

INTERNATIONAL ROUNDTABLE ON FAECAL SLUDGE MANAGEMENT FOR CITY-LEVEL OFFICIALS OF ETHIOPIA

Addressing Issues, Challenges, and Bottlenecks for Sustainable Urban Sanitation





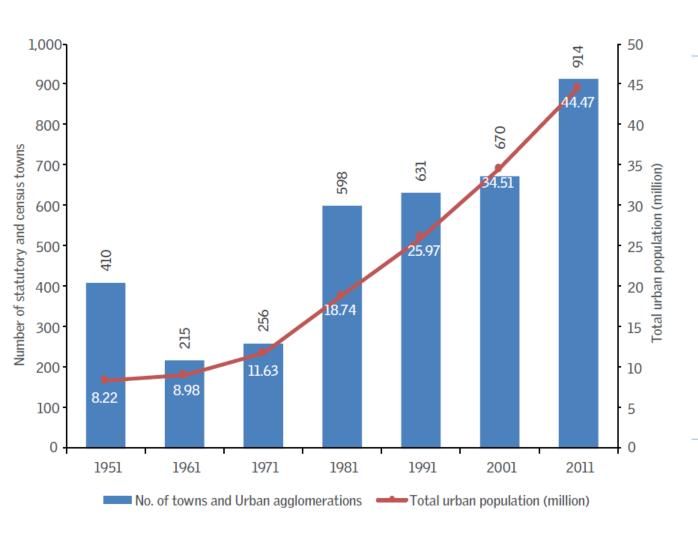
FAECAL SLUDGE AND SEPTAGE MANAGEMENT (FSSM) IN UTTAR PRADESH, INDIA

Journey towards City-wide Inclusive Sanitation- Challenges & Learnings

SARIM, CSE

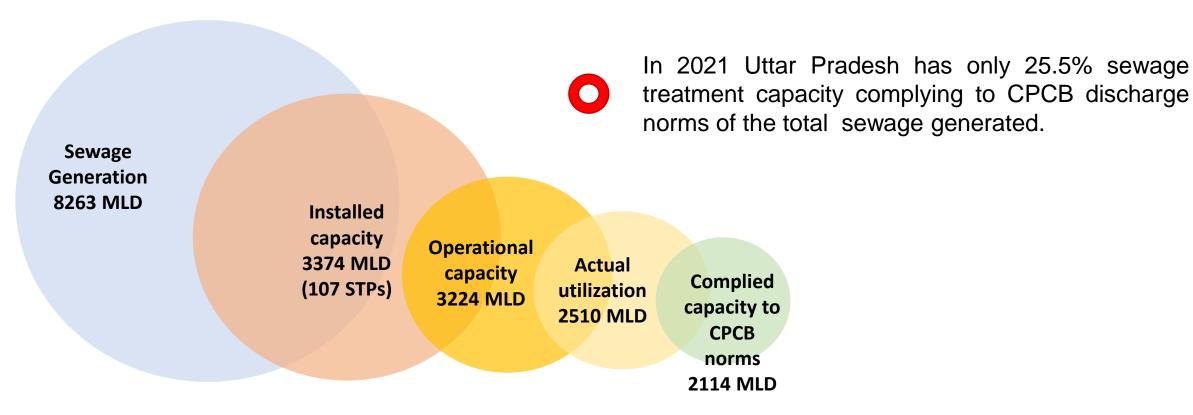
August 11, 2025

Urbanisation in Uttar Pradesh



- Most populous state in India
- •Population- 199.6 million- Rural- 155.1 million, Urban 44.5 million
- •Urban centres (No of census towns and urban agglomerations) increased 123% from 1951 to 2011. In 2011, UP has 914 urban centres accounting for 22.27 per cent of the population.

Introduction – Sewerage and STPs



Sewage generation and treatment capacity in Uttar Pradesh

- Sewerage system- Only 20% of the urban areas
- Only 31 towns (out of 734 in the state) have partial coverage by sewerage systems (2021).

