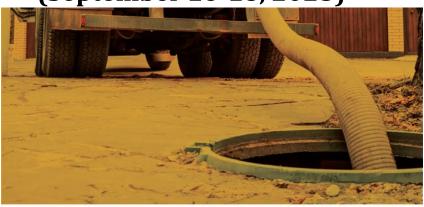
Onsite Training Programme on

"Planning and Designing of Faecal Sludge Management Systems"

(September 16-18, 2025)









PROMOTING SUSTAINABLE FSSM IN SOUTH AFRICA

AND WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT

September 13-25, 2025. South Africa

FRAININGS ● FIELD ASSESSMENTS ● MEETINGS ● ACTION PLANNING

Session Title: Basics of environmental sanitation and its importance for improved public health and pollution abatement

Mr Hari Prakash Haihyvanshi

Deputy Programme Manager, Water Programme (CSE) Email - hari.h@cseindia.org







Key Points of the Session

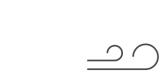
- Environmental Health and Sanitation
- Liquid Waste products
- Integrated Wastewater and Septage Management (IWSM)
- Citywide Inclusive Sanitation (CWIS)
- Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Environmental Health

It is the field of science that studies how **environment** influences **human health** and disease.

Environment consists of













The physical, chemical, biological and social features of our surroundings





Components of Environmental Health

Good environmental health presupposes:

- Water, air and food free of contamination; and
- Facilities, services and hygienic behavior provide for clean environment.

Individual health:

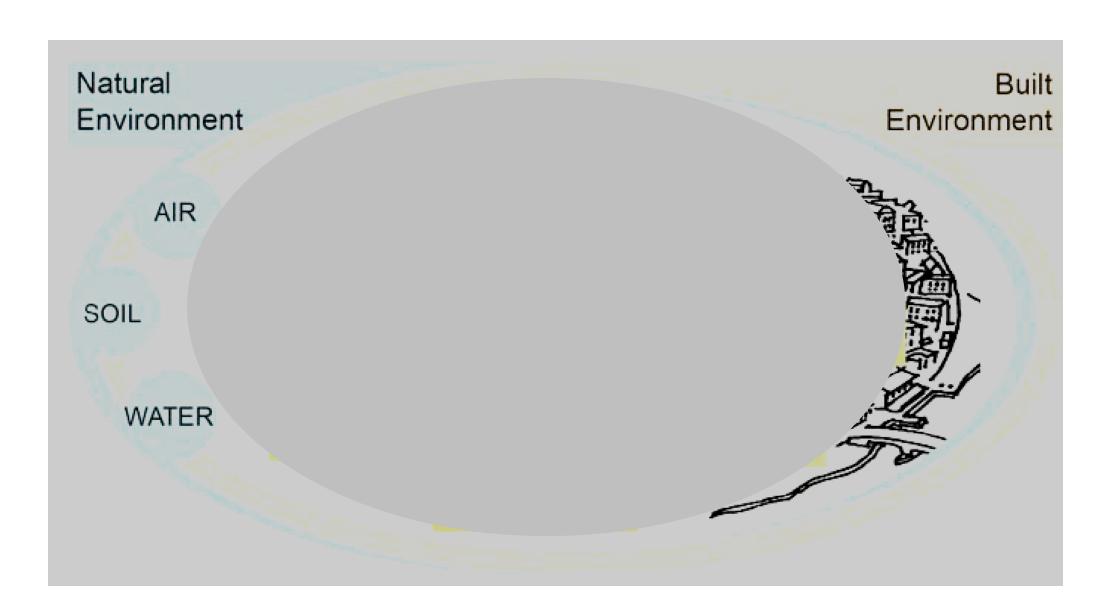
- Adequate, clean and safe drinking water; and
- Clean water sources or reliable water treatment processes.

Community health

Waste is collected, recycled, treated or disposed off in a safe manner.



Contents of Environmental Health





Sanitation

Sanitation refers to the maintenance of hygienic conditions, through services such as collection and safe management of human excreta & wastewater and proper drainage.

Includes both the 'hardware' (e.g. latrines and sewers) and the 'software' (regulation, hygiene promotion) needed to reduce <u>faecal-oral disease transmission.</u>

Encompasses potential reuse, ultimate disposal of human excreta or discharge of wastewater.





