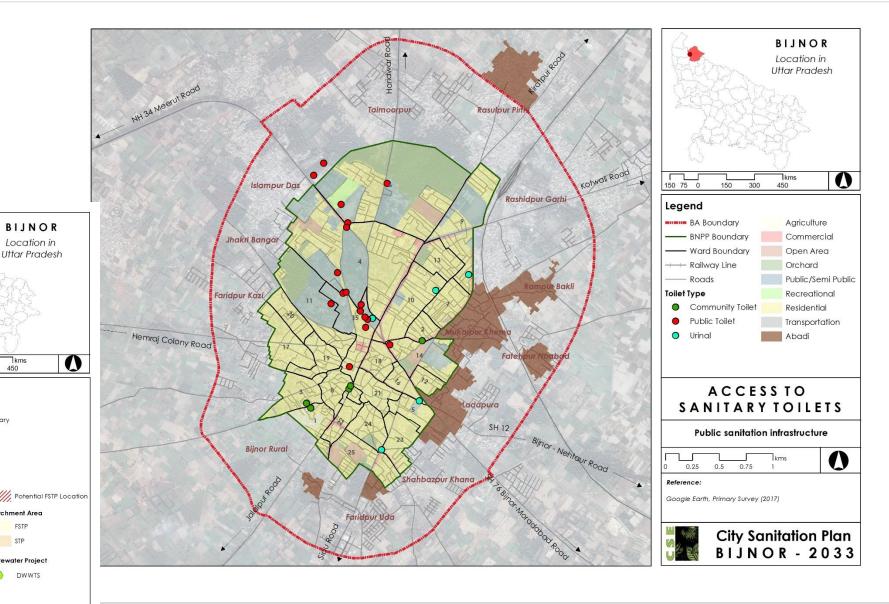
BIJNOR
Location in
Uttar Pradesh

ACTION

////, Potential FSTP Location

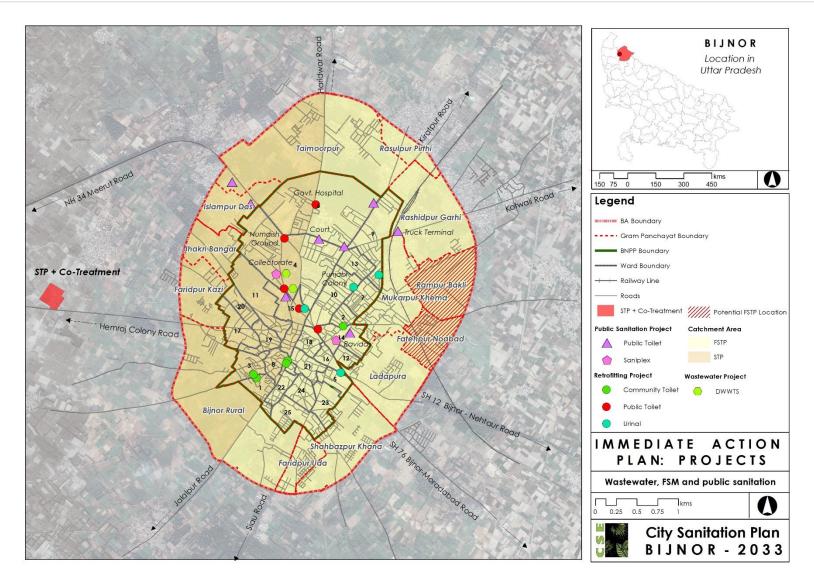
atchment Area



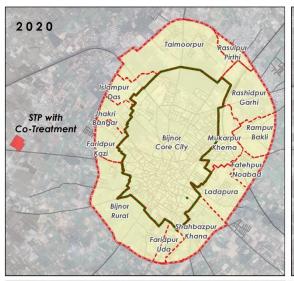


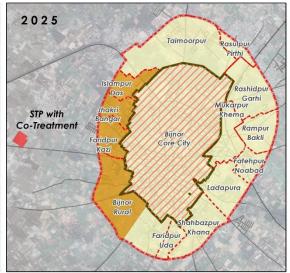
ACTION

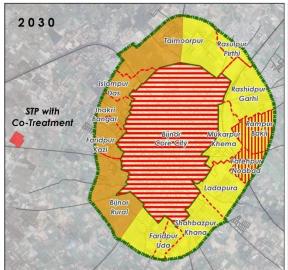












NOTES:

2020

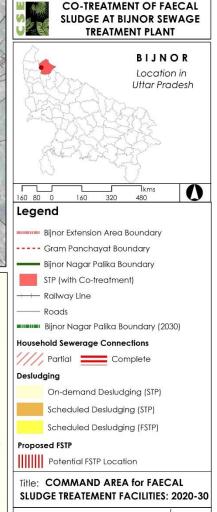
- Total faecal sludge treated through co-treatment facility
 at existing STP: 20 KLD.
- 2. On-demand desludging from core city and Bijnor Ext. Area

2025

- 1. Scheduled desludging on pilot basis in Bijnor Ext. Area.
- Expected drop in demand for desludging from core city due to partial sewerage connections.

