

Grid Connected Solar Power in India

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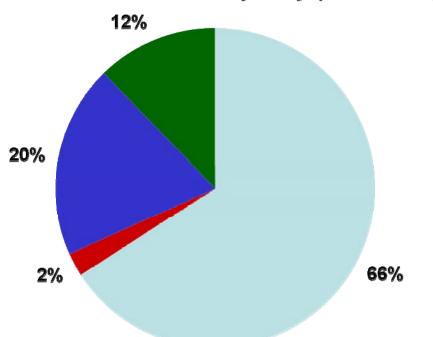
Joint Secretary

Ministry of New and Renewable Energy

Government of India

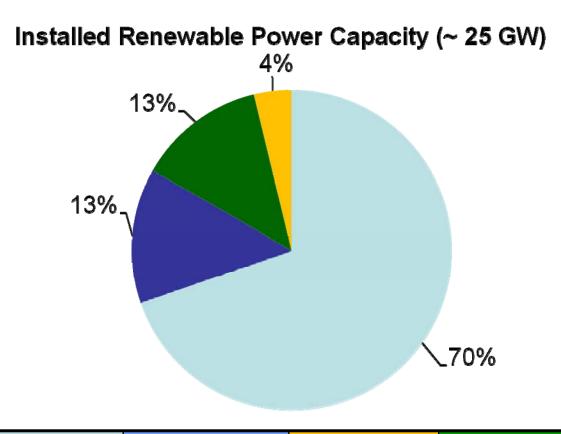
Indian Power Sector (31 March 2012)





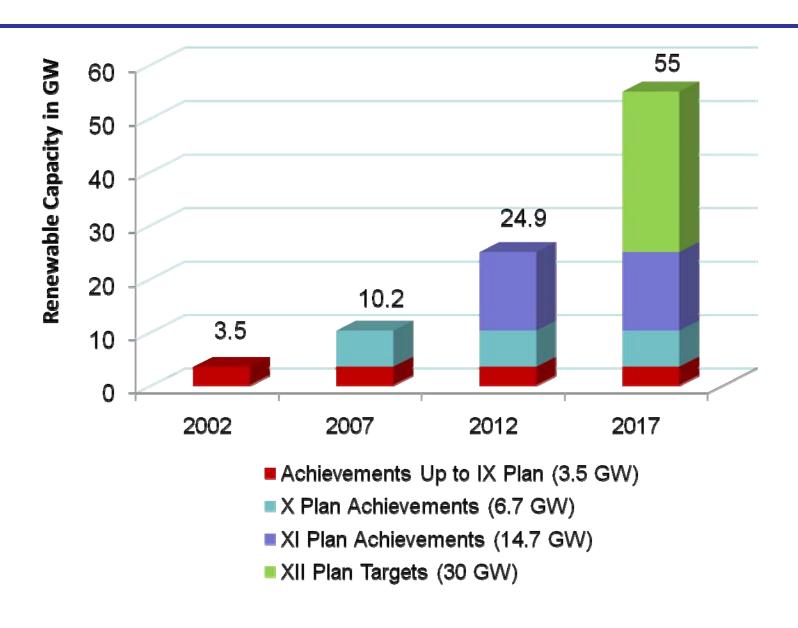
Thermal	Hydro	Nuclear	Renewable
1,31,353 MW	38,990 MW	4,780 MW	24,915 MW

Renewable Power Capacity (31 March 2012)



Wind	Small Hydro	Solar	Biomass
17,353 MW	3,396 MW	905 MW	3,225 MW

Plan-wise Renewable Capacity Addition



Jawaharlal Nehru National Solar Mission (JNNSM)

- One of the eight Missions under National Action Plan on Climate Change
- Launched by the Government of India in January 2010.
- JNNSM is one of the major global initiatives in promotion of solar energy technologies.
- Mission aims to achieve grid tariff parity by 2022 through
 - ➤ Large scale utilization, rapid diffusion and deployment at a scale which leads to cost reduction
 - > R&D, Pilot Projects and Technology Demonstration
 - > Local manufacturing and support infrastructure

Mission Road Map

Application Segment	Target for Phase I (2010-13)	Cumulative Target for Phase 2 (2013-17)	Cumulative Target for Phase 3 (2017-22)
Grid solar power (large plants, roof top & distribution grid plants)	1,100 MW	4,000 - 10,000 MW	20,000 MW
Off-grid solar applications	200 MW	1,000 MW	2,000 MW
Solar Thermal Collectors (SWHs, solar cooking/cooling, Industrial process heat applications etc.)	7 million sq meters	15 million sq meters	20 million sq meters
Solar Lighting System	5 million	10 million	20 million