Where it all started

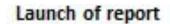
In 2022, Uttar Pradesh had 62 FSTPs and Co-treatment plants, in various stages of construction facing different challenges



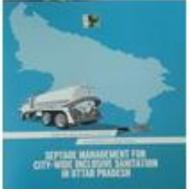












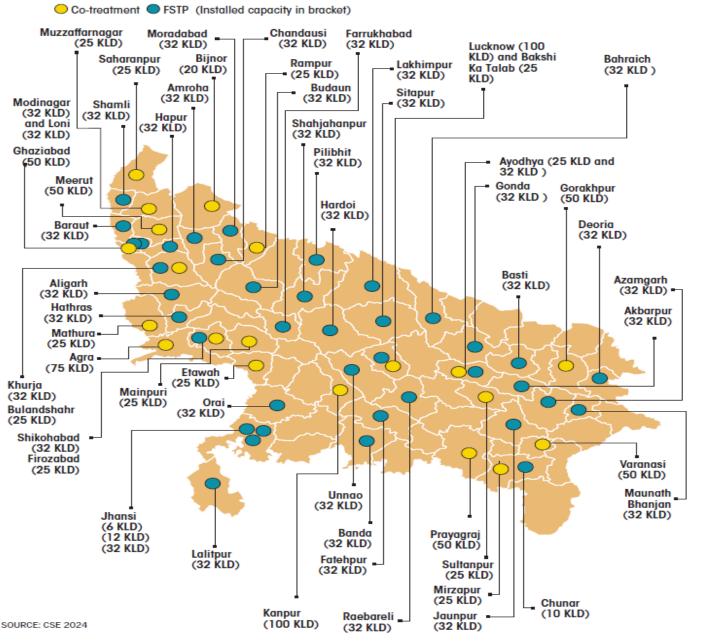
•Assess the status of UP's septage treatment infrastructure

•Identify emerging priorities for operationalization of the plants

Long-term upscaling and sustainability challenges

PURPOSE OF THE REPORT

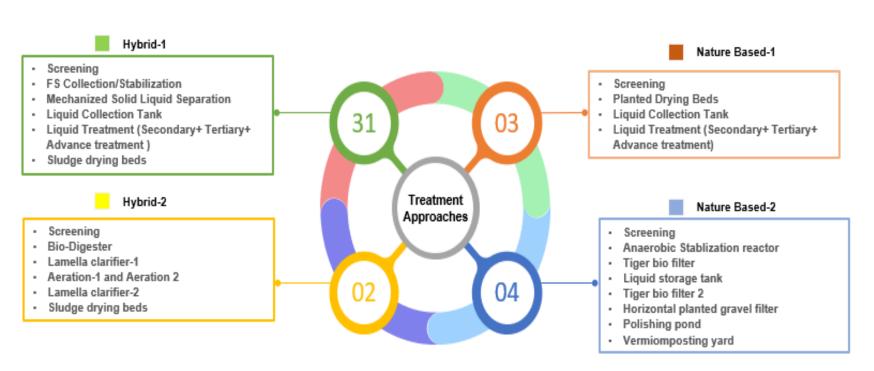
FSSM in Uttar Pradesh – Overview



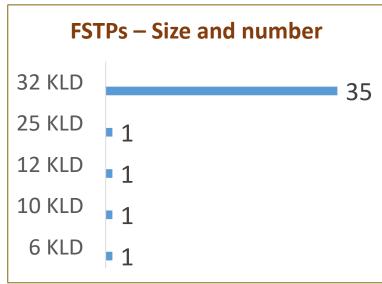
- 2018 First FSTP Jhansi City 6
 KLD
- 2019 Tender for 22 Co-treatment plants and 39 FSTPs
 - Overall UP planned for 40
 FSTPs and 22 Co-treatment