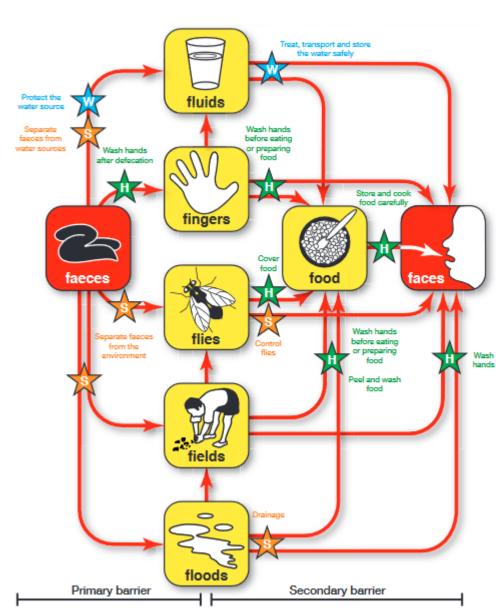
The F-diagram

The Key Message

Sanitation is the first line of defense against disease.

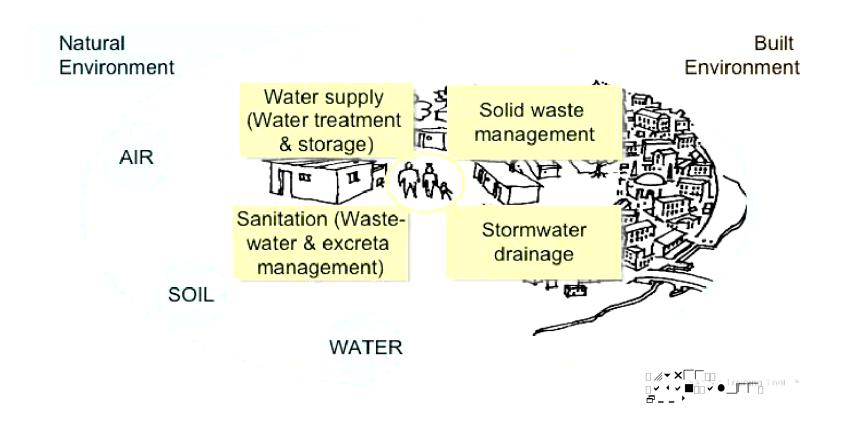
Without toilets and safe waste management, we cannot break these transmission pathways.





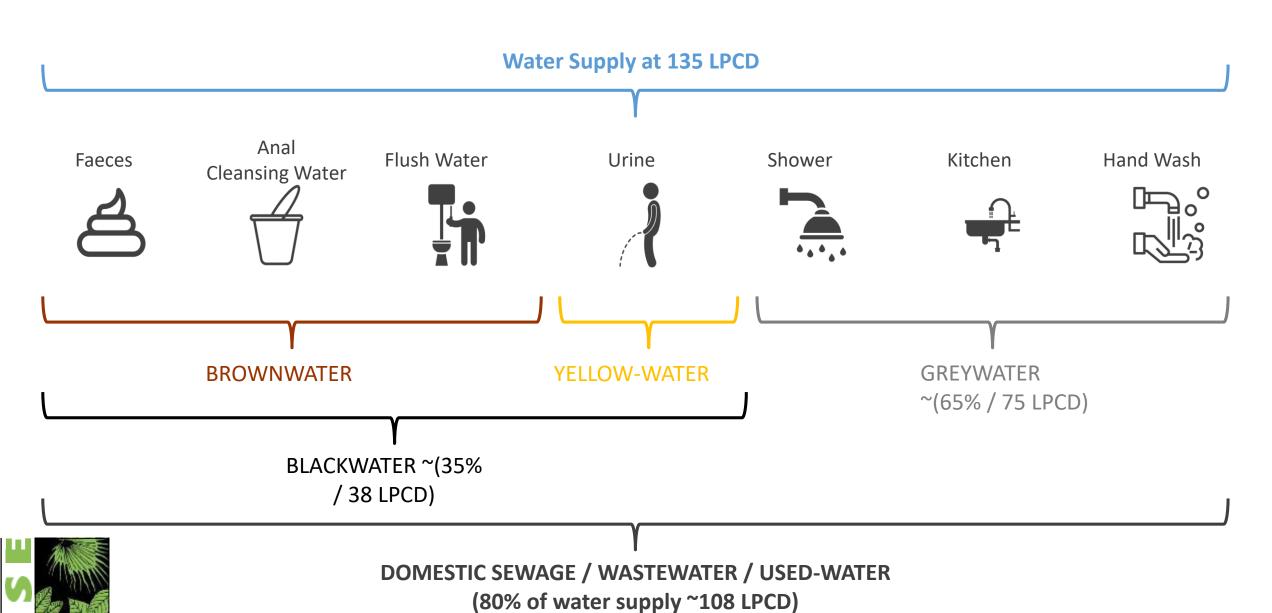
Environmental Sanitation

Aims at contributing social development by improving dignity and the quality of life