National Solar Mission: Strategy

- Enabling policy and regulatory frame work
- Supporting Utility scale power generation
- Emphasis equally on grid & off-grid applications
- Accelerating Research and Development
- Enhancing Domestic manufacturing base

Policy and Regulatory Framework

- Amendment of National Tariff Policy for solar specific RPOs
- Solar specific RPO 0.25% in Phase 1 (2013) to increase to 3% by 2022;
- REC Mechanism
- Encourage state specific solar policies
- State-wise RPO Orders by Regulators
- Exemption from environmental clearance for solar power projects

JNNSM (Phase 1) - Key Deliverables

- 1,100 MW Grid Solar Power Projects
- 200 MW Off-grid Solar Applications
- 7 million Sq. m solar thermal collector area
- R&D and HRD; Centers of Excellence
- Domestic Manufacturing
- Institutional arrangements for implementation of activities under the Mission

Capacity allocation between technologies

 Capacity allocation between SPV and Solar Thermal was decided to be 50:50.

Phasing of Allocation

- Solar PV: Selection of PV projects done in two batches of 150 MW and 350 MW over two financial years of Phase 1 i.e., 2010-2011 and 2011-2012.
- Solar Thermal: Given the longer gestation period of Solar Thermal Projects, entire capacity was selected in batch 1.

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Maximum and Minimum Capacity (Batch 1)

- For SPV- 5 MW as both maximum and minimum
- For Solar Thermal 100 MW as maximum and 20 MW minimum

Maximum and Minimum Capacity (Batch 2)

For SPV- 20 MW as maximum and 5 MW as minimum;

Applications per Company (Batch 1)

- For SPV: Only one application per Company
- For Solar Thermal: Company was allowed to set up the proposed capacity through one application in multiple locations.

Applications per Company (Batch 2)

 For SPV: Capacity was limited to 50 MW; maximum 3 projects through single applications

Cont...

Domestic Content

- Solar PV: Batch 1
 - Crystalline Technology: Use of modules manufactured in India was mandatory
 - Thin film/ CPV: Was allowed to be sourced from other countries
- Solar PV: Batch 2
 - Crystalline Technology: Use of cells and modules manufactured in India was mandatory
 - Thin film/ CPV: Was allowed to be sourced from other countries
- Solar Thermal
 - 30% of the Project Cost

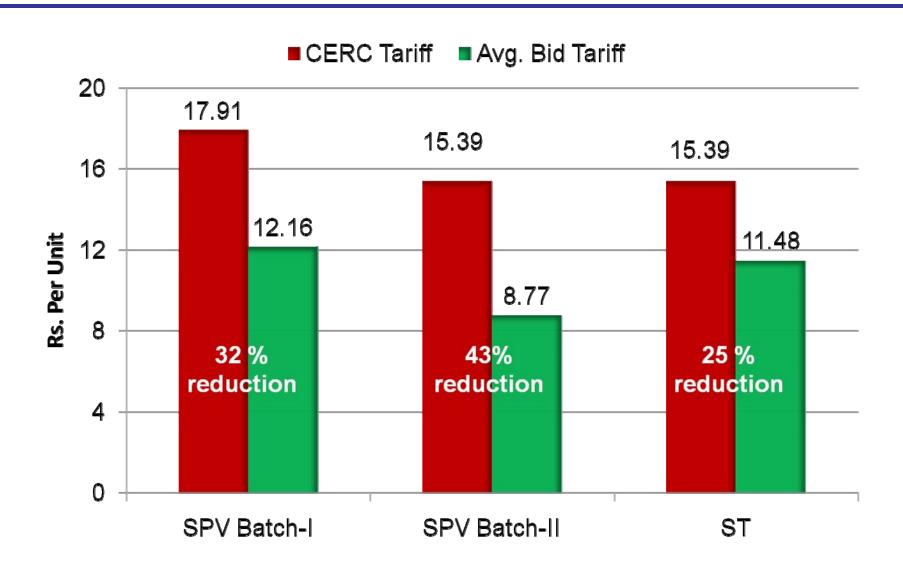
Selection Procedure

Projects were selected on the basis of discount offered by the Project Developers on CERC Approved Applicable Tariff