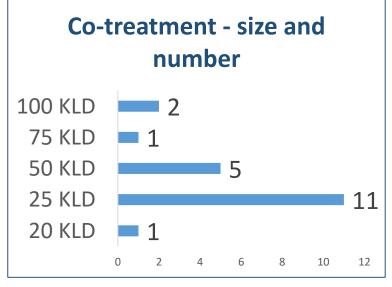
 Plants
- March 2023 Construction of 41 plants completed
- March 2024 58 plants completed, one under construction
- May 2024 03 projects dropped-Ballia, Ghazipur and PDDU Nagar due to land issues
- June 2025 Remaining 01 town
 (Mau) project also completed, a
 total 59 plants 20 Co-treatment and 39 FSTPs constructed

FSSM in Uttar Pradesh – Technology, size and capex



Funding agency	No of plants	Capex (Cr) INR
AMRUT	54	198.3
City	3	5.6
SMCG	2	2.59
Total	59	206.56





Construction Status of FSSM projects

O-20
AMRUT
PDDU Nagar,
Maunath Bhanjan,
Azamgarh

■ 21-40 AMRUT Banda, Shikohabad, Akbarpur

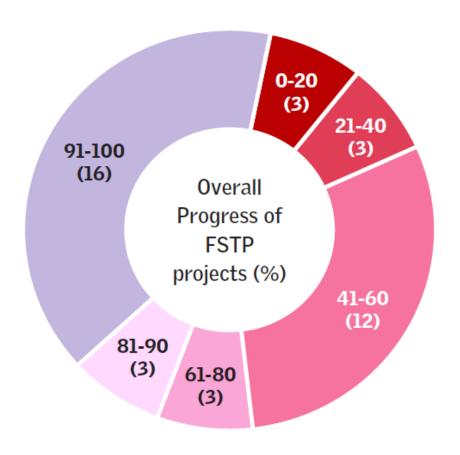
41-60 AMRUT

Jaunpur, Bahraich, Hardoi, Fatehpur, Khurja, Shamli, Jhansi, Lalitpur, Orai, Badaun, Chandausi, Deoria

61-80
AMRUT
Gonda,
Farrukhabad,
Basti

81-90 AMRUT Pilbhit, Shahjahanpur, Baraut

■ 91-100 ULB/15th FC Jhansi (2), Bakshi ka talab NMCG Chunar AMRUT Unnao, Aligarh, Ayodhya, Moradabad, Hathras, Hapur, Amroha, Sitapur, Loni, Modinagar, Lakhimpur, Raebareli



Out of 40 FSTPs, 16 indicate a progress between 91-100 percentage points, while 21 FSTPS have shown an over 60 per cent progress.

Source: CSE assessment

Construction Status of FSSM projects



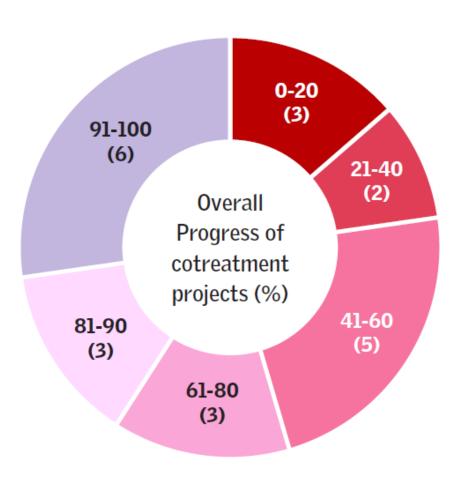
21-40 AMRUT Etawah, Gorakhpur

41-60 AMRUT Varanasi, Meerut, Lucknow, Agra, Prayagraj

61-80AMRUTFirozabad,Muzzafarnagar,Sultanpur

81-90 AMRUT Saharanpur, Mainpuri, Ghaziabad

■ 91-100 NMCG Bijnor AMRUT Ayodhya, Rampur, Mathura, Mirzapur, Kanpur



Out of the 22 co-treatment plants, six have progressed to a 91-100 per cent completion stage, while 12 indicate a more than 60 per cent progress.