Waste products

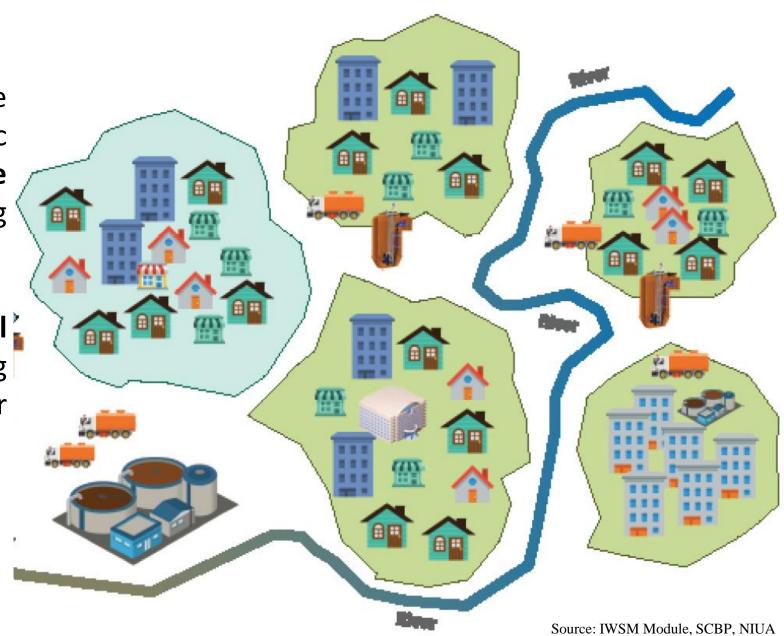


Source: IWSM Module, SCBP, NIUA

Integrated Wastewater and Septage Management

Integrated Wastewater and Septage Management (IWSM) is a holistic approach that addresses the **entire sanitation service chain**, including both wastewater and septage.

It recognizes that **sanitation for all** cannot be achieved by managing either septage or wastewater alone.





Citywide Inclusive Sanitation: Promoting a public service approach























EQUITY

Services reflect fairness in distribution and prioritization of service quality, prices, deployment of public finance/ subsidies

SAFETY

Services safeguard customers, workers and communities from safety and health risks by reaching *everyone* with safe sanitation

SUSTAINABILITY

Services are reliably and continually delivered based on effective management of human, financial and natural resources



RESPONSIBILITY

Authority(s) execute a clear public mandate to ensure safe, equitable and sustainable, sanitation services for all

ACCOUNTABILITY

Authority's (ies') performance against mandate is monitored and managed with data, transparency, and incentives

RESOURCE PLANNING & MANAGEMENT

Resources—human, financial, natural, assets—are effectively managed to support execution of mandate across time/space















IMPROVE WATER QUALITY, WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND SAFE

https://textilesforsdgs.org/sdgs/goa

REUSE Image source:

https://www.ice.org.uk/eventarchive/achieving-sdg-6-the-water-goal

Image source: http://www.campaign.exchange/campaigns/sustainable-development-goals/

The current scenario of Wastewater and Faecal Sludge Across the Globe & South Africa