Grid Solar Power – Phase-I Status

- Solar Thermal: 7 projects for 470 MW selected in December, 2010. Average Tariff Rs. 11.48 per unit (25% reduction on CERC Tariff)
 - CSP Projects to be synchronized in early 2013
- Solar PV: 30 projects for 150 MW selected in December, 2010. Average Tariff - Rs. 12.16 per unit (32% reduction on CERC Tariff)
 - 25 Projects completed; 2 Projects cancelled;
 - Reports on balance three projects awaited.
 - Batch II Projects: Total 350 MW capacity in 28 projects
 - The minimum and maximum tariff is Rs 7.49 and Rs. 9.44 per unit.
 - The weighted average tariff Rs. 8.77 per unit (43% reduction on CERC Tariff)
 - Likely to be commissioned by February 2013.

CERC Tariff Vs Bid Tariff



Grid Solar Power (Small Plants - connected to below 33 KV grid)

- Total targeted capacity 100 MW
- Generation Based Incentive (GBI) to utilities on reimbursement basis
- GBI rate Rs. 12.41/ Unit based on the difference of CERC tariff of Rs. 17.91 / Unit and notional tariff of Rs. 5.5 / Unit
- SERCs were to declare tariff. Lower of CERC and SERC tariff to be considered for GBI.
- 78 projects for 98 MW capacity from 12 States were allocated in September and December, 2010.
- 62 Plants (76.55 MW capacity) commissioned so far

Grid Solar Power – Phase-I Status

So far, 99 projects with a cumulative capacity of 252 MW have been installed under JNNSM. The state-wise break-up of the number of projects and capacity installed as under:

SI. No.	State	New NVVN Phase- I, Batch-I		Migration Scheme		RPSSGP through IREDA		Total	
			(a)	(b)		(c)		d=(a+b+c)	
		No.	MW	No.	MW	No.	MW	No.	MW
1	Andhra Pradesh	2	10			10	9.75	12	19.75
2	Chhattisgarh					2	4	2	4
3	Haryana					8	7.8	8	7.8
4	Jharkhand					6	12	6	12
5	Maharashtra			3	11	3	5	6	16
6	Orissa	1	5			7	7	8	12
7	Punjab			1	2	5	6	6	8
8	Rajasthan	20	100	8	37.5	10	10	38	147.5
9	Tamil Nadu	1	5			5	5	6	10
10	Uttra Pradesh	1	5			3	5	4	10
11	Uttrakhand					3	5	3	5
	Total	25	125	12	50.5	62	76.55	99	252

Other Programmes

Additionally, 21.5 MW capacity projects have been installed under other schemes of the Ministry.

State Initiatives

The following States have announced Solar specific programmes:

- •Gujarat 968.5 MW
 - Around 690 MW already Commissioned
- Maharashtra 125 MW + 80 MW
- Karnataka 8 MW commissioned;
 - 80 MW Bids have been invited. Minimum tariff bid received is Rs 7.94 per unit.
- Rajasthan-100 MW ST + 100 MW PV
 - Bids have been invited
 - A 40 MW project commissioned to meet solar RPO
- •Orissa 25 MW
 - Bidding has been concluded with lowest tariff of Rs 7.00 per unit
- Madhya Pradesh 200 MW
 - Minimum bid Rs 7.90 per unit
- •Tamil Nadu Planning to invite bids for 50 MW

Grid Solar Power Installations

- Under the national programme, over 270 MW capacity projects connected to the grid
 - Large projects = 125.0 MW
 - Small Plants = 76.6 MW
 - Migration = 50.5 MW
 - Other Schemes= 21.5 MW
- Through the encouragement provided by the JNNSM, the states have taken initiatives to install over 760 MW capacity projects.

Overall achievement is already over 1030 MW.