2030

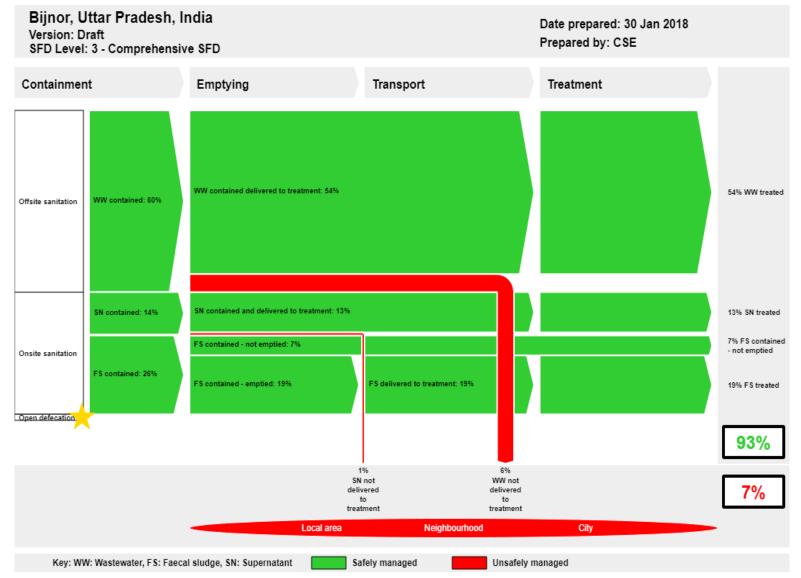
- 1. FSTP of 24 KLD capacity is commissioned.
- No demand for desludging from core city due to complete sewerage connections.
- 3. Municipal Boundary is extended to cover Bijnor Ext. Area
- 4. Scheduled desludging from eastern parts for FSTP
- 5. Scheduled desludging from western parts for co-treatment
- 6. Total faecal sluge treated: 44 KLD
 - 20 KLD in co-treatment facility | 24 KLD in FSTP



0 1/4 1/2

11/2 2

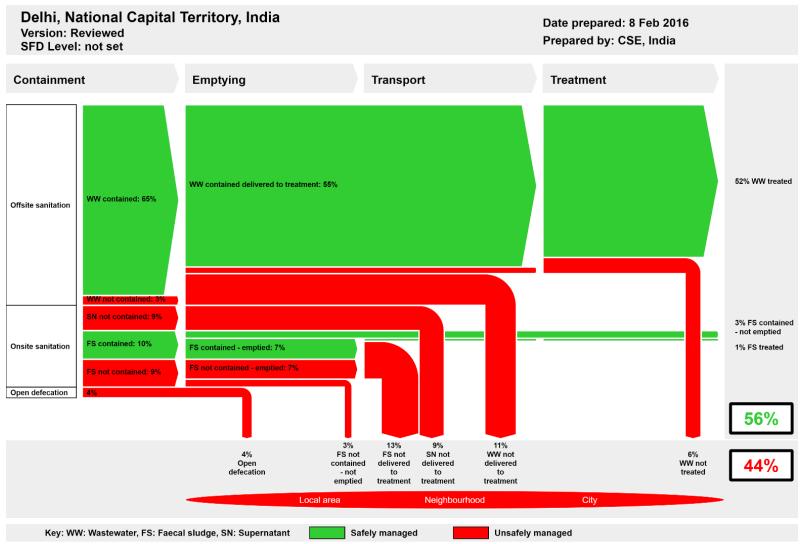




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Mapping sanitation inequity through SFD





Produced with support from the SFD Promotion Initiative with funding from the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

The SFD Promotion Initiative recommends that this graphic is read in conjunction with the city's SFD Report which is available at: sfd.susana.org

