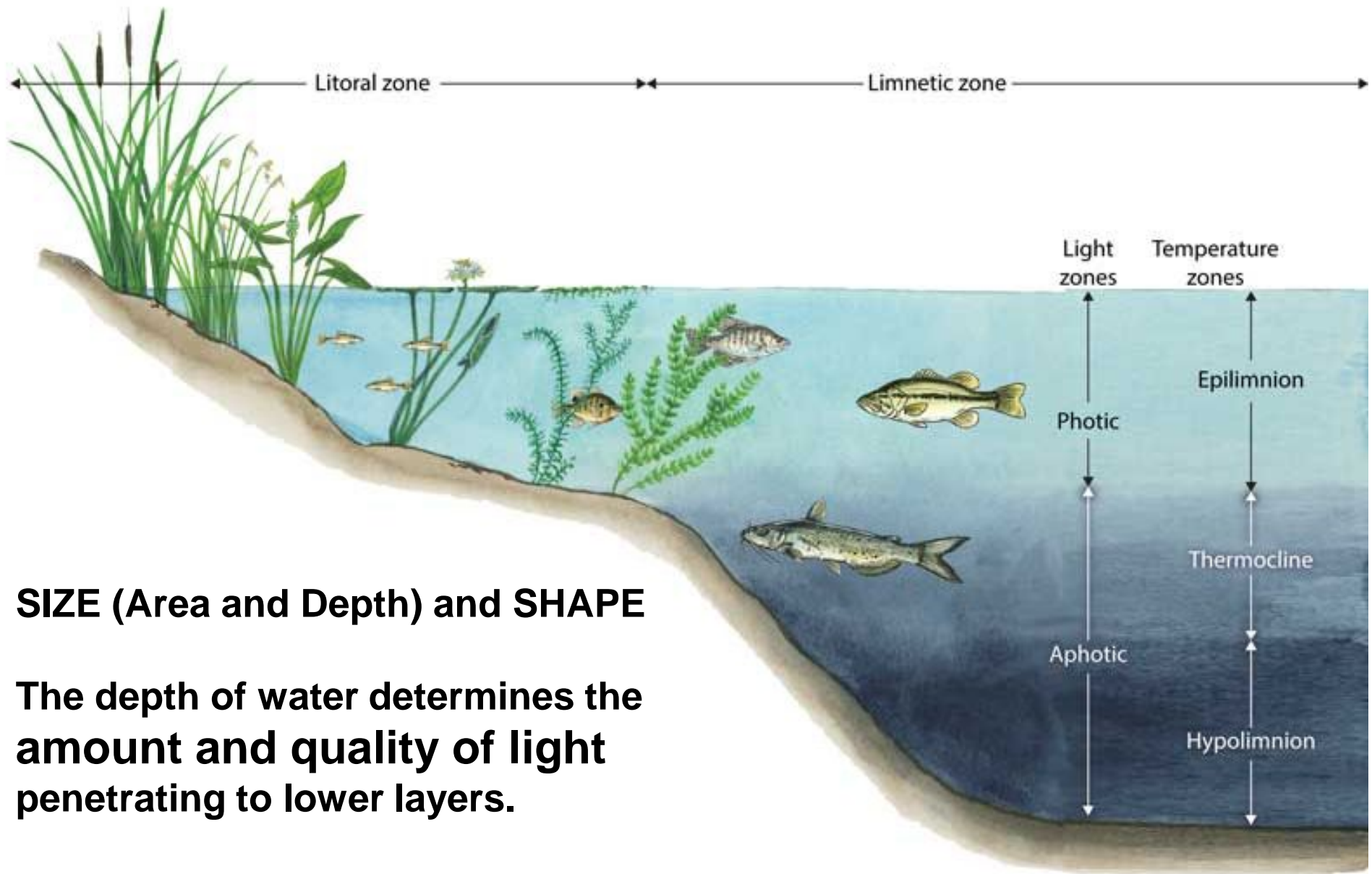




Ecosystem Approach in Pond / Lake Conservation

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SIZE (Area and Depth) and SHAPE

The depth of water determines the amount and quality of light penetrating to lower layers.

The depth of water also determines some attributes of temperature

Lake Components

**Water and Soil
Nutrients (from outside or soil)**

Phytoplankton and/or Aquatic Plants

Zooplankton

Fish

Birds

Amphibia

Ecosystem Processes

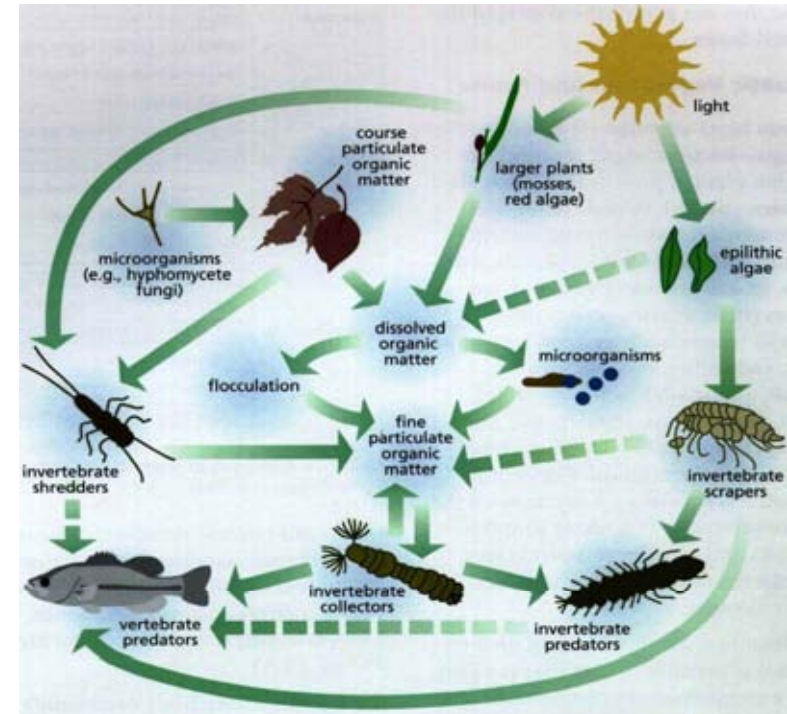
Energy flow

Primary and Secondary production

Biogeochemical Cycling

Sediment-Water interaction

Atmosphere-water interaction



Catchment Interactions

Every Lake/Pond depends upon its catchment

Ecosystem Services

Provisioning

Regulating

Supporting

Cultural & Aesthetic

MANAGEMENT

Objective: for Which Ecosystem Service(s)

Drinking Water

high quality – low nutrients

Recreation/Aesthetics

no pollution – garbage- weeds – algal blooms

Fisheries

organic feeds – more nutrients –algae- plants

Agriculture

high water storage potential (low evaporation) -

No groundwater recharge

Microclimate regulation

larger water surface – volume



Thank You All