Large Solar PV projects commissioned

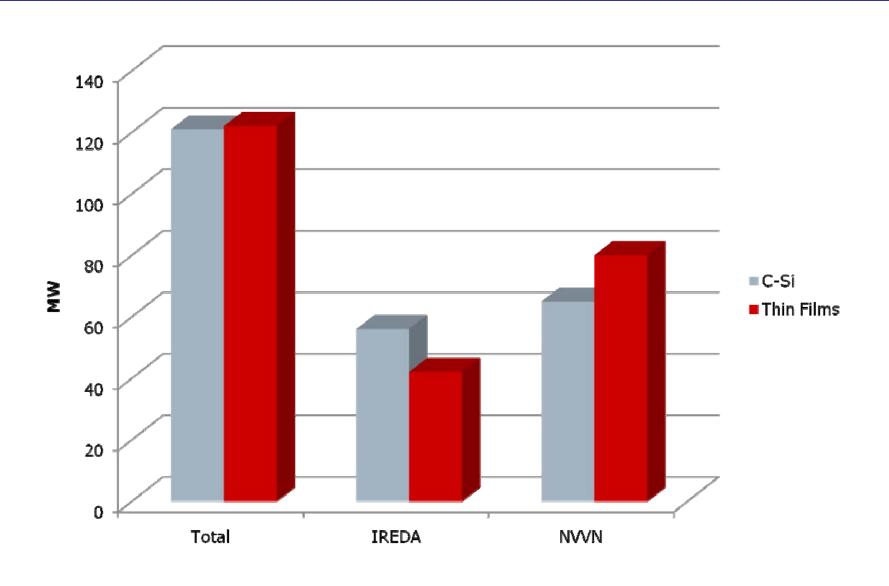
40 MW Capacity Plants

- Reliance Power, Pokaran, Rajasthan
- Adani Enterprises Ltd., Kutch Gujarat

25 MW Capacity Plants

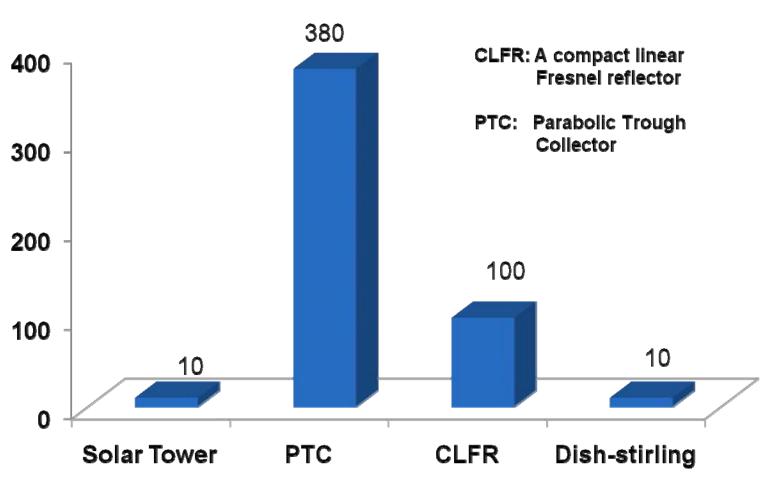
- Alex Asatral Power Pvt. Ltd. Patan, Gujarat
- GMR Gujarat Solar Power Pvt. Ltd., Patan, Gujarat
- Louroux Bio Energies Ltd., Surendranagar, Gujarat
- Roha Dyechem Pvt. Ltd., Patan, Gujarat
- Sandland real estate Pvt. Ltd., Banaskantha, Gujarat
- Sun Edison Energy India Pvt. Ltd., Patan, Gujarat
- Tata Power Company Ltd., Jamnagar, Gujarat
- Visual Percept Solar Projects P. Ltd., Surendranagar, Gujarat