Source: CSE assessment

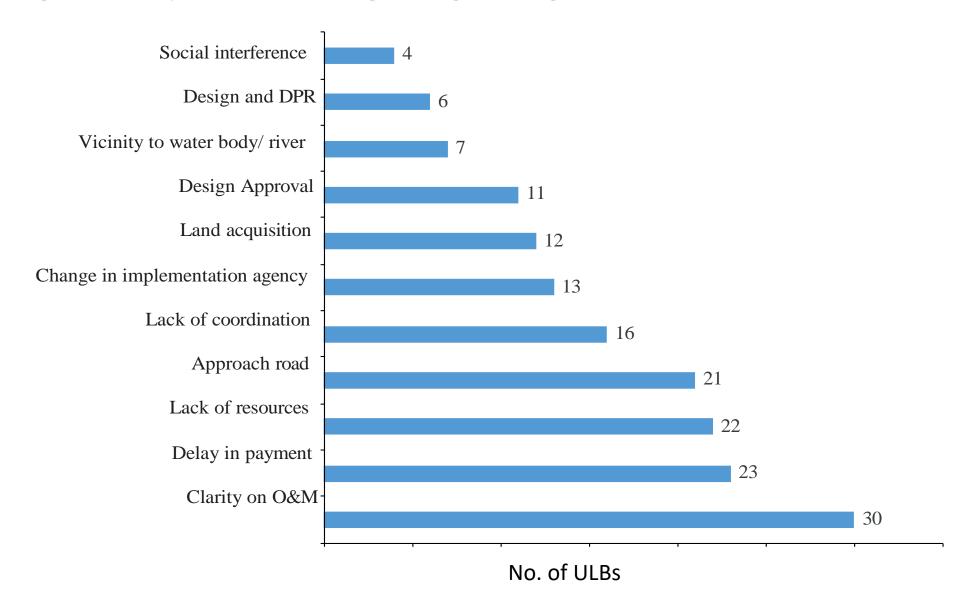




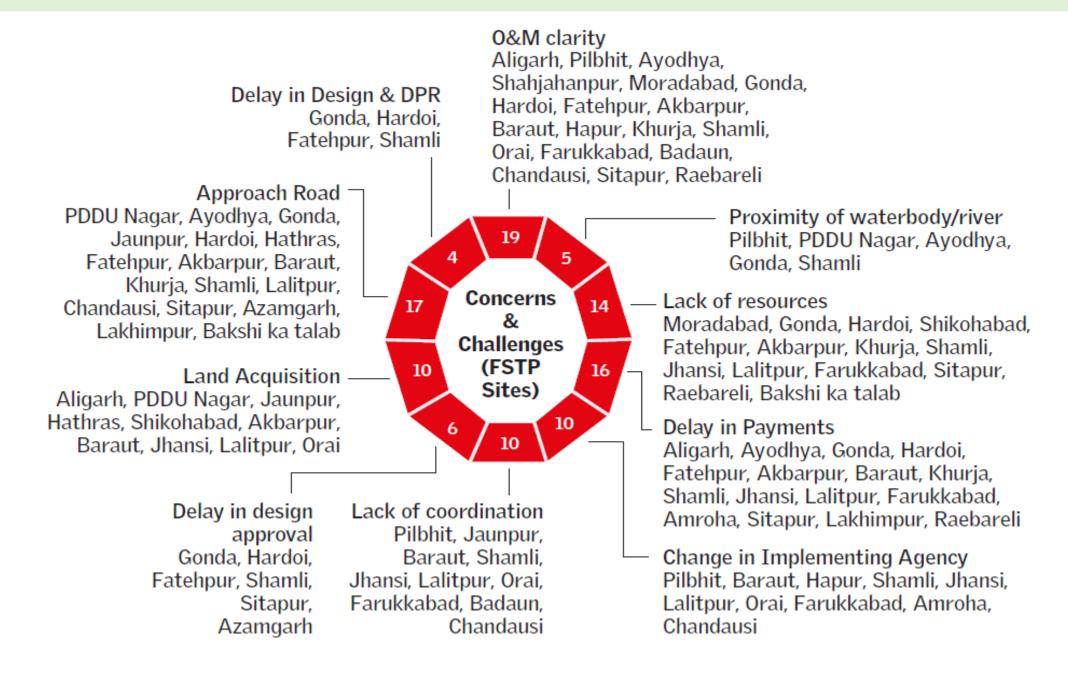


Issues and Challenges

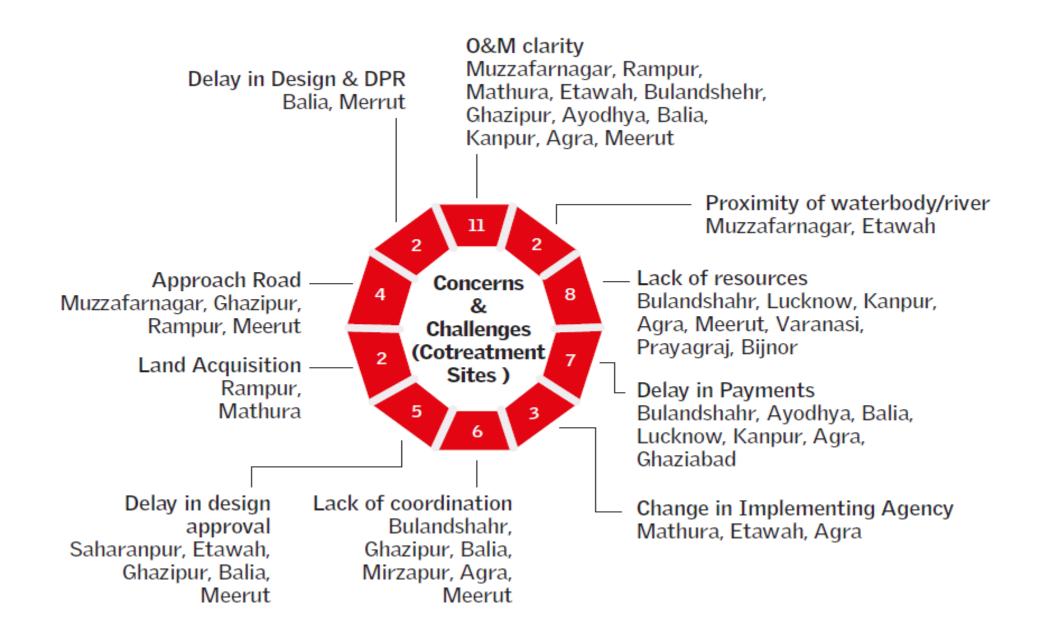
Challenges faced by ULBs in building septage management infrastructure



Infrastructure & O&M Issues- FSTPs



Infrastructure & O&M Issues- Co-treatment Plants



Recommendations

- Last mile challenge: physical connectivity of roads-Approach road
 - O&M Cost Recovery by Private Operators is simplified, timely and assured payments based on work done
 - Desludging services should be regulated by the ULB. The ULB should also take the responsibility for the registration of desludging vehicles.
 - Assessments show that the **cleaning rate** of each household septic tank could range from **Rs 1000 to Rs 1500**, generating a reasonable profit for desludging operators.
 - Hybrid systems in upcoming projects do not require additional drying beds. The purpose could be served by installing a drying platform.
 - This will further help in reducing the capital expenditure as well as O&M expenditure.
 - Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for O&M of FSTPs and co-treatment infrastructure should be developed and followed by plant operators, they should also be maintained at site level.
 - Guidelines and FSM bye-laws are important for successful FS operations.
 - The focus should be on incentives and recognition for good performance.

Where are We Now





- 59 FSSM Plants (39 FSTPs and 20 Co-treatment plants) out of 62 projects that were initially tendered, are now fully FUNCTIONAL
- Remaining 03 Projects were
 CANCELLED due to land issues

THANK YOU