Regional workshop on Energy and Resource Efficiency in Urban Water Management

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About CSE

Centre for Science & Environment (CSE): is a Delhi based public interest research and policy advocacy organization set up in 1980.

It promotes sustainable development with equity, participation and democracy through –

• knowledge based activism
• policy research combined with public awareness

and was awarded the –

Stockholm World Water Prize (2005) for its policy influence in building new paradigms for sustainable water management.
CSE also currently - works in India and across South Asian region and is designated:

Centre of Excellence in Urban Development in the Sustainable Water management area, Ministry of Urban Development, GOI for research & capacity building support JnNURM /ULBs.

Nodal centre for training of Regulators, Ministry of Environment & Forests, GOI.

National hub for knowledge creation and capacity building, Ministry of Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation, GOI.
CSE – Programmes

- Communication and Awareness
- Research and Advocacy
- Education and Training
- Knowledge Portal
- Pollution Monitoring

Areas of work:

1. Wastewater Management
2. Rainwater Harvesting
3. Water Efficiency & Conservation
4. River Pollution
5. Lakes/ Wetland Conservation
• Decentralized Water Management
• Rainwater Harvesting
• Decentralized Wastewater Treatment & Reuse
• Water sensitive design and planning

- across India and South Asia
KNOWLEDGE DISSEMINATION
Re: public

state-level regulators
civil engineers
architects
urban planners
environment consultants
municipal water managers
plumbers
masons
students
policy framers
decision makers
lawyers
journalists
field level practitioners
civil society groups including NGOs

outreach out
Diesel hides behind CNG | 0 Comments
What’s going on? First the key partners of the Central Pollution Control Board -- IOC, and NEERI -- involved with yet to be released source apportionment study made claims publicly that LPG is the most

Sunita Narain
Down To Earth
15 January 2011
How to approach environmentalism | 2 Comments

Gita Kaurana

Announcements
Dialogue on Improving Quality and Performance of Natural Gas Vehicle Programme in South Asia
Date: January 20, 2011, Dhaka, Bangladesh

CSE's First Country Media Briefing on the Challenge of Urban Air Quality and Mobility Management
Date: January 22, 2011, Dhaka, Bangladesh

Managing Urban Air Quality: Focus on Clean and Fuel Efficient Vehicles An orientation programme for policy makers
Date: January 27 - 29, 2011
CoE Webpage on CSE Website
Background to the workshop

JNNURM Phase I:

The aim was to develop select cities into model sustainable areas envisaging development of slums, accessibility to drinking water, sewerage, solid waste management, roads, and street lights.

Status update –
- with over a majority — about 73% — of projects sanctioned under JNNURM-I still under implementation as on March 2012, and
- the capacity of the state and local bodies, such as municipalities, to plan and implement these projects remained poor
- 5% of the total outlay of JNNURM funds for capacity building but only 10% of allocation utilisation
Shortcomings of Phase I

1. Poor planning process and exclusion of peri-urban areas.

2. Failure to adopt service level benchmarks.

3. Lack of adequate capacity in states & mission cities.

4. Inadequate differentiation made to suit different conditions of small and large cities. As a result there was variation in inter state completion of reforms (physically and financially).

Source: Planning Commission Report, March 2012:
JnNURM Phase II

- Establish select **smart cities** in each of the 28 **states** in the country in the second phase of the (JNNURM).

- Smart cities would be totally **carbon neutral and energy efficient**.

- Insist on **time-bound action** by all states in particular focus on water too be saved and better managed.
Policy Reforms

12th Five Year Plan - Water section clearly highlights the change in policy

… mentions that public funding to be done only if Water supply projects have integrated sewage treatment including reuse/recycle

National Water Mission under PMs National Action for Climate Change

… setup a target of 20% water savings/efficiency across Sectors to reduce energy footprint.

JnNURM/NURM Phase II to reflect the above -
Phase II will focus on (and is the need of the hour)

- Water efficiency /conservation, wastewater management, solid waste management
  - in particular rainwater harvesting and protection of urban water bodies/lakes as specific focus areas.

- Wastewater recycling and reusing - that is completely missing in our water management system.

- Managerial and policy changes to handle the water management issues and community participation.

- Capacity building of the municipal officials to execute decentralised / energy and resource efficient projects in UWM.
Need for the Workshop on the theme -

- The simple fact that public water and sewer service is getting expensive that even rich may not be able to afford

- Energy and resource efficiency /conservation helps in lowering costs, improving the reliability of water and waste systems as well as

- helps achieve environmental goals by states and communities.
Objectives of the workshop

- To generate awareness about the best management practices (BMPs), state of art knowledge, policy and reforms in the area of urban water management in target states.

- To discuss with key stakeholders the concept, issues/barriers and experiences in mainstreaming of the reforms related to EE & RE in UWM.

- To explore capacity building support required to implement projects aimed at mainstreaming environmental sustainability related reforms in the NURM schemes.
Target Participants

The workshop will be attended by key actors involved in urban water management in target states:

- officials from municipalities/ULBs, development authorities, SLNA, PMU/PIU, department of urban development / W&SA/PHED

- NGOs and academics

- Researchers and other stakeholders

All those involved in advocacy for sustainable water management in target region states/ cities - ULBs.
Key themes to be discussed include -

• Co-management of water and energy

• Energy and resource efficiency incl. conservation of in UWM

• Recent attempts of energy water efficiency – energy efficiency in municipal water/wastewater treatment, water-energy efficiency at building level including decentralized treatment of sewage – natural / biological systems

• Protection of water quality and cleaning up of polluted rivers and lakes - acceptable risks and safe practices in reuse/recycle
THANK YOU