Technology Choice in Grid PV Power

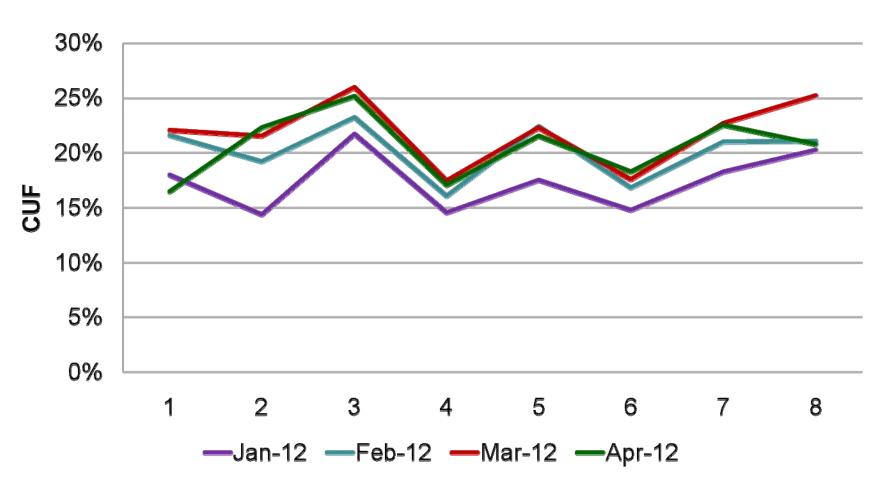


Technology Choice Grid Solar Thermal



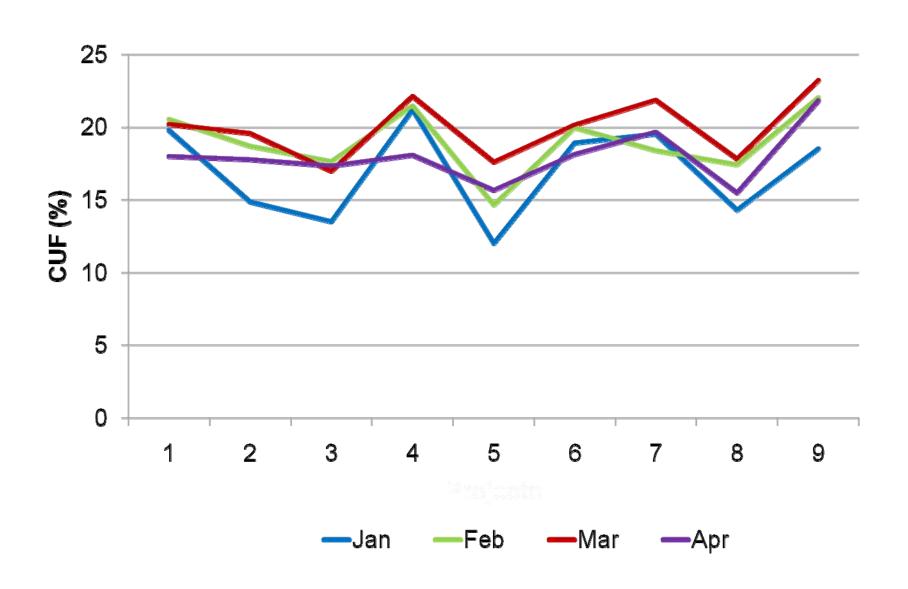


Typical performance of 5 MW Solar PV Plants in Rajasthan



Average CUF in Rajasthan is likely to be over 20% Typical CUF in Germany is 13%

Typical performance of some small Solar PV Plants



1 MW PV Plant at Osamabad



5 MWp SPV Plant at Khimsar, Rajasthan



JNNSM – Phase 2

- 3000 MW capacity to be supported by the Government of India
 - Bundling with thermal power to the extent the latter is available
 - Generation Based Incentive
 - Use of viability gap funding mechanism
- Additional 6000 MW is envisaged through Solar RPO requirement
 - Requirement of solar power capacity by 2017 is estimated to be about 10000 MW.

Mandatory Solar RPO Mechanism

- State Electricity Regulators to fix a percentage of energy purchased from Solar Power under RPO.
- The Solar RPO has to begin with .25 % of the energy procured reaching 3% by 2022.

Solar Power required to meet Solar RPOs (MW)							
2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17							
1465	3018	4659	6387	8204	10109		

 This requirement likely to go up to 30,000 MW by 2022.

Mandatory Solar RPO Mechanism

State	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Andhra Pradesh	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Assam	0.10%	0.15%	0.20%	0.25%		
Bihar	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%	1.25%		
Chhattisgarh	0.25%	0.50%				
Delhi	0.10%	0.15%	0.20%	0.25%	0.30%	0.35%
JERC (Goa & UT)	0.30%	0.40%				
Gujarat	0.50%	1.00%				
Haryana	0.00%	0.05%	0.10%			
Himachal Pradesh	0.01%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Jammu and Kashmir	0.10%	0.25%				
Jharkhand	0.50%	1.00%				
Kerala	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%