Highlighting the issues, challenges and gaps

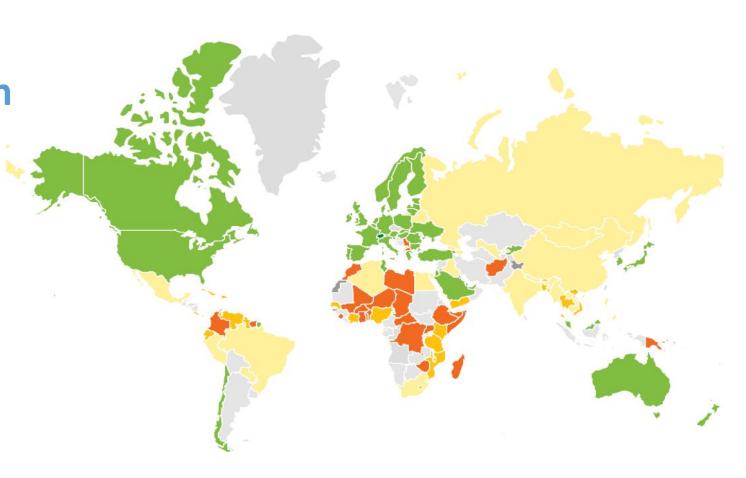


Wastewater & FSM scenario across the globe

Between 2015-2024 access to safely managed sanitation

services, with global coverage increased from

48% to 58%.



51-75 76-99 >99 Insufficient data Not applicable



Still, **3.4 billion people** worldwide lack safely managed sanitation; **1.9 billion** have basic services, and **354 million** still practice open defecation.



Current State of Water and Sanitation in South Africa

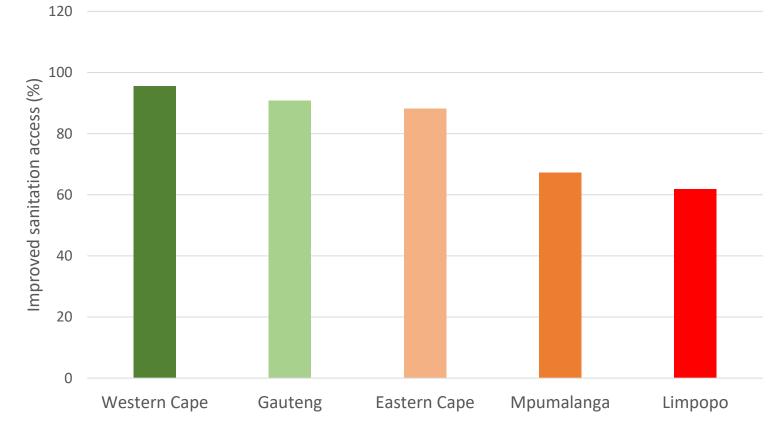
But Provincial Disparities Remain

Between 2002-2023 access to improved sanitation services in South Africa,

62% to 83%.

increased from







Current State of Water and Sanitation in South Africa

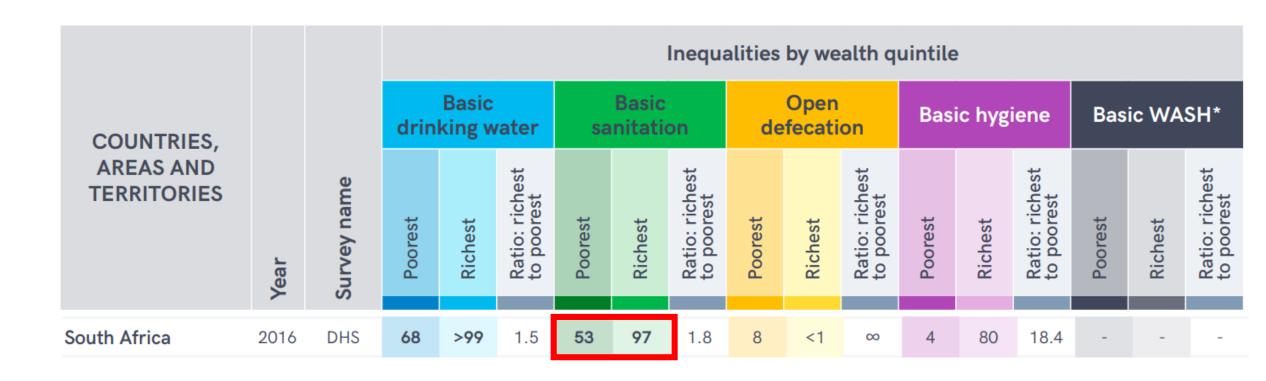
Question on Menti: menti.com

What % of South Africans had access to safely managed sanitation in 2024



Current State of Water and Sanitation in South Africa

Socio-economic Inequalities





Key Takeaways

- Environmental sanitation is a public health intervention first,
 infrastructure second
- Integrated approaches like IWSM and CWIS are essential to reach the SDGs
- Progress is happening, but inequalities remain the biggest barrier
- FSM planning must be done with an **environmental health lens** for inclusive, sustainable outcomes



THANK YOU

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