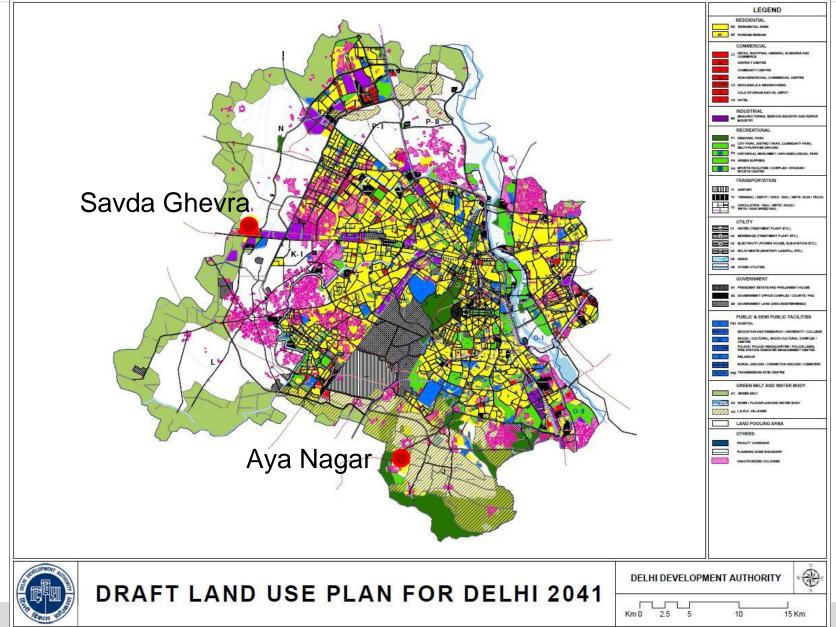
Role of SFD in water and sanitation: Delhi



- Detailed SFD Report for Delhi prepared in 2016 by CSE
- 30% of city is dependent on OSS
- CSE report key in establishing NGT Committee on Pollution in River Yamuna
- The findings led to various initiatives like registering of private desludgers, co-treatment in STPs, free installation of septic tanks, etc.

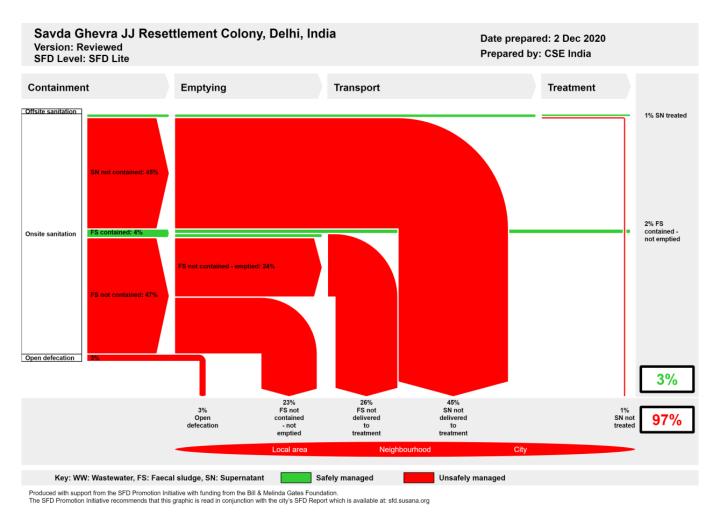
Mapping sanitation inequity through SFD







SFDs: Savda Ghevra





SFDs: Aya Nagar



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Addressing inequity – towards City-wide Sanitation



- SFDs help in providing localised sanitation solutions
- Decentalised water and wastewater management are required to address the water woes of Delhi
- SFD as a tool are important to analyse and improve the urban water cycle of Delhi

Indian SFD story so far:



- CSE tested methodology of data collection to Indian context and trained various change agents to prepare and use SFD for advocacy and undertaken :
- Baseline study for developing City Sanitation Plans in select cities across India and in particular River Ganga basin (represents almost 40% Indian population)
- Analysis of sanitation in Urban Uttar Pradesh using SFDs of 66 major cities to produce State level SFD
- Baseline study of Hindon River basin through SFDs to decide relevant projects
- Baseline study of Ganga River Basin through SFDs of 21 cities along the main stem

Indian SFD story so far:



- CSE has developed SFDs for 135+ towns and used as an advocacy tool to sensitize the decision makers at national, state and local level.
- More than 500 SFDs (different versions) developed in India, by various agents:
- National FSSM Policy notified,
- 19 State FSSM Policies notified and
- 450 + cities initiated effective FSM intervention

Indian SFD story so far:

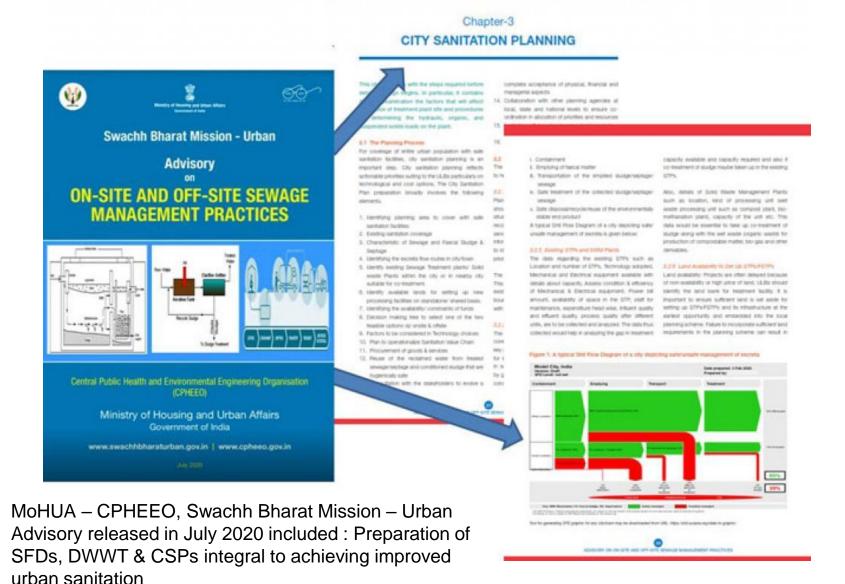


SFDs institutionalisation & Nationwide Rollout - Advisory issued by MoHUA (July 2020)

on 'Onsite and Offsite Sewage Management Practices' recommends - 'SFDs to monitor the progress of cities and City Sanitation Planning'.

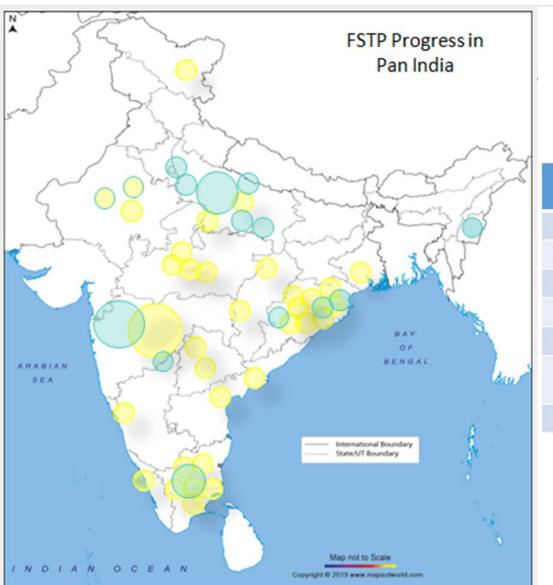
Institutionalising SFDs in India





FSM progress in India





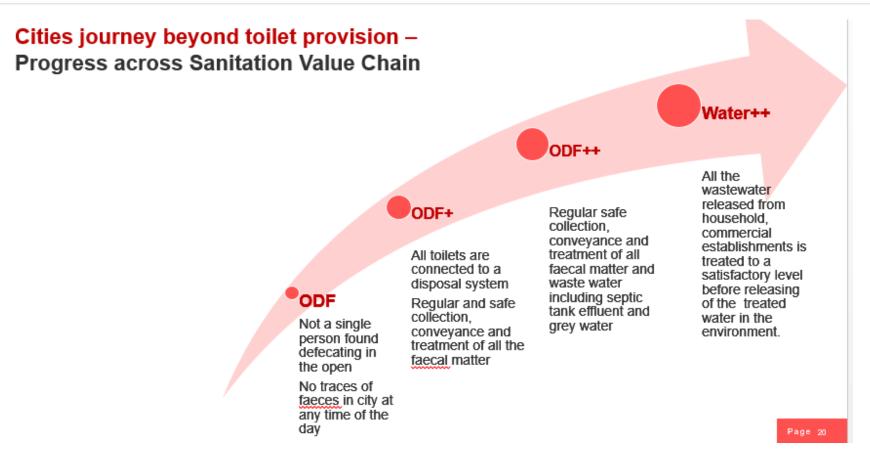


State	Operational	Under Construction
Odisha	10	33
Uttar Pradesh	2	37
Maharasthra	74	94
Tamil Nadu	6	58
Rajasthan	3	2
Madhya Pradesh	4	0
Chattisgarh	2	0

450 + FSTP across India

Sanitation progress in India





In our journey from **Sewerage >> FSSM >> CWIS**, SFD has an important role as **advocacy**, **planning and monitoring tool**.



Thank you

Email us at: sfdhelpdesk@cseindia.org



CSE's support to the Brown Drop Initiative



- Conduct capacity building programmes for preparation of SFD, sanitation master planning – Online and Onsite
 - Regulators, Practitioners, Researchers, Academia
- Provide technical support for preparation of SFD
 - Handholding, review, publication
- Prepare SFDs for select towns, cities and Municipalities
 - Lite, Intermediate and Comprehensive, based on Sanitation / FSM planning initiatives