SERCs Declared Solar RPO

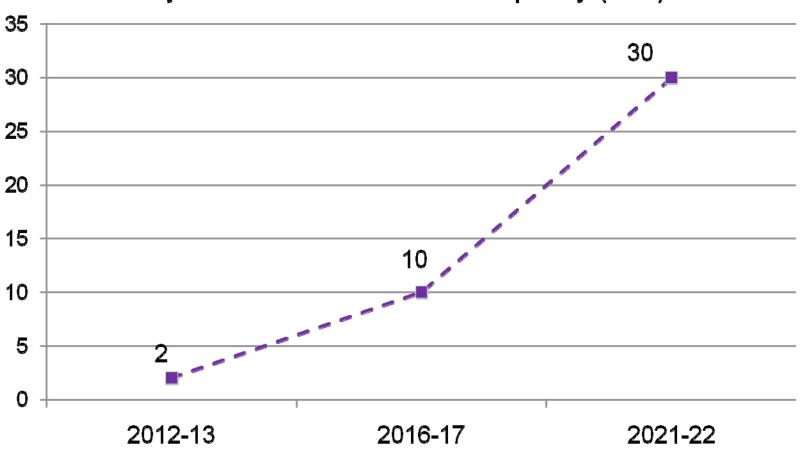
State	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Andhra Pradesh	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Assam	0.10%	0.15%	0.20%	0.25%		
Bihar	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%	1.25%		
Chhattisgarh	0.25%	0.50%				
Delhi	0.10%	0.15%	0.20%	0.25%	0.30%	0.35%
JERC (Goa & UT)	0.30%	0.40%				
Gujarat	0.50%	1.00%				
Haryana	0.00%	0.05%	0.10%			
Himachal Pradesh	0.01%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%
Jammu and Kashmir	0.10%	0.25%				
Jharkhand	0.50%	1.00%				
Kerala	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%

SERCs Declared Solar RPO

State	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Madhya Pradesh	0.40%	0.60%	0.80%	1.00%		
Maharashtra	0.25%	0.25%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	
Manipur	0.25%	0.25%				
Mizoram	0.25%	0.25%				
Meghalaya	0.30%	0.40%				
Nagaland	0.25%	0.25%				
Orissa	0.10%	0.15%	0.20%	0.25%	0.30%	
Punjab	0.03%	0.07%	0.13%	0.19%		
Rajasthan	0.50%	0.75%	1.00%			
Tripura	0.10%	0.10%				
Uttarakhand	0.03%	0.05%				
Uttar Pradesh	0.50%	1.00%				31

Projected Growth





Roof-Top Grid Connected Solar Power

- One of the major potential area in cities like Delhi where land is not available for large grid connected solar projects.
- With subsidy and soft loan, a viable option even for domestic use.
- Action already initiated
 - Draft Grid connectivity standards notified by CEA
 - FOR in the process of framing regulations for tariff determination
 - MNRE in the process of evolving new scheme

Exemption from Taxes

- ■Vide Custom Notification No. 25/1999 dated 28th February, 1999 there was no customs & Excise duty on cells and modules but some raw materials required to manufacture cells and modules attract 5% customs duty and CVD.
- ■Vide Custom Notification No. 32/2012 dated 8th May, 2012 importation of Plant & Machinery for initial setting up of solar power projects is exempted from Additional Custom Duty and the total custom duty leviable has come down from 9.35% to 5.15%.
- ■Vide Notification No. 31/2012 dated 8th May, 2012 goods required for manufacturing of solar cells and modules have been exempted from Additional Custom Duty and the total custom duty leviable has come down to 9.35%.

Ground Measurements of Solar Radiation

Andhra Pradesh	6
Gujarat	11
Haryana	1
Madhya Pradesh	3
Karnataka	5
Rajasthan	12
Chhattisgarh	1
Ladakh	1
Maharashtra	3
Pudducherry	1
Tamil Nadu	6

- C-WET is implementing the project for setting up 51 ground monitoring stations
- Centralized data collection, analysis and calibration of measuring sensors



National Solar Thermal Power Testing, Simulation and Research Facility

- 1MWe Solar Thermal Power Plant
 - Research and Demonstration plant
 - Combination of different collector fields (Direct and Indirect Steam Generation)

Parabolic Trough Field -8700 sq. m

-3.3 MW_{th} (Design)



Linear Fresnel Field

- 7200 sq. m

- 2.2 MW_{th} (Design)



Turbine operating conditions: saturated steam at 350°C and 40 bar

Institutional Arrangements

- Solar Energy Corporation of India (SECI) has been set up as a Company Not for Profit under Section 25 of Company Act for implementation of activities under the Mission
- Solar Energy Research Advisory Council, Chaired by Dr.
 Anil Kakodkar has been set up to advise on research policy with a view to achieve Mission targets.
- Solar Energy Industry Advisory Council, Chaired by Shri Anand Mahindra set up.

Solar Energy Centre

- Solar Energy Centre (SEC) near New Delhi under the Ministry is the lead Centre for testing and training in solar energy in the country
- SEC has NABL accredited testing facilities for PV module qualification as per Indian and International standards
- SEC is imparting training in solar energy at various levels
- SEC is regularly conducting international training programmes in solar energy with MEA
- Several research and technology validation projects are being set up at SEC.

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